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Triad Mechanical Contractors SDS Book

(Safety Data Sheets)

Revision Date: 9/1/2016



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TRIAD MECHANICAL HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

PURPOSE

The purpose of this plan is to establish a program and procedures for the safe use of hazardous chemical substances at <u>Triad Mechanical Contractors</u>.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) 29 CFR 1910.1200 (General Industry) and 29 CFR 1926.59 (Construction Industry) call for the development of a hazard communication program when employees may be exposed to any chemical in the workplace under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency. In 2012, OSHA revised the HCS to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS). As a result, this program has been revised to comply with the requirements of the OSHA HCS 2012. The written hazard communication program will include and address the following criteria in order to satisfy the minimum requirements of the OSHA HCS 2012:

- List of all hazardous chemicals known to be present in the workplace or individual work area
- Methods used to ensure that all containers, including pipes and holding tanks, are labeled, tagged or marked properly
- Methods used to obtain and maintain safety data sheets (SDSs)
- Methods used to provide employees with information and training on hazardous chemicals in their work areas
- Methods used to inform employees of the hazards of nonroutine work practices
- Methods used to provide the employees of other employers (e.g., consultants, construction contractors and temporary employees) on-site access to SDSs for each hazardous chemical that the other employer's employees may be exposed to while working in the workplace
- Methods used to inform the employees of other employers of precautionary measures that need to be taken to protect themselves during the workplace's normal operating conditions and in foreseeable emergencies
- Methods used to inform the employees of other employers of the labeling system used in the workplace

The hazard communication program will identify the following:

- Key personnel responsible for the program
- Location of chemical inventory list and SDSs
- Workplace labeling system
- Good work practices and procedures to minimize exposures
- How training will be performed
- Procedures to maintain the program and update the required information
- How records will be maintained

RESPONSIBILITIES

The safety coordinator, Del Laquiere, is responsible for administering the hazard communication program.

This person is also responsible for:

- Reviewing the potential hazards and safe use of chemicals
- Maintaining a list of all hazardous chemicals and a master file of SDSs
- Ensuring that all containers are labeled, tagged or marked properly
- Providing new-hire and annual training for employees
- Maintaining training records
- Monitoring the air concentrations of hazardous chemicals in the work environment
- Properly selecting and caring for personal protective equipment
- Directing the cleanup and disposal operations of the spill control team
- Identifying hazardous chemicals used in nonroutine tasks and assessing their risks
- Informing outside contractors who are performing work on company property about potential hazards
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the hazard communication program and making sure that the program satisfies the requirements of all applicable federal, state or local hazard communication requirements

The purchasing agent, <u>Betty McNally</u>, is responsible for:

• Contacting chemical manufacturers and/or distributors to obtain SDSs and secondary labels for hazardous chemicals used or stored in the workplace

The receiving department is responsible for:

- Reviewing incoming hazardous chemicals to verify correct labeling
- Holding hazardous chemicals in the receiving area until receipt of the SDS for the product

Employees are responsible for the following aspects of the hazard communication program:

- Identifying hazards before starting a job
- Reading container labels and SDSs
- Notifying the supervisor of torn, damaged or illegible labels or of unlabeled containers
- Using controls and/or personal protective equipment provided by the company to minimize exposure
- Following company instructions and warnings pertaining to chemical handling and usage
- Properly caring for personal protective equipment, including proper use, routine care and cleaning, storage, and replacement
- Knowing and understanding the consequences associated with not following company policy concerning the safe handling and use of chemicals
- Participating in training

CHEMICAL INVENTORY LIST

Attached to this program is a list of hazardous chemicals used at <u>Triad Mechanical</u> <u>Contractors</u>. Copies of the chemical inventory list are available in the _SDS Book / Office Trailer or in The Shop Office.

This list will contain the product identifier that is referenced on the appropriate SDS, the location or work area where the chemical is used, and the personal protective equipment and precautions for each chemical product. This list will be updated annually and whenever a new chemical is introduced to the workplace.

LABELS AND OTHER FORMS OF WARNING

Each container of hazardous chemicals received from the chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor will be labeled with the following information:

- Product identifier
- Signal word
- Hazard statement(s)
- Pictogram(s)
- Precautionary statement(s)
- Name, address and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer or other responsible party

<u>Triad Mechanical Contractors</u> will use the GHS labeling system for secondary containers. When a chemical is transferred from the original container to a portable or secondary container, the container will be labeled, tagged or marked with a GHS label containing the following information:

- Product identifier
- Signal word
- Hazard statement(s)
- Pictogram(s)
- Precautionary statement(s)

Portable containers into which hazardous chemicals are transferred from labeled containers and that are intended for the immediate use of the employee who performs the transfer do not require a label. If the portable container will be used by more than one employee or used over the course of more than one shift, the container must be labeled. Food and beverage containers should never be used for chemical storage.

Signs, placards, process sheets, batch tickets, operating procedures or other such written materials may be used in lieu of affixing labels to individual, stationary process containers as long as the alternative method identifies the containers to which it is applicable and conveys the information required for workplace labeling.

Where an area may have a hazardous chemical in the atmosphere (e.g., where extensive welding occurs), the entire area will be labeled with a warning placard.

Pipes that contain hazardous chemicals should be labeled in accordance with ANSI/ASME A13.1 and indicate the direction of flow. (Please note that this not a requirement of the OSHA HCS but a best practice or requirement of local jurisdiction.)

Workplace labels or other forms of warning will be legible, in English and prominently displayed on the container or readily available in the work area throughout each work shift. If employees speak languages other than English, the information in the other language(s) may be added to the material presented as long as the information is presented in English as well.

Note: After Dec. 1, 2015, distributors may not ship containers labeled by the chemical manufacturer or importer unless the label on the container meets GHS labeling requirements.

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

An SDS will be obtained and maintained for each hazardous chemical in the workplace. SDSs for each hazardous chemical will be readily accessible during each work shift to employees when they are in their work areas.

SDSs will be obtained from the chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor. The name on the SDS will be the same as that listed on the chemical inventory list. SDSs for chemicals or process streams produced by the company will be developed and provided by the safety coordinator.

The safety coordinator will maintain the master file of all original SDSs. Hard copies of the master file will be located in the <u>Shop Office</u>, <u>Job Site Office Trailer</u> and <u>HR Dept</u> <u>Office</u>.

SDSs for new products or updated SDSs for existing products will be obtained by the purchasing agent and forwarded to the safety coordinator. The safety coordinator will then update the master file with new and/or updated SDSs.

If problems arise in obtaining an SDS from the chemical manufacturer, importer or distributor, a phone call will be made to request an SDS and to verify that the SDS has been sent. The phone call will be logged and a letter will be sent the same day. The company will maintain a written record of all efforts to obtain SDSs. If these efforts fail to produce an SDS, the local OSHA office will be contacted for assistance.

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION AND TRAINING

Employees included in the hazard communication program will receive the following information and training prior to exposure to hazardous chemicals and when new chemical hazards are introduced to their work area:

- Requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (General Industry) or 29 CFR 1926.59 (Construction Industry)
- Operations in the work area where hazardous chemicals are present
- Location and availability of the hazard communication program, chemical inventory list and SDSs
- Methods and observations used to detect the presence or release of a hazardous chemical in the work area, such as monitoring devices, visual appearance or odor of hazardous chemicals when being released

- Physical, health, simple asphyxiation, combustible dust and pyrophoric gas hazards, as well as hazards not otherwise classified of the chemicals in the work area
- Measures employees can take to protect themselves from hazards, such as appropriate controls, work practices, emergency and spill cleanup procedures, and personal protective equipment to be used
- Explanation of the labels received on shipped containers
- Explanation of the workplace labeling system
- Explanation of the SDS, including order of information and how employees can obtain and use the appropriate hazard information

Note: To facilitate understanding of the new GHS system, the OSHA HCS requires that employees be trained regarding the new label elements and SDS format by Dec. 1, 2013. Employers are required to update the hazard communication program and to provide any additional training for newly identified physical or health hazards no later than June 1, 2016.

NONROUTINE TASKS

The safety coordinator and the immediate supervisor of an employee performing a nonroutine task, such as cleaning machinery and other process equipment, is responsible for ensuring that adequate training has been provided to the employee on any hazards associated with the nonroutine task. Employees share in this responsibility by ensuring that their immediate supervisor knows that the nonroutine task will be performed.

Special work permits are required for the performance of certain nonroutine tasks, such as entry to confined spaces, breaking and opening piping systems, and welding and burning. For some special tasks, employees are required to follow special lockout/tagout procedures to ensure that all machinery motion has stopped and energy sources are isolated prior to and during the performance of such tasks.

CONTRACTORS

Prior to beginning work, the safety coordinator will inform contractors with employees working on company property of any hazardous chemicals that the contractors' employees may be exposed to while performing their work. The safety coordinator will also inform contractors of engineering or work practice control measures to be employed by the contractor, personal protective equipment to be worn by the contractors' employees, and any other precautionary measures that need to be taken to protect their employees during the workplace's normal operating conditions and in foreseeable emergencies.

Furthermore, the safety coordinator will advise contractors that they must comply with all OSHA standards while working on company property. Appropriate controls will be established with the contractor to ensure that company employees are not exposed to safety and health hazards from work being performed by the contractor and that company operations do not expose contractors' employees to hazards.

The safety coordinator will inform contractors of the workplace labeling system and the availability and location of SDSs for any chemical to which contractors' employees may be exposed while performing their work.

RECORDKEEPING

Records pertaining to the hazard communication program will be maintained by the safety coordinator. The safety coordinator will keep the following records:

- Chemical inventory list
- Hazardous material reviews
- Copies of phone call logs and letters requesting SDSs
- Employee training records
- Warnings issued to employees for not following the hazard communication program

I, _____, have read and understand the hazard communication program at <u>Triad Mechanical Contractors.</u>

Employee Name: _____

Date: _____

SDS Book Table of Contents:

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)

Section 1 - Gases - Non-Flammable

- 1. Airgas Argon
- 2. Airgas Nitrogen
- 3. Airgas Oxygen
- 4. Airgas Tri-Gas

Section 3 - Liquids – Non-Flammable

- 8. BlackSwan Dark Cutting Oil
- 9. Fisher Milk of Magnesia
- 10. Ridgid Dark Cutting Oil
- 11.Water

Section 2 - Gases - Flammable

- 5. Airgas Acetylene
- 6. Airgas MappGas
- 7. Airgas Propane

Section 4 - Liquids – Flammable

- 12. CRC Electronic Cleaner
- 13. DuroDyne Spray Galv Stripper
- 14. LabChem Acetone
- 15. Lucas White Lithium Grease
- 16. Marathon Hydraulic Oil
- 17. Marathon Unleaded Gas
- 18. Oatey PVC Cement HD Clear
- 19. Oatey PVC Clear Primer
- 20. Oatey PVC Purple Primer
- 21. Rustoleum Cold Galv Spray
- 22. Rustoleum Inverted Marking
- 23. Rustoleum Spray Primer
- 24. Shell Diesel Fuel
- 25. Total Xylene
- 26.WD-40

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Section 5 - Solids – Flammable

27. Carlisle – Water Based Duct Seal 28. McGill – Duct Seal Solvent

Section 6 - Solids – Flammable

- 29.3M FSK Tape
- 30. BlackSwan Pipe Lube
- 31. Carlisle Travel Tack
- 32. Certain Teed Duct Wrap
- 33. Childers CP-10
- 34. Childers CP-30
- 35. DAP Tub & Tile Caulk
- 36. DuctMate 440 Gasket
- 37. Euclid Dust Down
- 38. Hilti FS-One Fire Caulk
- 39. Laco Flux
- 40. Lincoln Welding Rods
- 41. Loctite 567 Thread Sealer
- 42. Oatey Lead Free Solder
- 43. Oatey Plumbers Putty
- 44. RectorSeal NoKorode Flux
- 45. RectorSeal Tru Blue Pipe Dope
- 46. Sikasil Caulk GP
- 47. Sterling Lead Free Solder
- 48. Tremco Duct Tape

Section 1 - Gases – Non-Flammable

Airgas – Argon
 Airgas – Nitrogen
 Airgas – Oxygen
 Airgas – Tri-Gas

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Argon

Section 1. Identification

1

| GHS product identifier | : Argon |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : argon |
| Other means of identification | : Argon. |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym SDS # | : Argon. : 001004 |
| Supplier's details | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. |
| Prevention | : Not applicable. |
| Response | : Not applicable. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| | |

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Substance |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Chemical name | : argon |
| Other means of identification | : Argon. |
| Identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : 7440-37-1 |
|--------------|-------------|
| Product code | : 001004 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| Argon | 100 | 7440-37-1 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary f | first aid measures |
|----------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. Acts as a simple asphyxiant. |
| Skin contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Frostbite : | Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympton | <u>ns</u> |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | No specific data. |
| Ingestion : | No specific data. |
| | |
| Indication of immediate medica | al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |
| | |
| | |

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fighting measures | | |
|--|--|--|
| Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : No specific data. | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|---|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | nta | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. |
| Large spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. |
|---------------------|--|
|---------------------|--|

Section 7. Handling and storage

| | - | _ |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Argon | Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] |

| Appropriate engineering | : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne |
|---------------------------------|--|
| controls | contaminants. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measure | <u>S</u> |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Appearance | | |
|--|--|--|
| Physical state | : Gas. | |
| Color | : Colorless. | |
| Molecular weight | : 39.95 g/mole | |
| Molecular formula | : Ar | |
| Boiling/condensation point | : -185.9°C (-302.6°F) | |
| Melting/freezing point | : -189.2°C (-308.6°F) | |
| Critical temperature | : -122.4°C (-188.3°F) | |
| Odor | : Odorless. | |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. | |
| рН | : Not available. | |
| Flash point | : [Product does not sustain combustion.] | |
| Burning time | : Not applicable. | |
| Burning rate | : Not applicable. | |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. | |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. | |
| Vapor density | : 1.66 (Air = 1) | |
| Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) | : 9.7087 | |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | : 0.103 | |
| Relative density | : Not applicable. | |
| Solubility | : Not available. | |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : 0.74 | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. | |
| SADT | : Not available. | |
| Viscosity | : Not applicable. | |
| | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| Hazardous polymerization | : Under r | ormal conditions of storage and | l use, hazard | ous polymerization will not occur. | |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 7/1/2016 | Version : 0.06 | 5/10 |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Acts as a simple asphyxiant.Skin contact: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.Ingestion: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | Date of p |
|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | Date of |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Argon | 0.74 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is |
|------------------|--|
| | not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| UN number | UN1006 | UN1006 | UN1006 | UN1006 | UN1006 |
| UN proper shipping name | ARGON, COMPRESSED | ARGON, COMPRESSED | ARGON, COMPRESSED | ARGON, COMPRESSED | ARGON, COMPRESSED |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Date of issue/Date of I | revision : 7/1/2 | Dold Date of pre | evious issue : 7/1 | 1/2016 | Version : 0.06 7/1 |

Section 14. Transport information

| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---|-----|-----|---|
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity No | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 42 | - | - | Limited quantity No <u>Passenger and Cargo</u> <u>Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: Forbidden |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted. |
|---|---|
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : Not listed |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : Not listed |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : Not listed |
| <u>SARA 302/304</u> | |
| Composition/information | on ingredients |
| No products were found. | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : Not applicable. |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | |
| Classification | : Sudden release of pressure |
| Composition/information | on ingredients |

Argon

| S | ection 15. Regulator | y informatio | on | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|------|--------|-------|
| | Name | % | Fire | Sudden | React |

| Name | % | hazard | Sudden release of pressure | | (acute) health | Delayed (chronic) health hazard | |
|-------|-----|--------|----------------------------------|-----|-------------------|--|--|
| Argon | 100 | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. | |

| State regulations | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Massachusetts | : This material is listed. |
| New York | : This material is not listed. |
| New Jersey | : This material is listed. |
| Pennsylvania | : This material is listed. |
| International regulations | |
| International lists | |
| National inventory | |
| Australia | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Canada | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| China | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Europe | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : Not determined. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined. |
| New Zealand | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| <u>Canada</u> | |
| WHMIS (Canada) | : Class A: Compressed gas. |
| | CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Argon

Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Clas | sification | Justification |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 | | Expert judgment |
| History | | |
| Date of printing | : 7/1/2016 | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | |
| Date of previous issue | : 7/1/2016 | |
| Version | : 0.06 | |
| Key to abbreviations | IATA = International Air Tra IBC = Intermediate Bulk Co IMDG = International Mariti LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL 73/78 = Internation | ctor d System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ansport Association ontainer |
| References | : Not available. | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SAFETY DATA SHEET



Nitrogen

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : Nitrogen |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : nitrogen |
| Other means of identification | : nitrogen (dot); nitrogen gas; Nitrogen NF, Nitrogen FG |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym SDS # | nitrogen (dot); nitrogen gas; Nitrogen NF, Nitrogen FG 001040 |
| Supplier's details | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. |
| Prevention | : Not applicable. |
| Response | : Not applicable. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | |
|-------------------|--|
| Chemical name | |
| Other means of | |
| identification | |

: Substance

: nitrogen

: nitrogen (dot); nitrogen gas; Nitrogen NF, Nitrogen FG

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : 7727-37-9 |
|--------------|-------------|
| Product code | : 001040 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| Nitrogen | 100 | 7727-37-9 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Frostbite | Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>ms</u> |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate medic | al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders

: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tiv | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | nt | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | ÷ | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Large spill

| Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Sectio pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid b containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. | reathing gas. Empty not puncture or incinerate valve after each use and |
|--|---|
|--|---|

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section

1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| | - | - |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Nitrogen | Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : | Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | |
| Individual protection measure | <u>es</u> | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. | |
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. | |
| Respiratory protection | : | Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| • | |
|--|---|
| <u>Appearance</u> | |
| Physical state | : Gas. [Compressed gas.] |
| Color | : Colorless. |
| Molecular weight | : 28.02 g/mole |
| Molecular formula | : N2 |
| Boiling/condensation point | : -196°C (-320.8°F) |
| Melting/freezing point | : -210.01°C (-346°F) |
| Critical temperature | : -146.95°C (-232.5°F) |
| Odor | : Odorless. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : [Product does not sustain combustion.] |
| Burning time | : Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | : Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | : 0.967 (Air = 1) Liquid Density@BP: 50.46 lb/ft3 (808.3 kg/m3) |
| Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) | : 13.8889 |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | : 0.072 |
| Relative density | : Not applicable. |
| Solubility | : Not available. |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : 0.67 |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| SADT | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not applicable. |
| | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| Hazardous polymerization | : Under no | ormal conditions of storage | and use, hazardou | s polymerization will not occ | ur. |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/26/2016 | Date of previous issue | : 8/7/2015 | Version : 0.02 | 5/10 |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

| Potential acute health effects | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Eye contact | : | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Ingestion | 1 | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | <u>ects</u> |
| Not available. | |
| General Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Nitrogen | 0.67 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty |
|------------------|---|
| | containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| UN number | UN1066 | UN1066 | UN1066 | UN1066 | UN1066 |
| UN proper shipping name | NITROGEN, COMPRESSED | NITROGEN, COMPRESSED | NITROGEN, COMPRESSED | NITROGEN, COMPRESSED | NITROGEN, COMPRESSED |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Date of issue/Date of I | revision : 5/26/ | 2016 Date of pre | evious issue : 8/7 | //2015 | Version : 0.02 7/1 |

Section 14. Transport information

| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
|---------------------------|--|---|-----|-----|---|
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index | - | - | Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| 0 | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| S. Federal regulations | : | TSCA 8(a) CDR Ex | empt/Part | ial exemptior | ı : This materia | al is listed or exe | empted. |
| | | United States inve | ntory (TSC | CA 8b): This n | naterial is liste | d or exempted. | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals Precursor Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals Essential Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | |
| Composition/information No products were found. | on | ngrealents | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ SARA 311/312 | : | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| Classification | : | Sudden release of p | oressure | | | | |
| Composition/information | <u>on</u> i | ngredients | | | | | |
| Name | | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
| Nitrogen | | 100 | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |

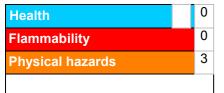
Section 15. Regulatory information

| State regulations | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Massachusetts | : This material is listed. |
| New York | : This material is not listed. |
| New Jersey | : This material is listed. |
| Pennsylvania | : This material is listed. |
| International regulations | |
| International lists | |
| National inventory | |
| Australia | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Canada | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| China | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Europe | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : Not determined. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined. |
| New Zealand | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| <u>Canada</u> | |
| WHMIS (Canada) | : Class A: Compressed gas. |
| | CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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9/10

Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | | Justification | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H2 | 80 | Expert judgment | |
| History | | | |
| Date of printing | : 5/26/2016 | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/26/2016 | | |
| Date of previous issue | : 8/7/2015 | | |
| Version | : 0.02 | | |
| Key to abbreviations | IATA = International Air T IBC = Intermediate Bulk C IMDG = International Mar LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL 73/78 = International | actor ed System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ransport Association Container | |
| References | : Not available. | | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SAFETY DATA SHEET



Oxygen

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : Oxygen |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : oxygen |
| Other means of identification | Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O2; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO) |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym SDS # | Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O2; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO) 001043 |
| Supplier's details | Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Classification of the | : OXIDIZING GASES - Category 1 |
| substance or mixture | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| | |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | : May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. |
| | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Open valve slowly. Use only with equipment cleaned for Oxygen service. |
| Prevention | : Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves, valves and fittings free from oil and grease. |
| Response | : In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Substance |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : oxygen |
| Other means of identification | : Molecular oxygen; Oxygen molecule; Pure oxygen; O2; UN 1072; Dioxygen; Oxygen USP, Aviator's Breathing Oxygen (ABO) |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : 7782-44-7 |
|--------------|-------------|
| Product code | : 001043 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| oxygen | 100 | 7782-44-7 |
| | | |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary fire | measures | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Eye contact | mmediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the u eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rin ninutes. Get medical attention. | |
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable tot breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, espiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to hid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if a persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight cloth ie, belt or waistband. | provide artificial the person providing dverse health effects d get medical |
| Skin contact | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminate hoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing be hoes thoroughly before reuse. | 0 |
| Ingestion | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. | |
| | | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health eff | ects |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Frostbite | : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u> | nptoms |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate m | edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| | |
| | |

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. media **Unsuitable extinguishing** : None known. media Specific hazards arising : Contains gas under pressure. Oxidizing material. This material increases the risk of from the chemical fire and may aid combustion. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. : No specific data. **Hazardous thermal** decomposition products **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | tiv | <u>e equipment and emergency procedures</u> |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | nta | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. |
| Large spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Section 7. Handling and storage

| | • | - |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Separate from acids, alkalies, reducing agents and combustibles. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Occupational exposure limit oxygen | <u>s</u> | | None. | |
| | | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Good ge contamin | neral ventilation should be s ants. | ufficient to control worke | r exposure to airborne |
| Environmental exposure controls | they com cases, fu | s from ventilation or work p ply with the requirements of me scrubbers, filters or eng ecessary to reduce emission | f environmental protection ineering modifications to | n legislation. In some |
| Individual protection measure | <u>es</u> | | | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, si Appropria Wash co | nds, forearms and face tho moking and using the lavato ate techniques should be us ntaminated clothing before are close to the workstation | ory and at the end of the v sed to remove potentially reusing. Ensure that eye | vorking period. contaminated clothing. |
| Eye/face protection | assessm gases or | rewear complying with an ap ent indicates this is necessa dusts. If contact is possible ssment indicates a higher de | ary to avoid exposure to I e, the following protection | iquid splashes, mists, should be worn, unless |
| Skin protection | | | | |
| Hand protection | worn at a necessar during us noted tha glove ma | I-resistant, impervious glove ill times when handling cher y. Considering the parame se that the gloves are still re at the time to breakthrough f nufacturers. In the case of n time of the gloves cannot | nical products if a risk as ters specified by the glov taining their protective pro or any glove material ma mixtures, consisting of se | sessment indicates this is e manufacturer, check operties. It should be y be different for different |
| Body protection | performe | protective equipment for th d and the risks involved and this product. | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 8/26/2015 | Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | Version : 0.01 4/11 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
|------------------------|---|
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |
| | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state | 1 | Gas. [Compressed gas.] |
| Color | 1 | Colorless. Blue. |
| Molecular weight | 1 | 32 g/mole |
| Molecular formula | 1 | O2 |
| Boiling/condensation point | 1 | -183°C (-297.4°F) |
| Melting/freezing point | 1 | -218.4°C (-361.1°F) |
| Critical temperature | 1 | -118.15°C (-180.7°F) |
| Odor | : | Odorless. |
| Odor threshold | 1 | Not available. |
| рН | 1 | Not available. |
| Flash point | 1 | [Product does not sustain combustion.] |
| Burning time | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials, combustible materials and organic materials. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | Not available. |
| Vapor density | 1 | 1.1 (Air = 1) |
| Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) | 1 | 12.0482 |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | 1 | 0.083 |
| Relative density | : | Not applicable. |
| Solubility | 1 | Not available. |
| Solubility in water | 1 | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | 0.65 |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| SADT | 1 | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | 1 | No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Chemical stability | ÷ | The product is stable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | 5 |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials Reactions may include the following: risk of causing fire |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials reducing materials grease oil |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or from | stbite. |
|-------------|--|---------|
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/. | /26/2015 Da | ate of previous issue : | No previous validation | Version | : 0.01 | 5/11 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|------|
| | | | - | | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information **Skin contact** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : No specific data. Eye contact Inhalation : No specific data. : No specific data. **Skin contact** : No specific data. Ingestion Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. Long term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects : Not available. **Potential delayed effects**

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Oxygen

| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| oxygen | 0.65 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| UN number | UN1072 | UN1072 | UN1072 | UN1072 | UN1072 |
| UN proper shipping name | OXYGEN, COMPRESSED | OXYGEN, COMPRESSED | OXYGEN, COMPRESSED | OXYGEN, COMPRESSED | OXYGEN, COMPRESSED |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.2 (5.1) | 2.2 | 2.2 (5.1) | 2.2 (5.1) | 2.2 (5.1) |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg Special provisions A52 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.23-2.25 (Class 5). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Ship Index 50 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75 Special provisions 42 | | | Passenger and Cargo <u>Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: 75 kg <u>Cargo Aircraft Only</u> Quantity limitation: 150 kg |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | : | TSCA 8(a) CDR Ex | empt/Parti | ial exemptior | n: This materia | al is listed or exe | empted. |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | United States inve | ntory (TSC | CA 8b) : This n | naterial is liste | d or exempted. | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ir | ngredients | | | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| SARA 311/312 | | | | | | | |
| Classification | : Sudden release of pressure | | | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ir | ngredients | | | | | |
| Name | | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
| oxygen | | 100 | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| State regulations | | | | ł | | -1 | 4 |
| Massachusetts | | This material is liste | vd. | | | | |
| New York | | This material is not | | | | | |
| New Jersey | | This material is liste | | | | | |
| New Delbey | | | <i>.</i> | | | | |

International regulations

Canada

China

Europe

Japan

| International lists | |
|---------------------|--|
| National inventory | |
| Australia | : This material is listed or exempted. |

- : This material is listed or exempted.
 - : This material is listed or exempted.
- : This material is listed or exempted.
 - : Not determined.
- Malaysia : Not determined.
- **New Zealand** : This material is listed or exempted.
- Philippines : This material is listed or exempted.
- **Republic of Korea** : This material is listed or exempted.
- Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 15. Regulatory information

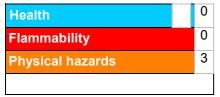
<u>Canada</u>

| WHMIS (Canada) | : Class A: Compressed gas. Class C: Oxidizing material. |
|----------------|---|
| | CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. |
| | Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. |
| | Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed. |
| | Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |
| | Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |
| | Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |

Section 16. Other information

| Canada Label requirements | : | Class A: Compressed gas. Class C: Oxidizing material. |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| | | Class C. Onluizing matchai. |

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Cla | ssification | Justification |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|
| | | Expert judgment According to package |
| History | | |
| Date of printing | : 8/26/2015 | |
| Date of issue/Date of | · 8/26/2015 | |

| revision | . 0/20/2010 |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation |
| Version | : 0.01 |

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Section 16. Other information

| Key to abbreviations : | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
|------------------------|---|
| | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor |
| | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
| | IATA = International Air Transport Association |
| | IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container |
| | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| | MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, |
| | 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) |
| | UN = United Nations |
| References : | Not available. |
| | |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SAFETY DATA SHEET



Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Helium

| Section 1. Identifi | cation |
|--|---|
| GHS product identifier | : Nonflammable Gas Mixture: Argon / Carbon Dioxide / Helium |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| SDS # | : 002010 |
| Supplier's details | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : 1-866-734-3438 |
| Section 2. Hazard | s identification |
| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Warning |
| Hazard statements | : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May increase respiration and heart rate. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. |
| Prevention | : Not applicable. |
| Response | : Not applicable. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of

identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : 002010 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|--------|------------|
| Helium | 1 - 99 | 7440-59-7 |
| Carbon Dioxide | 2 - 99 | 124-38-9 |
| Argon | 1 - 98 | 7440-37-1 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If Inhalation 2 not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. Ingestion

| Most important sympt | toms/effects, acute and delayed |
|-----------------------|--|
| Potential acute healt | h effects |
| Eye contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Frostbite | : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| Over-exposure signs | s/symptoms |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/1 | 2015 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2 | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|

Section 4. First aid measures

| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|---|---|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | | |
| Small spill Large spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | L | |
|--|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|---|
| Carbon Dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Oxygen |
| | Depletion [Asphyxiant]. |
| | STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | - | Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/11/2015 | Date of previous issue | : 5/26/2015 | Version : 2 | 4/12 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|------|
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------|------|

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Gas. |
| Color | : Not available. |
| Melting/freezing point | -189.2°C (-308.6°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: argon. Weighted average: -230.91°C (-383.6°F) |
| Critical temperature | : Lowest known value: -267.9°C (-450.2°F) (helium). |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Not available. |
| Burning time | : Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | : Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | : Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : Not available. |
| Vapor density | : Highest known value: 1.66 (Air = 1) (argon). Weighted average: 1.1 (Air = 1) |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | : Weighted average: 0.03 |
| Relative density | : Not applicable. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/11/2015 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2015 Version : 2 5/12 |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Solubility | : Not available. |
|--|-------------------|
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| SADT | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|---|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatibility with various substances | : Not considered to be reactive according to our database. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Net excitates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity Not available.

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 12/11/2015 Date of previous issue

vious issue : 5/26/2015

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | 5 |
|--|--|
| Specific target organ toxicit Not available. | <u>y (single exposure)</u> |
| Specific target organ toxicit Not available. | <u>y (repeated exposure)</u> |
| Aspiration hazard Not available. | |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
| Potential acute health effects | |
| Eye contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe Not available. | ects |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Numerical measures of toxici Acute toxicity estimates | <u>ty</u> |

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Carbon Dioxide | 0.83 | - | low |
| Helium | 0.28 | - | low |
| Argon | 0.74 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | |
|----------------------|--|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| UN number | UN1956 | UN1956 | UN1956 | UN1956 | UN1956 |
| UN proper shipping name | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (helium, Carbon dioxide) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Date of issue/Date of r | revision : 12/1 | 11/2015 Date of previo | us issue : 5/26/2 | 015 Ver | sion : 2 8/1 |

Section 14. Transport information

| Section | +. mansport | mormation | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|
| Additional information | - | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). | - | - | - |
| | | Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 Passenger Carrying | | | |
| | | Road or Rail Index 75 | | | |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

| Special precautions for user | : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
|------------------------------|---|
| | |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | - |
|---|---|
| U.S. Federal regulations | : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined |
| | United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : Not listed |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : Not listed |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : Not listed |
| <u>SARA 302/304</u> | |
| Composition/information | on ingredients |
| No products were found. | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : Not applicable. |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | |
| Classification | : Sudden release of pressure |
| Composition/information | on ingredients |
| | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Name | | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | (acute) health | Delayed (chronic) health hazard | |
|----------------|--------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--|--|
| Carbon Dioxide | 1 - 99 | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. | |
| Helium | | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. | |
| Argon | | No. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. | |

State regulations

| Massachusetts | : The following components are listed: HELIUM; CARBON DIOXIDE; ARGON |
|---------------------------|--|
| New York | : None of the components are listed. |
| New Jersey | The following components are listed: HELIUM; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; ARGON |
| Pennsylvania | : The following components are listed: HELIUM; CARBON DIOXIDE; ARGON |
| Canada inventory | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| International regulations | |
| International lists | Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined. |
| Chemical Weapon Conv | ention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals |
| Not listed. | |

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

<u>Canada</u>

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class A: Compressed gas.

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Carbon dioxide
Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
Canadian NPRI: None of the components are listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas. Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health | 1 |] |
|------------------|---|---|
| Flammability | 0 | |
| Physical hazards | 3 | |
| | | |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 12/11/2015 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/11/2015 |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/26/2015 |
| Version | : 2 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United NationsACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association CAS – Chemical Abstract Services CEPA – Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (EPA) CFR – United States Code of Federal Regulations CPR – Controlled Products Regulations |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 12/11/2015 Date of previous issue : 5/26/2015 Version : 2 11/12 |

Section 16. Other information

DSL – Domestic Substances List GWP – Global Warming Potential IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer ICAO – International Civil Aviation Organisation Inh – Inhalation LC – Lethal concentration LD – Lethal dosage NDSL – Non-Domestic Substances List NIOSH – National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health TDG – Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations TLV – Threshold Limit Value TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act WEEL – Workplace Environmental Exposure Level WHMIS – Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Section 2 - Gases - Flammable

5. Airgas – Acetylene6. Airgas – MappGas7. Airgas - Propane

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)



SAFETY DATA SHEET



Acetylene

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : Acetylene |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : acetylene |
| Other means of identification | : Ethyne; Ethine; Narcylen; C2H2; Acetylen; UN 1001; Vinylene |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym | : Ethyne; Ethine; Narcylen; C2H2; Acetylen; UN 1001; Vinylene |
| SDS # | : 001001 |
| Supplier's details | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Fusible plugs in top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F). Do not discharge at pressures above 15psig (103kpa). Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution. |
| Prevention | : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | : Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |

Date of issue/Date of revision

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Substance |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : acetylene |
| Other means of identification | : Ethyne; Ethine; Narcylen; C2H2; Acetylen; UN 1001; Vinylene |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : 74-86-2 |
|--------------|-----------|
| Product code | : 001001 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|-----------------|-----|------------|
| acetylene | 100 | 74-86-2 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessary first aid measures | | |
|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. | |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. | |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. | |
| | | |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health | <u>i effects</u> | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Eye contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. | | |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | |
| Skin contact | : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite. | | |
| Frostbite | : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. | | |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. | | |
| Over-exposure signs/symptoms | | | |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | | |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | | |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | | | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | |

| Date of issue/Date of revision |
|--------------------------------|
|--------------------------------|

2/11

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
|---|---|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| • • • • • • | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protec | <u>tiv</u> | e equipment and emergency procedures |
|---|------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | | |
| Small spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. |
| Large spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact |

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. | |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| acetylene | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 2662 mg/m ³ CEIL: 2500 ppm | | | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | other engineering controls to recommended or statutory li | tilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or b keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any imits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, s below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof | | | |
| Environmental exposure controls | they comply with the require cases, fume scrubbers, filte | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | | | |
| Individual protection meas | ures | | | | |
| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and using t Appropriate techniques sho | face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before he lavatory and at the end of the working period. uld be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. g before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety rkstation location. | | | |
| Eye/face protection | assessment indicates this is gases or dusts. If contact is | with an approved standard should be used when a risk e necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, e possible, the following protection should be worn, unless higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- | | | |
| Skin protection | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| - | |
|------------------------|--|
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |
| | |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|---|---|
| Physical state | 4 | Gas. |
| Color | 4 | Colorless. |
| Molecular weight | 4 | 26.04 g/mole |
| Molecular formula | 4 | C2-H2 |
| Melting/freezing point | 4 | -81°C (-113.8°F) |
| Critical temperature | : | 35.25°C (95.5°F) |
| Odor | : | Mild. Ethereal. |
| Odor threshold | 4 | Not available. |
| рН | 4 | Not available. |
| Flash point | 1 | Closed cup: -18.15°C (-0.67°F) |
| Burning time | 4 | Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | 4 | Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | 4 | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | 1 | Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | 1 | Lower: 2.5% Upper: 100% |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | 635 (psig) |
| Vapor density | 1 | 0.907 (Air = 1) |
| Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb) | 1 | 14.7058 |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | : | 0.0691 |
| Relative density | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Solubility | 1 | Not available. |
| Solubility in water | 1 | 1.2 g/l |
| Partition coefficient: n- | : | 0.37 |
| octanol/water | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 4 | 305°C (581°F) |
| Decomposition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| SADT | 1 | Not available. |
| Viscosity | 1 | Not applicable. |
| | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Oxidizers |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

| | Date of | issue/Date | of revision | |
|--|---------|------------|-------------|--|
|--|---------|------------|-------------|--|

: 6/7/2016

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Skin contact | Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burr | ns or frostbite. |
|--------------|---|------------------|
| Ingestion | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation secti | on. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Long term exposure | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | | | | |
| Potential chronic health effects | | | | | |
| Not available. | | | | | |
| General | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| acetylene | 0.37 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

7/11

Section 12. Ecological information

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

```
Disposal methods
```

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|----------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1001 | UN1001 | UN1001 | UN1001 | UN1001 |
| UN proper shipping name | ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED | ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED | ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED | ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED | ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED |
| Transport | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| hazard class(es) | TA MARATE GAS | | | | |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). | - | - | Passenger and Cargo <u>Aircraft</u> Quantity limitation: 0 Forbidden <u>Cargo Aircraft Only</u> Quantity limitation: 15 kg |
| | Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 15 kg | Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0 | | | |
| | | Passenger Carrying Ship Index 75 | | | |
| | | Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden | | | |
| | | Special provisions 38 | | | |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| - | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|
| U. | S. Federal regulations | : TS | SCA 8(a) CDR Exer | npt/Parti | al exemption: | Not determin | ed | | |
| | | Uı | nited States invent | ory (TSC | A 8b) : This ma | aterial is listed | d or exempted. | | |
| | | CI | ean Air Act (CAA) | 112 regu | lated flammat | ole substanc | es : acetylene | | |
| (| Clean Air Act Section 112 b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : No | ot listed | | | | | | |
| | Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : No | ot listed | | | | | | |
| | Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : No | ot listed | | | | | | |
| | DEA List I Chemicals Precursor Chemicals) | : No | ot listed | | | | | | |
| | DEA List II Chemicals Essential Chemicals) | : No | ot listed | | | | | | |
| S | SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | | |
| | Composition/information | <u>on ing</u> | redients | | | | | | |
| | No products were found. | | | | | | | | |
| | SARA 304 RQ | : No | ot applicable. | | | | | | |
| 5 | SARA 311/312 | | | | | | | | |
| | Classification | | re hazard udden release of pre | essure | | | | | |
| | Composition/information | on ing | redients | | | | | | |
| | Name | | % | Fire | Sudden | Reactive | Immediate | Delayed | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| | Name | % | hazard | Sudden release of pressure | | | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|---|-----------|-----|--------|----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|
| í | acetylene | 100 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |

: 5/24/2016

Version : 0.03

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| State regulationsMassachusetts: This material is listed.New York: This material is not listed.New Jersey: This material is listed.Pennsylvania: This material is listed.International regulationsInternational inventoryAustralia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.Cass A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material.Date of issue/Date of revision: 6/7/2016 | acetylene | 100 | | Yes. | Yes. |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|
| New York: This material is not listed.New Jersey: This material is listed.Pennsylvania: This material is listed.International regulationsInternational inventoryAustralia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | State regulations | | | | - |
| New Jersey:This material is listed.Pennsylvania:This material is listed.International regulationsInternational listsNational inventoryAustralia:This material is listed or exempted.Canada:This material is listed or exempted.China::This material is listed or exempted.Europe:This material is listed or exempted.Japan:This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia:Not determined.New Zealand:This material is listed or exempted.Philippines:This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea:This material is listed or exempted.Canada:Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Massachusetts | : This mat | erial is listed. | | |
| Pennsylvania : This material is listed. International regulations International lists National inventory Australia Australia : This material is listed or exempted. Canada : This material is listed or exempted. China : This material is listed or exempted. Europe : This material is listed or exempted. Japan : This material is listed or exempted. Malaysia : Not determined. New Zealand : This material is listed or exempted. Philippines : This material is listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted. Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted. WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | New York | : This mat | erial is not lis | ted. | |
| International regulationsInternational listsNational inventoryAustralia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | New Jersey | : This mat | erial is listed. | | |
| International listsNational inventoryAustralia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Pennsylvania | : This mat | erial is listed. | | |
| National inventoryAustralia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | International regulations | | | | |
| Australia: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | International lists | | | | |
| Canada: This material is listed or exempted.China: This material is listed or exempted.Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | National inventory | | | | |
| China:This material is listed or exempted.Europe:This material is listed or exempted.Japan:This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia:Not determined.New Zealand:This material is listed or exempted.Philippines:This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea:This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan:This material is listed or exempted.Canada:Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Australia | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Europe: This material is listed or exempted.Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Canada | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Japan: This material is listed or exempted.Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | China | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Malaysia: Not determined.New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Europe | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Japan | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Philippines : This material is listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted. Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted. Canada : Class A: Compressed gas. WHMIS (Canada) : Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Malaysia | : Not dete | rmined. | | |
| Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.Canada: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | New Zealand | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted. Canada : Class A: Compressed gas. WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Philippines | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Canada WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Republic of Korea | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| WHMIS (Canada) : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | Taiwan | : This mat | erial is listed | or exemp | oted. |
| Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | <u>Canada</u> | | | | |
| Class F: Dangerously reactive material. | WHMIS (Canada) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/7/2016 Date of previous issue | | Class F: | Dangerously | reactive | material. |
| | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 6/7/2016 | Date of pr | revious iss | ue |

Acetylene

Section 15. Regulatory information

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| Canada Label requirements | 1 | Class A: Compressed gas. |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| | | Class B-1: Flammable gas. |
| | | Class F: Dangerously reactive material. |

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|----------------|---|
| | Expert judgment According to package |

| <u>History</u> | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Date of printing | : 6/7/2016 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 6/7/2016 |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/24/2016 |
| Version | : 0.03 |

Section 16. Other information

| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
|----------------------|--|
| | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor |
| | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
| | IATA = International Air Transport Association |
| | IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container |
| | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| | MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
| References | : Not available. |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



SAFETY DATA SHEET



MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD)

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD) |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Other means of identification | : MAP,MAPP,Methylacetylene-Propadiene, Mixture of Methylacetylene and Propadiene |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym SDS # | MAP,MAPP,Methylacetylene-Propadiene, Mixture of Methylacetylene and Propadiene 002015 |
| Supplier's details | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | : Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause frostbite. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution. |
| Prevention | : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | : Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: MAP, MAPP, Methylacetylene-Propadiene, Mixture of Methylacetylene and Propadiene

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : 002015 |

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|------------------|---------|------------|
| propylene | 40 - 50 | 115-07-1 |
| methyl acetylene | 27 - 33 | 74-99-7 |
| 1,2-propadiene | 13 - 15 | 463-49-0 |
| Propane | 1 - 5 | 74-98-6 |
| N-Butane | 2 - 5 | 106-97-8 |
| isobutane | 2 - 5 | 75-28-5 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Becomption of needood | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of contact with liquid, warm frozen tissues slowly with lukewarm water and get medical attention. Do not rub affected area. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. If frostbite occurs, get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. As this product rapidly becomes a gas when released, refer to the inhalation section. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health eff | iects | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------|
| Eye contact | : Liquid ca | in cause burns similar to fro | stbite. | | | |
| Inhalation | : No know | n significant effects or critic | al hazards. | | | |
| Skin contact | : Dermal of frostbite. | contact with rapidly evapora | ting liquid could result in f | reezing of | the tissue | s or |
| Frostbite | : Try to wa | arm up the frozen tissues ar | nd seek medical attention. | | | |
| Ingestion | : Ingestion | n of liquid can cause burns s | similar to frostbite. | | | |
| Over-exposure signs/syn | <u>nptoms</u> | | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | Version | : 0.01 | 2/12 |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite | |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite | |
| | | |
| Indication of immediate | medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large | |

| | quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may |
| | be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fig | hting measures | |
|---|---|--|
| Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. For incidents involving large quantities, thermally insulated undergarments and thick textile or leather gloves should be worn. | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protect | ve equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Environmental precautions | : Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
|---------------------------|--|
| | product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. tools and explosion-proof equipment. | Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| Large spill | : | Immediately contact emergency personnel. tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note information and Section 13 for waste dispos | see Section 1 for emergency contact |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Control parameters

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. |
|--|---|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Occupational exposure limit | its | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------|--|
| propylene | | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005). |
| | | | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms |
| | | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). |
| | | | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
| methyl acetylene | | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). |
| | | | TWA: 1640 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | | NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). |
| | | | TWA: 1650 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | | | TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. |
| | | | OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). |
| | | | TWA: 1650 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | | | TWA: 1650 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2-propadiene | | | None. |
| Propane | | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | Date of previous issue | : No previous validation Version : 0.01 4/12 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |). |
|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| N-Butane | TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989) TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. |). |
| isobutane | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilat other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-prooventilation equipment. | w any |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipme will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. | 9 |
| Individual protection measu | 25 | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and sa showers are close to the workstation location. | g. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unlet the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. | |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates the necessary. If contact with the liquid is possible, insulated gloves suitable for low temperatures should be worn. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimate | nis is may of |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task to performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear a static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothir should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. | nti- |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be select based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved specialist before handling this product. | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | 7/1/2016 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 | 5/12 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Respiratory protection
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: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state | : | Gas. [Liquefied gas] |
| Color | : | Not available. |
| Molecular weight | : | 42 g/mol |
| Melting/freezing point | | -102.7°C (-152.9°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Methyl Acetylene. Weighted average: -151.39°C (-240.5°F) |
| Critical temperature | 1 | Lowest known value: 91.85°C (197.3°F) (propylene). |
| Odor | : | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | 1 | Not available. |
| рН | 1 | Not available. |
| Flash point | 1 | Not available. |
| Burning time | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Burning rate | : | Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | 1 | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | | Lower: 2% Upper: 13% |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | Not available. |
| Vapor density | 1 | Highest known value: 2.1 (Air = 1) (Butane). Weighted average: 1.52 (Air = 1) |
| Gas Density (lb/ft ³) | 1 | Weighted average: 0.11 |
| Relative density | : | Not applicable. |
| Solubility | : | Not available. |
| Solubility in water | 1 | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | 1 | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| SADT | : | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Not applicable. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Oxidizers |

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should products not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : May Occur.

> Conditions to Avoid: Elevated tempertures and pressures. Polymerization catalysts, such as metal alkyls, can cause uncontrolled polymerization. Contamination with oxygen can cause propadiene to form hazardous peroxides.

INHIBITORS/STABILIZERS

An ihibitor is added to the MAPD mixture to prevent potential unstable peroxide formation. Butanes (iso and/or normal) are also added to the MAPD mixture to prevent potential concentration of the methylacetylene and propadiene from reaching concentration levels that would render the mixture unstable in case of weathering off (evaporation of light components).

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|---------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Vapor | | 658000 mg/m³ 658000 mg/m³ | 4 hours 4 hours |
| | | | gg | |

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| propylene | - | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | 5 |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| Potential acute health effects | 2 | |
| Eye contact | 1 | Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in freezing of the tissues or frostbite. |
| Ingestion | : | Ingestion of liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | sic | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | 1 | Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite |
| Inhalation | 1 | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following:, frostbite |
| Delayed and immediate effect | :ts | and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ect | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| General | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| propylene | 1.77 | - | low |
| methyl acetylene | 0.94 | - | low |
| 1,2-propadiene | 1.45 | - | low |
| Propane | 1.09 | - | low |
| N-Butane | 2.89 | - | low |
| isobutane | 2.8 | - | low |
| | | | |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| UN number | UN1060 | UN1060 | UN1060 | UN1060 | UN1060 |
| UN proper shipping name | Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized | Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized | Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized | Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized | Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and | - | - | - |
| | | Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index | | | |
| | | 3000 | | | |
| | | Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden | | | |

Section 14. Transport information

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

 Special precautions for user
 : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

 Transport in bulk according
 : Not available.

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| J.S. Federal regulations | : | TSCA 8(a) CDR Exer | npt/Parti | al exemption | : Not determir | ned | |
| | | United States invent | ory (TSC | A 8b): All cor | mponents are | listed or exemp | oted. |
| | | Clean Air Act (CAA) Acetylene; 1,2-Propac | - | | | es: propylene; | Methyl |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | 1 | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | |
| Composition/information | <u>on</u> i | ngredients | | | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| SARA 311/312 | | | | | | | |
| Classification | : | Fire hazard Sudden release of pre | essure | | | | |
| Composition/information | <u>on</u> i | ngredients | | | | | |
| Name | | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of | Reactive | Immediate (acute) | Delayed (chronic) |

| Name | % | - | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|------------------|---------|------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| propylene | 40 - 50 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| methyl acetylene | 27 - 33 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| 1,2-propadiene | 13 - 15 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| Propane | 1 - 5 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| N-Butane | 2 - 5 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |
| isobutane | 2 - 5 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |

SARA 313

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | propylene | 115-07-1 | 40 - 50 |
| Supplier notification | propylene | 115-07-1 | 40 - 50 |

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

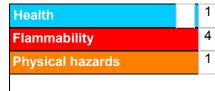
| State regulations | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Massachusetts | The following components are listed: PROPYLENE (PROPENE); PROPYNE; ISOBUTANE; BUTANE; PROPANE |
| New York | : None of the components are listed. |
| New Jersey | : The following components are listed: PROPYLENE; 1-PROPENE; METHYL ACETYLENE; 1-PROPYNE; PROPADIENE; 1,2-PROPADIENE; Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; BUTANE; PROPANE |
| Pennsylvania | The following components are listed: 1-PROPENE; 1-PROPYNE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; BUTANE; PROPANE |
| International regulations | |
| International lists | |
| National inventory | |
| Australia | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Canada | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| China | : Not determined. |
| Europe | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Malaysia | : Not determined. |
| New Zealand | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : Not determined. |
| <u>Canada</u> | |
| WHMIS (Canada) | : Class B1: Flammable Gases Class A: Compressed Gas |
| | CEPA DSL: Propylene; Isobutane; Butane; propadiene; Methyl Acetylene; Propane CPR Compliance: This product has been classified with a hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required for CPR. |

Section 16. Other information

Canada Label requirements : Class B1: Flammable Gases

Class A: Compressed Gas

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Class | sification | Justification |
|--|---|--|
| Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280 | | Expert judgment Expert judgment |
| <u>History</u> | | |
| Date of printing | : 7/1/2016 | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 7/1/2016 | |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | |
| Version | : 0.01 | |
| Key to abbreviations | IATA = International Air Tr IBC = Intermediate Bulk C IMDG = International Mari LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL 73/78 = Internat | actor ed System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ansport Association ontainer |
| References | : Not available. | |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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Propane

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : Propane |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : propane |
| Other means of identification | Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant. |
| Product use | : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry. |
| Synonym SDS # | Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant. 001045 |
| Supplier's details | Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause frostbite. May form explosive mixtures in Air. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |
| Precautionary statements | <u>S</u> |
| General | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Always keep container in upright position. Approach suspected leak area with caution. |
| Prevention | : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. |
| Storage | : Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F. Store in a well- ventilated place. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/20/2015 Data of provious issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 1/12 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Disposal | 1 | Not applicable. |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Hazards not otherwise classified | | In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Substance |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Chemical name | : propane |
| Other means of identification | Propyl hydride; n-Propane; Dimethyl methane; Bottled gas; propane in gaseous state; propane liquefied, n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant. |

| CAS number/other identifiers | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|----|
| CAS number | : | 74 |

| CAS number | : 74-98-6 | | |
|-----------------|-----------|-----|------------|
| Product code | : 001045 | | |
| Ingredient name | | % | CAS number |
| Propane | | 100 | 74-98-6 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
|------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| | |
| Potential acute health | ms/effects, acute and delayed |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| • | C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Frostbite | : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| Over-exposure signs/s | ymptoms |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| | |

Ingestion

Section 4. First aid measures

: No specific data.

| Indication of immediate me | ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary | |
|----------------------------|--|----|
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It m be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. | ay |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fighting measures | | |
|--|---|--|
| Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. | |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|-----|---|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ont | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | 1 | Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof |

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 : 10/20/2015
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 0.01

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tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | L | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Exposure limits |
|---|
| NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1800 ppm 8 hours. |
| |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | |
|------------------------|--|
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | | |
|--|---|--|
| Physical state | Gas. [Liquefied compressed gas.] | |
| Color | Colorless. | |
| Molecular weight | 44.11 g/mole | |
| Molecular formula | C3-H8 | |
| Boiling/condensation point | -161.48°C (-258.7°F) | |
| Melting/freezing point | -187.6°C (-305.7°F) | |
| Critical temperature | 96.55°C (205.8°F) | |
| Odor | Odorless.BUT MAY HAVE SKUNK ODOR ADDED. | |
| Odor threshold | Not available. | |
| рН | Not available. | |
| Flash point | Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F) Open cup: -104°C (-155.2°F) | |
| Burning time | Not applicable. | |
| Burning rate | Not applicable. | |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials. | |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | Lower: 1.8% Upper: 8.4% | |
| Vapor pressure | : 109 (psig) | |
| Vapor density | 1.6 (Air = 1) | |
| | | |

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| : 8.6206 | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| : 0.116 (25°C / 77 to °F) | | |
| : Not applicable. | | |
| : Not available. | | |
| : 0.0244 g/l | | |
| : 1.09 | | |
| : 287°C (548.6°F) | | |
| : Not available. | | |
| : Not available. | | |
| : Not applicable. | | |
| | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Oxidizers |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

IDLH

: 2100 ppm

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | 5 |
|---|--------------|--|
| Specific target organ toxicit Not available. | t y (| <u>single exposure)</u> |
| Specific target organ toxicit Not available. | t <u>y (</u> | repeated exposure) |
| Aspiration hazard Not available. | | |
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
| Potential acute health effects | 5 | |
| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | 1 | As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | sic | al, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | 1 | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | 1 | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | 4 | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : | No specific data. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | <u>ts</u> | and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| Short term exposure Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ect | <u>s</u> |
| Not available. | | |
| General | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Numerical measures of toxic | <u>ity</u> | |

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| Propane | 1.09 | - | low |

Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
|----------------------|------------------|
| coefficient (Koc) | |

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container. |
|------------------|---|
| | container. |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT | TDG | Mexico | IMDG | IATA |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---------|---------|---|
| UN number | UN1978 | UN1978 | UN1978 | UN1978 | UN1978 |
| UN proper shipping name | PROPANE | PROPANE | PROPANE | PROPANE | PROPANE |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environment | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and | - | - | Passenger and Carge AircraftQuantity limitation: 0 Forbidden Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg |
| | Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 150 kg Special provisions 19, T50 | Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 | | | |

Propane

Section 14. Transport information

| Passenger Carrying Ship Index 65 |
|---|
| Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden |
| Special provisions 29, 42 |

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

| Transport in bulk according | 1 | Not available. |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|
| to Annex II of MARPOL | | |
| 73/78 and the IBC Code | | |

Section 15. Regulatory information

| 0 | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| J.S. Federal regulations | : Т | SCA 8(a) CDR Exer | npt/Parti | ial exemption | : Not determir | ned | |
| | U | nited States invent | ory (TSC | CA 8b): This m | naterial is liste | d or exempted. | |
| | С | lean Air Act (CAA) | 112 regu | lated flamma | able substand | es : propane | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : N | lot listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : N | lot listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : N | lot listed | | | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : N | lot listed | | | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : N | lot listed | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ing | gredients | | | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : N | lot applicable. | | | | | |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | | | | | | | |
| Classification | | ire hazard udden release of pre | essure | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ing | gredients | | | | | |
| Name | | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
| Propane | | 100 | Yes. | Yes. | No. | No. | No. |

State regulations

New York

| Ma | ssa | chus | etts |
|----|-----|------|------|

- : This material is listed.
- : This material is not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

| 3 | |
|---------------------------|---|
| New Jersey | : This material is listed. |
| Pennsylvania | : This material is listed. |
| International regulations | |
| International lists | |
| National inventory | |
| Australia | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Canada | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| China | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Europe | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Malaysia | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| New Zealand | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Republic of Korea | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : This material is listed or exempted. |
| <u>Canada</u> | |
| WHMIS (Canada) | : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. |
| | CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed. |

Section 16. Other information

| Canada Label requirements | | Class A: Compressed gas. |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | | Class B-1: Flammable gas. |

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Class | sification | Justification |
|---|--|---|
| Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280 | | Expert judgment Expert judgment |
| <u>History</u> Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/20/2015 : 10/20/2015 | |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation | |
| Version | : 0.01 | |
| Key to abbreviations | IATA = International Air Tra IBC = Intermediate Bulk Co IMDG = International Mariti LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL 73/78 = Internatio | ctor d System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals insport Association intainer |
| References | : Not available. | |
| Indicates information that | t has changed from previously | <i>issued version.</i> |
| Other special considerations | radioactive materials". Altho MSDS do not present any of the potential for Radon dau source of their product streat which can be a contaminant to be concentrated in Lique similar boiling point range. I small amounts of Radon-22 "daughters". The actual cor delivered product is depend storage time prior to deliver units) may accumulate sign radiation reading during ope any pipe valve or vessel con deposits of radioactive mate wall. Field studies reported workers to cumulative expo emitting gamma radiation s emitting decay products wh equipment such as coverall efficiency particulates and r entering a vessel or working contamination, ingestion, of | ven to call attention to the issue of "Naturally occurring bugh Radon-222 levels in the product represented by this direct Radon exposure hazard, customers should be aware of ghter build up within their processing systems, whatever the ams. Radon-222 is a naturally occurring radioactive gas it in natural gas. During subsequent processing , Radon tends fied Petroleum Gas streams and in product streams having a Industry experience has shown that this product may contain 22 and its radioactive decay products, called Radon neentration of Radon-222 and radioactive daughters in the dent on the geographical source of the natural gas and ry. Process equipment (i.e. lines, filters, pumps and reaction ificant levels of radioactive daughters and show a gamma eration. A potential external radiation hazard exists at or near ntaining a Radon enriched stream, or containing internal erial due to the transmission of gamma radiation through its in the literature have not shown any conditions that subject psures in excess of general population limits. Equipment hould be presumed to be internally contaminated with alpha ich may be a hazard if inhaled or ingested. Protective Is, gloves, and respirator (NIOSH/MHSA approved for high radionuclides, or supplied air) should be worn by personnel g on contaminated process equipment to prevent skin r inhalation of any residues containing alpha radiation. y be minimized by handling scale and/or contaminated |

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Section 3 - Liquids - Non-Flammable

- 8. BlackSwan Dark Cutting Oil
- 9. Fisher Milk of Magnesia
- 10. Ridgid Dark Cutting Oil
- 11. Water

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)



BLACK SWAN MFG. CO.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET



| Manufacturer: | For any Transportation or Medical Chemical Emergencies call: |
|---|--|
| Black Swan Mfg. Co. 4540 W. Thomas St. Chicago, IL 60651-3318 Tel.: 800-252-5796 Fax: 773-227-3705 Web Site : <u>www.blackswanmfg.com</u> E-mail : <u>info@blackswanmfg.com</u> | INFOTRAC (800) 535-5053 OR (352) 323-3500 24 hours per day - 7 days a week |
| Product Name: Dark Cutting Oil | Recommended Use: To lubricate and reduce heat generation in the process of threading metal pipes. |

| Labels | NFPA | | GHS Classification | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Irritant Signal Word | HEALTH HAZARD 4 - Deadly 3 - Extreme Danger 2 - Hazardous 1 - Slight Hazardous 0 - Normal Material | FIRE HAZARD Flash Points 4 – Below 73°F 3 – Below 100°F 2 – Above 100°F, Not exceeding 200°F 1 – Above 200°F | Health Acute Toxicity: Category 4 Skin Irritation: Category 3 | Environmental Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Not Established |
| Warning HMIS | SPECIFIC HAZARD | 0 – Will not burn REACTIVITY 4 – May detonate | Eye Irritation: Category 2b Skin Sensitization: NO | Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Not Established |
| HEALTH 1 | Acid ACID Alkali ALK Corrosive COR Use NO WATER W Radioactive | 3 – Shock and heat may detonate 2 – Violent chemical change 1 – Unstable if heated | cal Physical None | |
| FLAMMABILITY 1 REACTIVITY 0 | | 0 – Stable | Hazardous Statements H303: May be harmful if swallowed H316: Causes mild skin irritation H320: Causes eye irritation | Precautionary Statements P102: Keep out of reach of children P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing P264: Wash thoroughly after handling P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection |

| SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Chemicals | CAS# | EINECS# | REACH Pre-registration Number | <u>Approx %</u> |
| SEVERELY TREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC PETROLEUM OIL | 64742-52-5 | N/A | N/A | 40-80% |
| DISTILLATE PETROLEUM SOLVENT REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC OIL | 64741-88-4 | N/A | N/A | 5-10% |
| DARK SULFUR BLEND | PROPRIETARY | N/A | N/A | 5-30% |
| CHLORINATED ALKANES CHAIN LENGTH 14-17 | 61788-76-9 | N/A | N/A | 1-5% |
| *Unlisted ingredients are not classified as hazardous according | to OSHA 1910.1200. | | | |

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Fresh air should alleviate any respiratory discomfort. If breathing difficulties develop or persist, get medical attention.
Skin: Wash exposed area with mild soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get immediate medical help.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard: Directly spraying extinguishing media onto hot burning products may cause frothing and spreading of fire. **Combustion Products**: None.

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Sand or Sodium Bicarbonate.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

Protective Equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus & protective clothing.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: If near fire, use cold water to cool container and prevent rupture.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Minimize skin contact. **Protective Equipment**: None.

Emergency Procedures: None.

Environmental Precautions: Keep product away from sewers, watercourse or extensive land areas.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Contain spill and transfer to suitable containers or soak up in absorbent medium. Finally, flush areas with cold water. If spill enters sewer, notify authorities.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

 Handling

 Keep out of reach of children. Keep container closed when not in use.
 Handling

Protect from freezing temperatures. Avoid heating above 120°F for prolonged periods of time. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents.

Storage

| SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----|---------------------|--|--|
| Exposure Limits Hazardous Chemicals ACGIH-TLV ACGIH-STEL OSHA-PEL | | | | | |
| SEVERELY TREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC PETROLEUM OIL | 5mg/m ³ | N/A | 5 mg/m^3 | | |
| DISTILLATE PETROLEUM SOLVENT REFINED HEAVY PARAFFINIC OIL | 5mg/m ³ | N/A | 5 mg/m ³ | | |

Engineering Controls: A source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact. Use local exhaust as needed. Workers should wash exposed skin several times daily with soap and water. Soiled work clothing should be laundered or dry cleaned. **Ventilation**: Local exhaust adequate.

Personal Protective Equipment – Respiratory: None. **Skin:** Chemical resistant gloves. Impervious apron. **Eyes:** Splash goggles/Face shield.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance: | Dark Amber | Flash Point: | 350°F | Vapor Pressure: | Not Established |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Odor: | Bland | Specific Gravity: | <1 | Flammability: | Not Established |
| pH: | Not Established | Solubility (H2O): | Insoluble | Flammability Limits: | LEL - Not Established |
| Melting Point: | Not Established | Evaporation Rate: | Not Established | | UEL - Not Established |
| Freezing Point: | Not Established | Vapor Density: | >1 | | |
| Boiling Point: | Not Established | VOC: | 0 g/l | | |

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: None.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal-carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide when after content has evaporated and residue is exposed to excessive heat.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Hazardous Chemicals

<u>Toxicity</u> <u>LD₅₀</u>

LC₅₀

SEVERELY TREATED HEAVY NAPHTHENIC PETROLEUM OIL

Oral: >5000 mg/kg (rat) Dermal: >2000 mg/kg (rabbit) $2180 \text{ mg/m}^3 4 \text{ hours (rat)}$

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin Contact, Eye contact.

Symptoms and Effect – Inhalation: None. Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation and inflammation. Possible eye irritant. Eye Contact: May cause irritation. Ingestion: May result in nausea or stomach discomfort. Long-Term Effect: Skin irritation from long-term or repeated skin exposure may cause development of dermatitis.

Pre-Existing Conditions: None known.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: None known.

Persistance & Degradability: None known.

Bioaccumulative Potential: None known.

Mobility in soil: In normal use, emission of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of 0 g/l.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Dispose of product or container in accordance with federal, state or local regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

D.O.T. (U.S.) : Not Regulated.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: None. **Risk Phrases:** None. **Safety Phrases: S2-**Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. Black Swan Mfg. Co. urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on the sheets. DATE: 01/01/2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 17-Sep-2014 Creation Date 17-Sep-2014 **Revision Number** 1 1. Identification Magnesium Hydroxide (USP/FCC) **Product Name** Cat No. : M342-500 **Synonyms** Magnesia magma; Magnesium Hydrate, Milk of Magnesia. **Recommended Use** Laboratory chemicals. No Information available Uses advised against Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company **Emergency Telephone Number Fisher Scientific** CHEMTREC®. Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 One Reagent Lane CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

Tel: (201) 796-7100

9

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin Corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Target Organs - Respiratory system. Category 2 Category 2 Category 3

Label Elements

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area **Inhalation** IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

3. Composition / information on ingredients

| Comp | onent | CAS-No | Weight % | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Magnesium hydroxide | | 1309-42-8 | 95 - 100 | |
| | Λ [| First-aid measures | | |
| | 4. г | nist-alu measures | | |
| Eye Contact | Rinse immedia Obtain medica | ately with plenty of water, also under t al attention. | he eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. | |
| Skin Contact | | Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. | | |
| Inhalation | Move to fresh occur. | Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. | | |
| Ingestion | Do not induce | Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention. | | |

| Most important symptoms/effects | No information available. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Notes to Physician | Treat symptomatically |

| | 5. Fire-fighting measures |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable Extinguishing Media | Dry chemical. |
| Unsuitable Extinguishing Media | No information available |
| Flash Point Method - | No information available No information available |

| Autoignition Temperature | No information available |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Explosion Limits | |
| Upper | No data available |
| Lower | No data available |
| Sensitivity to Mechanical Impac | t No information available |
| Sensitivity to Static Discharge | No information available |

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Magnesium oxides

Г

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

| NFPA Health 2 | Flammability 1 | Instability 1 | Physical hazards N/A | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | 6. Accidental rel | lease measures | | | |
| Personal Precautions | Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. | | | | |
| Environmental Precautions | Avoid release to the enviro | | | | |
| Methods for Containment and Clean Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dust Up formation. | | | | | |
| | 7. Handling a | and storage | | | |
| Handling | landlingWear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation.Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. | | | | |
| Storage | torage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. | | | | |
| 8. E | Exposure controls | / personal protection | on | | |
| Exposure Guidelines | This product does not cont established by the region s | | th occupational exposure limits | | |
| Engineering Measures Personal Protective Equipment | • | n, especially in confined areas. se to the workstation location. | Ensure that eyewash stations | | |
| Eye/face Protection | | e eyeglasses or chemical safet ection regulations in 29 CFR 19 | | | |
| Skin and body protection Respiratory Protection | Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. | | | | |
| Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. | | | | | |

| | 9. Physical and chemical properties |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Physical State | Solid |
| Appearance | White |
| Odor | Odorless |
| Odor Threshold | No information available |
| рН | 9.5 - 10.5 (Slurry) |
| Melting Point/Range | 350 °C / 662 °F |
| Boiling Point/Range | No information available |
| Flash Point | No information available |

| Evaporation Rate |
|--|
| Flammability (solid,gas) |
| Flammability or explosive limits |
| Upper |
| Lower |
| Vapor Pressure |
| Vapor Density |
| Relative Density |
| Solubility |
| Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water |
| Autoignition Temperature |
| Decomposition temperature |
| Viscosity |
| Molecular Formula |
| Molecular Weight |
| |

No information available No information available

No data available No data available No information available No information available 2.36 (H2O=1) Insoluble in water No data available No information available No information available No information available Mg(OH)2 58.3178

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactive Hazard | None known, based on information available | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Stability | Hygroscopic. Air sensitive. | | | | |
| Conditions to Avoid | Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to air. Exposure to moist air or water. | | | | |
| Incompatible Materials | Powdered metals | | | | |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products Magnesium oxides | | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. | | | | |
| Hazardous Reactions | None under normal processing. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

11. Toxicological information

| Acute Toxicity | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|-------------------|------------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Product Information | - | No acute toxicity information is available for this product | | | | | | |
| Component Informa Toxicologically Syn | | No information available | | | | | | |
| Products <u>Delayed and immed</u> | liate effects as w | ell as chronic effe | cts from short an | d long-term expo | sure | | | |
| Irritation | | Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin | | | | | | |
| Sensitization | | No information available | | | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. | | | | | | |
| Component | CAS-No | IARC | NTP | ACGIH | OSHA | Mexico | | |
| Magnesium hydroxide | 1309-42-8 | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | Not listed | | |
| Mutagenic Effects | | No information available | | | | | | |
| Reproductive Effect | ts | No information available. | | | | | | |
| Developmental Effe | cts | No information available. | | | | | | |

Teratogenicity No information available.

| STOT - single exposure | Respiratory system |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| STOT - repeated exposure | None known |
| Aspiration hazard | No information available |

| Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed | No information available |
|---|--|
| Endocrine Disruptor Information | No information available |
| Other Adverse Effects | The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. |
| | 12. Ecological information |
| Ecotoxicity Do not empty into drains. | |

| Persistence and Degradability | No information available |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation | No information available. |
| Mobility | No information available. |

| | 13. Disposal considerations |
|------------------------|---|
| Waste Disposal Methods | Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. |

| 14. Transport information | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| DOT | Not regulated | | | |
| DOT TDG IATA | Not regulated | | | |
| ΙΑΤΑ | Not regulated | | | |
| IMDG/IMO | Not regulated | | | |
| 15. Regulatory information | | | | |

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: Australia X = listed China Canada The product is classified and labeled according to EC directives or corresponding national laws The product is classified and labeled in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC Europe TSCA Korea Philippines Japan

International Inventories

| Component | TSCA | DSL | NDSL | EINECS | ELINCS | NLP | PICCS | ENCS | AICS | IECSC | KECL |
|---------------------|------|-----|------|-----------|--------|-----|-------|------|------|-------|------|
| Magnesium hydroxide | Х | Х | - | 215-170-3 | - | | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х |

Legend:

X - Listed

E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.

F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.

N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.

P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance

R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.

S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule

T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).

Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

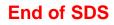
| SARA 313 Not a |
|----------------|
|----------------|

| SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Acute Health Hazard | Yes |
| Chronic Health Hazard | No |
| Fire Hazard | No |
| Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard | No |

| Magnesium Hydroxide (USP/ | FCC) | Revision Date 17-Sep-2014 | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Reactive Hazard | No | | |
| Clean Water Act | Not applicable | | |
| Clean Air Act | Not applicable | | |
| OSHA Occupational Safety and He Not applicable | ealth Administration | | |
| CERCLA Not applicable | | | |
| California Proposition 65 | This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemica | als | |
| State Right-to-Know | Not applicable | | |
| U.S. Department of Transportation | on | | |
| Reportable Quantity (RQ): DOT Marine Pollutant DOT Severe Marine Pollutant | N N N | | |
| U.S. Department of Homeland Se This product does not contain any | | | |
| Other International Regulations | | | |
| Mexico - Grade | No information available | | |
| Canada This product has been classified the MSDS contains all the inform | I in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled P nation required by the CPR | Products Regulations (CPR) and | |
| WHMIS Hazard Class | D2B Toxic materials | | |
| | | | |
| | 16. Other information | | |
| Prepared By | Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com | | |
| Creation Date Revision Date Print Date Revision Summary | 17-Sep-2014 17-Sep-2014 17-Sep-2014 This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) | | |

Disclaimer

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.







SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 – Product & Company Identification

| Product Name: Product Catalog No | RIDGID Dark Thread Cutting Oil 41590, 70830, 41610, 41600 |
|---|--|
| Recommended Use: | Thread Cutting |
| | 400 Clark Street Elyria, Ohio 44035-6001 |
| Telephone: Emergency Telephone: Website | call 9-1-1 or local emergency number |
| Issue Date: | May 29, 2015 |

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

This product is classified as not hazardous per US OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015).

GHS Label Elements: Not applicable

Section 3 – Composition / Information On Ingredients

Component: Mineral Oil CAS # Confidential

<u>% By Weight</u> 40-100%

This product does not contain silicone or chlorinated additives.

Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as trade secrets.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

INGESTION:

Rinse mouth thoroughly. Call a Poison Center or doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting.

INHALATION:

Move to fresh air. Call a Poison Center or doctor if you feel unwell.





SKIN CONTACT:

Remove contaminated/saturated clothing and shoes. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

EYE CONTACT:

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED Symptoms:

No data available.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Treatment:

Get medical attention as appropriate or if symptoms persist

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

GENERAL FIRE HAZARDS:

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SUITABLE (AND UNSUITABLE) EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable extinguishing media:

No data available.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:

Heat may cause the containers to pressurize and possibly rupture. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS Special firefighting procedures:

No data available.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment appropriate for Industrial fires.



Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Absorb with sand or other inert absorbent. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Avoid release to the environment. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so and protect against releases into the environment. Remediate as appropriate.

Section 7 – Handling And Storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not expose to intense heat as product may expand and pressurize container. End-users should follow industry best practices for handling and using this product. Guidance may be found using the current version of ASTM Standard E1497-05: Standard Practice for Selection and Safe Use of Water-Miscible and Straight Oil Metal Removal Fluids

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Store in original tightly closed container. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Store away from incompatible materials.

SHELF LIFE: 720 days



Section 8 – Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

| Chemical name | type | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|---------------------|------|-----------------------|--|
| Mineral oil - Mist. | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
| Mineral oil - Mist. | STEL | 10 mg/m ³ | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) |

PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

Use personal protective equipment as required.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from supervisor on the company's respiratory protection standards.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

SKIN AND BODY PROTECTION:

Wear protective clothing appropriate for the risk of exposure. Contact health and safety professional or manufacturer for specific information.

HYGIENE MEASURES:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.



Section 9 – Physical And Chemical Properties

Appearance **Physical State** Form Color Odor Odor Threshold pН Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - upper (%) Flammability limit - lower (%) Explosive limit – upper (%) Explosive limit – lower (%) Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Solubility in water Solubility (other) Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity VOC

Liquid No data available Black Mild petroleum No data available No data available No data available No data available 196 °C (385 °F) No data available 0.878 Insoluble No data available No data available No data available

No data available No data available 42.5 mm²/s (40 °C, measured) 2 g/l



Section 10 – Stability And Reactivity

REACTIVITY: Not reactive during normal use.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: No data available.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: None under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat or contamination.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: No data available.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Ingestion:

May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. Inhalation:

Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, vapors,

fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.

Skin Contact:

Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation.

Eye contact:

Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.



INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS Acute toxicity Oral Product: ATEmix (): 2000 - 5000 mg/kg **Dermal Product:** ATEmix (): 2000 - 5000 mg/kg Inhalation Product: ATEmix (, 4h): > 5000 mg/l dusts, mists and fumes Repeated dose toxicity Product: No data available. Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product: No data available. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Product: No data available. **Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Product:** No data available. Carcinogenicity Product: No data available. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: No carcinogenic components identified US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): No carcinogenic components identified Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: No data available. In vivo Product: No data available. **Reproductive toxicity Product:** No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Product: No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Product: No data available. Aspiration Hazard Product: No data available. Other effects: No data available



Section 12 – Ecological Information

GENERAL INFORMATION:

This product has not been evaluated for ecological toxicity or other environmental effects.

Section 13 – Disposal Consideration

DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. It is the responsibility of the product user or owner to determine at the time of disposal, which waste regulations must be applied.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING:

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Section 14 – Transportation Information

This material is not subject to transport regulations.

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories - None SARA 313 (TRI Reporting) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US STATE REGULATIONS

US. California Proposition 65

No component is regulated by CA Prop 65.



Section 16 – Other Information

Prepared by:.... Ridge Tool Company

Issue Date: May 29, 2015 Last Revision Date: May 29, 2015

RIDGE TOOL BELIEVES THE STATEMENTS, TECHNICAL INFORMATION AND RECOM-MENDATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE RELIABLE BUT THEY ARE GIVEN WITHOUT WARRANTY OR GUARANTEE OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND WE ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE, DIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL, ARISING OUT OF THEIR USE.





05/2015

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Deionized Water SYNONYMS: Reagent Water, Purified Water, Distilled Water PRODUCT CODES: ES616, ES616-32, ES616-2.5G, ES616-5G, ES611, ES612

MANUFACTURER: Azer Scientific, Inc. ADDRESS: 701 Hemlock Rd, Morgantown, PA 19543

CHEMTREC PHONE:800-424-9300SUPPORT:610-524-5810FAX:610-901-3046

PRODUCT USE: Laboratory grade water **PREPARED BY:** CB

SECTION 1 NOTES:

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATION: The substance is not classified according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Pictogram: N/A Signal Word: N/A

SECTION 2 NOTES:

| SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| INGREDIENT: | CAS NO. | <u>% WT</u> | | |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | 100 | | |
| SECTION 3 NOTES: | | | | |
| SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES | | | | |

EYES: Generally not expected to irritate eyes. **SKIN:** Generally product will not irritate skin. **INGESTION:** Generally not harmful if ingested. **INHALATION:** Supply fresh air. Consult physician if irritation occurs.

SECTION 4 NOTES:

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABILITY OF THE PRODUCT: Will not burn, will not support fire.

FLASH POINT: Not available

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

NFPA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:0 FLAMMABILITY: 0 OTHER:

REACTIVITY: 0

PAGE 1 OF 5 SDS-Deionized water-ES616



05/2015

HMIS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION HEALTH:0 FLAMMABILITY: 0 REAC PROTECTION:

REACTIVITY: 0

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use extinquishing media suitable for surrounding fire.

NOT SUITABLE: No information available.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: N/A

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: N/A

SECTION 5 NOTES:

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

SECTION 6 NOTES:

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: No special handling required.

STORAGE: No special storage requirements.

SECTION 7 NOTES:

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No special equipment required.

EYE PROTECTION: Glasses or splash goggles recommended in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SKIN PROTECTION: Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: N/A

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: N/A

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: N/A

| Component | Source | Туре | Value | Note |
|-----------|--------|------|-------|------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

SECTION 8 NOTES:

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES



05/2015

APPEARANCE: Clear, colorless ODOR: Odorless PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid pH AS SUPPLIED: Not Available BOILING POINT: 100°C MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT: 0°C VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): 3.169 kPa @ 25 °C VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): Not Available EVAPORATION RATE: Not Available SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble in water MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 16 VISCOSITY: Not established

SECTION 9 NOTES:

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Product is stable under normal conditions of use.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY): None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID): Strong acids and bases, water reactive substances.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS: None known.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No hazardous polymerization

CONDITIONS TO AVOID (POLYMERIZATION): N/A

SECTION 10 NOTES:

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oral LD50 no data available Inhalation LC50 no data available Dermal LD50 no data available Other information on acute toxicity no data available Skin corrosion/irritation no data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eyes: no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization no data available Germ cell mutagenicity no data available **Carcinogenicity:** NTP: No IARC: No OSHA Reg: No Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System) no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System) no data available Aspiration hazard no data available Potential health effects: None known

PAGE 3 OF 5 SDS-Deionized water-ES616



Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: N/A

05/2015

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Skin/eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS: None known

TARGET ORGANS: N/A

SECTION 11 NOTES:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY: No relevant information available. PERSISTANCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Expected to readily degrade. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: N/A MOBILITY IN SOIL: N/A PBT and vPvB ASSESSMENT: Not Required

SECTION 12 NOTES:

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Spent product or spill clean up-follow all provincial, local, state, and federal regulations.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS:

SECTION 13 NOTES:

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION: Not Regulated PROPER SHIPPING NAME: HAZARD CLASS: ID NUMBER: PACKING GROUP: LABEL STATEMENT: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:
- AIR TRANSPORTATION: Not Regulated PROPER SHIPPING NAME: HAZARD CLASS: ID NUMBER: PACKING GROUP: LABEL STATEMENTS:

OTHER AGENCIES: Canadian TDG: Not regulated / Environmental Hazards: No EU ADR/RID: Not regulated / Environmental Hazards: No IATA/ICAO: Not regulated / Environmental Hazards: No

SECTION 14 NOTES:

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States HCS Classification: Not Classified



05/2015

U.S. Federal regulations:

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory. SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT):

DEA List I & II Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

Not listed

RTK STATES: Water CAS# 7732-18-5 PA, NJ

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm: None

CANADA WHMIS (Canada):

Not Classified

CEPA DSL / CEPA NDSL:

All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations International lists:

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

DISCLAIMER: This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries makes any warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, expressed or implied, which respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. In no event shall Azer Scientific be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages resulting from use of or reliance upon this information.

PREPARATION INFORMATION: Prepared 5/28/2015 REV1

Section 4 - Liquids - Flammable

- 12. CRC Electronic Cleaner
- 13. DuroDyne Spray Galv Stripper
- 14. LabChem Acetone
- 15. Lucas White Lithium Grease
- 16. Marathon Hydraulic Oil
- 17. Marathon Unleaded Gas
- 18. Oatey PVC Cement HD Clear
- 19. Oatey PVC Clear Primer
- 20. Oatey PVC Purple Primer
- 21. Rustoleum Cold Galv Spray
- 22. Rustoleum Inverted Marking
- 23. Rustoleum Spray Primer
- 24. Shell Diesel Fuel
- 25. Total Xylene
- 26. WD-40

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| Product identifier | QD® Electronic Cleaner | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Other means of identification | | |
| Product code | 05101, 05103, 05703 | |
| Recommended use | Electronic cleaner | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplie | r/Distributor information | |
| Manufactured or sold by: | | |
| Company name | CRC Industries, Inc. | |
| Address | 885 Louis Dr. | |
| | Warminster, PA 18974 US | |
| Telephone | | |
| General Information | 215-674-4300 | |
| Technical | 800-521-3168 | |
| Assistance | | |
| Customer Service | 800-272-4620 | |
| 24-Hour Emergency | 800-424-9300 (US) | |
| (CHEMTREC) | 703-527-3887 (International) | |
| Website | www.crcindustries.com | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Gases under pressure | Liquefied gas |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard | Category 3 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |
| | | > |
| Signal word | Danger | |
| Hazard statement | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas ur | nder pressure; may explode if hea |

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Avoid release to the environment.

ResponseIf swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash
with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing
and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage

Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

96.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

media

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light | | 64742-49-0 | 70 - 80 |
| 1,1-Difluoroethane | HFC-152a | 75-37-6 | 20 - 30 |
| n-Hexane | | 110-54-3 | 3 - 5 |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane | | 75-83-2 | < 0.2 |
| 2-Methylpentane | | 107-83-5 | < 0.2 |

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
|--|---|
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This Specific hazards arising from product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient the chemical charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with Special protective equipment face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. and precautions for firefighters **Fire-fighting** In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without equipment/instructions risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

| 6. Accidental release mea | |
|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Many vapors are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent product from entering drains. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. For product usage instructions, please see the product label. |
| Conditions for safe storage, | Level 3 Aerosol. |
| including any incompatibilities | Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--|
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| . , , , | | 500 ppm | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value | S | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2) | STEL | 1000 ppm | |
| - | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| 2-Methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5) | STEL | 1000 ppm | |
| , | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher | nical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane (CAS 75-83-2) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| / | | 510 ppm | |

| US. | NIOSH: | Pocket | Guide to | Chemical | Hazards |
|-----|--------|--------|----------|----------|---------|
|-----|--------|--------|----------|----------|---------|

| | |) | | /alue |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| | TWA | | ć | 350 mg/m3 |
| | | | | 100 ppm |
| 2-Methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5) | Ceilir | ng | | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | | Ę | 510 ppm |
| | TWA | | : | 350 mg/m3 |
| | | | | 100 ppm |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) | TWA | | | 180 mg/m3 |
| | | | Ę | 50 ppm |
| US. AIHA Workplace Enviro Components | onmental Exposure L Type | | | /alue |
| | | | | |
| 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) | TWA | | | 2700 mg/m3 |
| | | | | 1000 ppm |
| ological limit values | | | | |
| ACGIH Biological Exposure Components | e indices Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) (| 0.4 mg/l | 2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis | Urine | * |
| * - For sampling details, plea | se see the source doci | | | |
| posure guidelines | | | | |
| US - California OELs: Skin | designation | | | |
| | designation | | | |
| m Llovena (CAC 110 F1 | 2) | Can be | | avelation align |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- US ACGIH Threshold Limit | | | e absorbed thr | ough the skin. |
| | Values: Skin designa 3) | ation Can be | e absorbed thre | ough the skin. |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit | Values: Skin designa Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits have | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis | e absorbed thre air changes pe plicable, use p iin airborne lev hed, maintain | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- ppropriate engineering | Values: Skin designa 3) Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits have wash facilities and e | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme | e absorbed thre air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, rels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- opropriate engineering introls dividual protection measures Eye/face protection | Values: Skin designa 3) Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits hav wash facilities and e s, such as personal pr | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme | e absorbed thre air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, rels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- opropriate engineering ontrols | Values: Skin designa Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits hav wash facilities and e such as personal pr Wear safety glasses | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme s with side shields | e absorbed thre air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt (or goggles). | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, rels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- opropriate engineering ontrols dividual protection measures Eye/face protection Skin protection | Values: Skin designa Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits hav wash facilities and e such as personal pr Wear safety glasses | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme s with side shields | e absorbed thro air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt (or goggles). | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, rels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye able when handling this product. |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- opropriate engineering ontrols dividual protection measures Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection | Values: Skin designa Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits hav wash facilities and e such as personal pr Wear safety glasses Wear protective glo Wear appropriate cl If engineering contr NIOSH-approved ca | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme s with side shields ves such as: Nitrile hemical resistant cl ols are not feasible artridge respirator v s in confined space | e absorbed thro air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt (or goggles). . Polyvinyl chlo othing. or if exposure vith an organic s and for emel | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, rels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye able when handling this product. |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit n-Hexane (CAS 110-54- opropriate engineering ontrols dividual protection measures Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Other | Values: Skin designa Good general ventil should be matched or other engineering exposure limits hav wash facilities and e such as personal pr Wear safety glasses Wear protective glo Wear appropriate cl If engineering contr NIOSH-approved ca breathing apparatus | ation Can be ation (typically 10 a to conditions. If ap g controls to mainta e not been establis emergency shower rotective equipme s with side shields ves such as: Nitrile hemical resistant cl ols are not feasible artridge respirator v s in confined space nployee exposure I | e absorbed thre air changes pe plicable, use p in airborne lev hed, maintain must be availa nt (or goggles). . Polyvinyl chlo othing. or if exposure vith an organic s and for emer evels. | ough the skin. r hour) should be used. Ventilation rates rocess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, vels below recommended exposure limits. If airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye able when handling this product. |

| Appearance | |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | Colorless. |
| Odor | Alcoholic. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| | |

| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 123 °F (50.6 °C) estimated |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Flash point | < 0 °F (< -17.8 °C) Tag Closed Cup |
| Evaporation rate | Very fast. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 1.1 % estimated |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 19 % estimated |
| Vapor pressure | 175 mmHg (68 °F (20 °C)) |
| Vapor density | > 1 (air = 1) |
| Relative density | 0.72 estimated |
| Solubility (water) | Negligible. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity (kinematic) | Not available. |
| Percent volatile | 100 % estimated |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Carbon oxides. |

11. Toxicological information

| Information on likely routes of | exposure | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | | |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | | |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may ca | ause temporary irritation. | |
| Ingestion | Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. | | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. | | |
| Information on toxicological ef | ffects | | |
| Acute toxicity | May be fatal if swallowed and e | nters airways. Narcotic effects. | |
| Product | Species | Species Test Results | |
| QD® Electronic Cleaner | | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Dermal | | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 2696 mg/kg estimated | |
| Inhalation | | | |
| LC50 | Rat 26392 ppm, 4 hours estimated | | |
| | | 27 mg/l, 4 hours estimated | |

| Product | Species | Test Results | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Oral | | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 19828 mg/kg estimated | |
| * Estimates for product may I | be based on additional component of | data not shown. | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Direct contact with eyes may cau | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. | Not a respiratory sensitizer. | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to c | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. | | |
| Carcinogenicity | Risk of cancer cannot be exclude | ed with prolonged exposure. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | May cause drowsiness and dizziness. | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | | |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting, may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death. | | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be har | mful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. | |

12. Ecological information

| cotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | | |
|---|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Product | | Species | Test Results |
| QD® Electronic Cleaner | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish | 1553.8115 mg/l, 96 hours estimated |
| Acute | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia | 1754.8054 mg/l, 48 hours estimated |
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3 | 3) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales prome | elas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Partition coefficient n-oc | tanol / water (log Kow) |
|----------------------------|---|
| 1,1-Difluoroethane | 0.75 |
| 2,2-Dimethylbutane | 3.82 |
| 2-Methylpentane | 3.74 |
| n-Hexane | 3.9 |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. |

13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal of waste from residues / unused products | If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
|--|---|
| Hazardous waste code | D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F |
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

| Hexanes) re handling. |
|--------------------------|
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15. Regulatory information

| US federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. |
|--|--|
| TSCA Section 12(b) Exp | ort Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) |
| Not regulated. US. OSHA Specifically F | Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) |
| Not listed. SARA 304 Emergency re | elease notification |
| Not regulated. US EPCRA (SARA Title I | III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110- CERCLA Hazardous Sul | 54-3) ostance List (40 CFR 302.4) |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110- CERCLA Hazardous Sul | 54-3) Listed. Distances: Reportable quantity |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110- | 54-3) 5000 LBS |
| | ulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National 0-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. |

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Food and Drug Not regulated. Administration (FDA) Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Immediate Hazard - Yes Section 311/312 Hazard categories Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No No SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance **US state regulations** US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a)) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List** 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law Isopropyl alcohol (CAS 67-63-0) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) US. Rhode Island RTK 1,1-Difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) US. California Proposition 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance Methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012 Methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014 Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations **EPA** VOC content (40 CFR 75 % 51.100(s)) Consumer products Not regulated (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) State **Consumer products** This product is regulated as an Electronic Cleaner. This product is compliant for use in all 50 states. VOC content (CA) 75 % 75 % VOC content (OTC)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 05-07-2015 |
|---------------------|--|
| Prepared by | Allison Cho |
| Version # | 01 |
| Further information | CRC # 985 |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 1 Flammability: 4 Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: B |
| NFPA ratings | Health: 1 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 |
| NFPA ratings | |

Disclaimer

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC Industries' knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industries.



| PHYSICAL | 1 |
|---------------|---|
| HEALTH | 1 |
| ENVIRONMENTAL | 0 |

13

SAFETY DATA SHEET Prepared by Duro Dyne April 29, 2015

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade name: Product Identifier: Item #: Supplier Details:

STRIPPER CLEANER & LUBRICATING SPRAY 27147 DURO DYNE CORPORATION 81 Spence Street Bay Shore, NY 11706

Information Phone No: Emergency Phone No:

800-899-3876

800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Hazards: Health Hazards: Environmental Hazards: OSHA Defined Hazards: Label Elements:



Signal Word: Hazard Statement:

Precautionary Statement: Prevention:

Response:

Storage:

Flammable aerosols. Aspiration hazard. Not classified. Not classified.

Danger Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do Not induce vomiting. Wash hands after handling. **If exposed or concerned**: Get medical advice/attention. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC): Supplemental Information:

None known. None.

3. <u>COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS</u>

Mixtures:

| CHEMICAL NAME | CAS # | % |
|----------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent- | 64742-65-0 | 60-80 |
| Dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic | | |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-20 |
| Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 |
| Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate | 68649-42-3 | 1-2.5 |
| | | |

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| Inhalation: Skin Contact: Eye Contact: Ingestion: | If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist. Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs. |
|---|---|
| Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed General Information: | Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precaution to protect themselves. |
| 5. <u>FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</u> | |
| Suitable Extinguishing Media: Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: | Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2) Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |

| Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. |
|---|--|
| Special Protective Equipment and | |
| Precautions for Firefighters: | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire-fighting Equipment/Instructions: | Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. |
| Specific Methods: | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| General Fire Hazards: | Extremely flammable aerosol. |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective

| i ci sonai i i ccautions, i i otective | |
|--|---|
| Equipment and Emergency Procedures: | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
| Methods and Materials for Containment | |
| and Cleaning Up: | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place in containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. |
| | Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |

Environmental Precautions: Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. 7. <u>HANDLING AND STORAGE</u> **Precautions for Safe Handling:** Pressurized container. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:** Level 3 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS. Level 3 Aerosol.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Occupational Exposure Limits: | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| US OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for A | ir Contaminants (29 CFR | . 1910.1000) |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | PEL | 1800 mg/m3 |
| | | 1000 ppm |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit Valu | es | |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | STEL | 1000 ppm |
| US NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher | nical Hazards | |
| Components | Туре | Value |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | TWA | 1900 mg/m3 |
| | | 800 ppm |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | TWA | 1800 mg/m3 |
| ▲ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 1000 ppm |
| | | |

| Biological Limit Values: Appropriate Engineering Controls: | No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. |
|---|---|
| Individual Protective Measures, Such as Eye/Face Protection: Hand Protection: | Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. |
| Skin Protection: Respiratory Protection: | Wear suitable protective clothing. If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter/organic vapor cartridge or an air- supplied respirator. |
| Thermal Hazards: | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General Hygiene Considerations: | When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance/Physical State: | Liquid. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Form: | Aerosol. |
| Color: | Red. |
| Odor: | Mild. |
| Odor Threshold: | Not available. |
| pH: | Not available. |
| Melting Point/Freezing Point: | Not available. |
| Initial Boling Point and Boiling | |
| Range: | Not available. |
| Flash Point: | -156.0°F (-104.4°C) propellant estimated. |
| Evaporation Rate: | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| | |

| Upper/Lower | Flammability | v or Ex | plosive | Limits: |
|--------------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | , • | P-08-10 | |

| Flammability Limit-Lower (%): | 1.9% estimated. |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Flammability Limit-Upper (%): | 9.5 % estimated. |
| Explosive Limit-Lower (%): | Not available. |
| Explosive Limit-Upper (%): | Not available. |
| Vapor Pressure: | 61 psig@70F estimated. |

| Not available. |
|------------------------|
| 0.782 g/cm3 estimated. |
| Not available. |
| |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| Not available. |
| 41.12 estimated. |
| |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

Chemical Stability: Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Conditions to Avoid:

Incompatible Materials: Hazardous Decomposition Products:

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Ingestion: | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. | |
|--|---|---|
| Inhalation: | No adverse effects due to in | halation are expected. |
| Skin Contact: | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. | |
| Eye Contact: | Not available. | |
| Symptoms Related to the Physical, | | |
| Chemical and Toxicological | | |
| Characteristics: | Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. | |
| Acute Toxicity: | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| | | |
| Components | Species | Test Results |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | Species | Test Results |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute | Species | Test Results |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation | Species | Test Results |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute | Species Mouse | <u>Test Results</u> 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation | | 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation | Mouse Rat | 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes 1355 mg/l |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation LC50 Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-Dewaxed I Acute | Mouse Rat | 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes 1355 mg/l |
| Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation LC50 Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-Dewaxed | Mouse Rat | 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes 1355 mg/l |

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal

Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact

Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

conditions of use, storage and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

with incompatible materials.

| Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-Dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0) Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes Rat 1355 mg/l 658 mg/l/4h *Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not available. Respiratory Sensitization: Not available. Skin Sensitization: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
|---|
| LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, |
| Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutes Rat 1355 mg/l 658 mg/l/4h *Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not available. Respiratory Sensitization: Skin Sensitization: Carcinogenicity: Carcinogenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
| Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes LC50 Mouse 52%, 120 minutes Stin Corrosion/Irritation: Rat 1355 mg/l Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not available. Respiratory Sensitization: Not available. Skin Sensitization: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by LARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances Not listed. |
| InhalationMouse1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 120 minutesLC50Mouse1355 mg/l 658 mg/l, 140Rat1355 mg/l 658 mg/l/4h*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by LARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| LC50 Mouse 1237 mg/l, 120 minutes 52%, 1 |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated SubstancesNot listed. |
| Rat1355 mg/l 658 mg/l/4h*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shwn.Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| 658 mg/l/4h*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by LARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| *Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not available. Respiratory Sensitization: Not available. Skin Sensitization: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation:Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation:Not available.Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Respiratory Sensitization:Not available.Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Skin Sensitization:This product is not expected to cause skin sensitizationGerm Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity:No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Carcinogenicity:components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Carcinogenicity:or genotoxic.Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| Carcinogenicity:This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):Not listed. |
| IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
| (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed. |
| |
| |
| Reproductive Toxicity: This product is not expected to cause reproductive or |
| developmental effects. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity, |
| Single Exposure: Not classified. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity, |
| Repeated Exposure: Not classified. |
| Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large of frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-D | ewaxed Heavy Paraffinic (CAS | S 64742-65-0) |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | | |
| EC50 | Daphnia | 1000.0001 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Zinc Alkyldithiophosphate (CAS | 68649-42-3) | - |
| Aquatic | | |
| Crustacea | | |
| EC50 | Daphnia | 1.25 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | | |

| LC50 | Fish | 3.96 hours |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
| *Estimates for product may be based on ad | ditional component data not | shown. |
| Persistence and Degradability: | No data is available on the degradability of this product. | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential: | No data available. | |
| Partition Coefficient N-Octanol / Water | | |
| (Log Kow): | Butane 2.89 | |
| | Propane 2.36 | |
| Mobility in Soil: | No data available. | |
| Other Adverse Effects: | No other adverse environm | |
| | depletion, photochemical of | |
| | endocrine disruption, globa | |
| | expected from this comport | ient. |
| 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS | | |
| Disposal Instructions: | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed contained licensed waste disposal site. Contents under press Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with | |
| | local/regional/national/inte | |
| Local Disposal Regulations: | 6 | all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous Waste Code: | The waste code should be a between the user, the produced company. | assigned in discussion |
| Waste from Residues/Unused | | |
| Product: | containers or liners may re This material and its contain safe manner (see Disposal | |
| Contaminated Packaging: | handling site for recycling containers may retain prod | |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN Number: UN Proper Shipping Name:

Transport Hazard Classes: Subsidiary Risk: Label(s): Packing Group: Special Precaution for User:

Special Provisions: Packaging Exceptions: UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity). Class 2.1 -None. Not applicable. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. N82 306

Packaging Non-Bulk: Packaging Bulk:

None. None.

This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity-ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/2020 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity-ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.

IATA

DOT

FLAMMABLE GAS

| UN Number: | UN 1950 |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| UN Proper Shipping Name: | Aerosols, flammable. |
| Transport Hazard Classes: | Class 2.1 |
| Subsidiary Risk: | - |
| Label(s): | None. |
| Packing Group: | Not applicable. |
| Environmental Hazards: | No. |
| ERG Code: | 10L |
| Special Precautions for User: | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other Information | |
| Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: | Allowed. |
| Cargo Aircraft Only: | Allowed. |
| Packaging Exceptions: | LTD QTY |
| IMDG | |
| UN Number: | UN 1950 |
| UN Proper Shipping Name: | AEROSOLS |
| Transport Hazard Classes: | Class 2.1 |
| Subsidiary Risk: | - |
| Label(s): | None. |
| Packing Group: | Not applicable. |
| Environmental Hazards: | Marine Pollutant/No. |
| EMS: | F-D, S-U |
| Special Precautions for User: | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency |
| | procedures before handling. |
| Packaging Exceptions: | LTD QTY |
| Transport in Bulk According to | |
| Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 | |
| and IBC code: | |
| | |



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification(40 CFR 707, Subpt. D):Not regulated.CERCLA Hazardous Substance List(40 CFR 302.4):Not listed.(40 CFR 304.4):Not listed.SARA 304 Emergency ReleaseNotification:Not regulated.OSHA Specifically RegulatedSubstances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| Hazard Categories: | Immediate Hazard-Yes Delayed Hazard-No |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| | Fire Hazard-Yes |
| | Pressure Hazard-No |
| | Reactivity Hazard-No |
| SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous | |
| Substance: | Not listed. |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical: | No |
| SARA 313 (TRI Reporting): | Not regulated. |
| Other Federal Regulations: | |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 | |
| Hazardous Air Pollutants | |
| (HAPs) List: | Not regulated. |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) | |
| Accidental Release Prevention | |

| (40 CFR 68.130): Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): | Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Not regulated. | |
|---|--|--------------|
| US State Regulations: | | |
| US. Massachusetts RTK-Substance | | |
| List: | Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | |
| | Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | |
| US. New Jersey Worker and | | |
| Community Right-to-Know Act: | Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | |
| | Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | |
| US. Pennsylvania Worker and | | |
| Community Right-to-Know Act: | Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | |
| | Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | |
| US. Rhode Island RTK: | Butane (CAS 106-97-8) | |
| | Propane (CAS 74-98-6) | |
| US. California Proposition 65: | California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic | |
| | Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This materia | |
| | known to contain any chemicals currently | listed as |
| | carcinogens or reproductive toxins. | |
| International Inventories: | Lesser News | ()* |
| Country or Region Australia | • | ry (yes/no)* |
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical | No |
| Canada | Substances (AICS) Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List | 105 |
| Canada | (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical | 110 |
| Cimiu | Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing | |
| | Commercial Chemical Substances | |
| | (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical | |
| | Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical | |
| | Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and | |
| | Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) | • 7 |
| VA ((\$7. 3) * 1* , ,1 , 11 | Inventory | Yes |
| "A res indicates that all components of | this product comply with the inventory requi | rements |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

*A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date:

1-19-2015

THE INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS SET FORTH HEREIN ARE BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE. BECAUSE SOME OF THE INFORMATION IS DERIVED FROM INFORMATION PROVIDED TO DURO DYNE CORPORATION FROM ITS SUPPLIERS, DURO DYNE CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THE DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF. SINCE THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION AND THE CONDITIONS AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT ARE CONTROLLED BY THE USER, IT IS THE USER'S OBLIGATION TO DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS OF SAFE USE OF THE PRODUCT. THE INFORMATION IS SUPPLIED FOR YOUR INFORMATION AND CONSIDERATION AND DURO DYNE CORPORATION ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE THEREON. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER OF DURO DYNE CORPORATION PRODUCTS TO COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS.



Safety Data Sheet 75004 according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 11/12/1998 Revision date: 10/01/2013 Supersedes: 06/11/2013 Version: 1.1

| substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking |
|---|
| |
| : Substance |
| : Acetone |
| : 67-64-1 |
| : LC10420, LC10425 |
| : C3H6O |
| : 2-propanone / beta-ketopropane / dimethyl formaldehyde / dimethyl ketone / dimethylketal / DI (=dimethyl ketone) / keto propane / methyl ketone / pyroacetic acid / pyroacetic ether / pyroacetic spirit |
| : 10001 |
| e substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| : Solvent Cleansing product Chemical raw material |
| afety data sheet |
| 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court |
| |
| : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887 |
| ion |
| e or mixture |
| |
| |
| |
| GHS02 GHS07 : Danger |
| Baliger H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks No smoking P233 - Keep container tightly closed P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment P242 - Use only non-sparking tools P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P261 - Avoid breathing mist, spray, vapours P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated |
| |

| | P405 - Store locked up P501 - Dispose of contents/containe P235 - Keep cool | er to comply with loca | II, state and federal regulations |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2.3. Other hazards | | | |
| Other hazards not contributing to the classification | : None. | | |
| 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-U | JS) | | |
| No data available | | | |
| SECTION 3: Composition/inform | ation on ingredients | | |
| 3.1. Substances | | | |
| Name | Product identifier | % | GHS-US classification |
| Acetone | (CAS No) 67-64-1 | 100 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 |
| (Main constituent) | | | Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 |
| Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 | | | |
| 3.2. Mixture | | | |
| Not applicable | | | |
| SECTION 4: First aid measures | | | |
| 4.1. Description of first aid measure | 95 | | |
| -irst-aid measures general | : Check the vital functions. Unconscio | ous: maintain adequa | te airway and respiration. Respiratory |
| | laboured breathing: half-seated. Vict prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumo Keep watching the victim. Give psyc Depending on the victim's condition: | tim in shock: on his b onia. Prevent cooling shological aid. Keep t doctor/hospital. | form resuscitation. Victim conscious w back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting by covering the victim (no warming up he victim calm, avoid physical strain. |
| First-aid measures after inhalation | : Remove the victim into fresh air. Re | | |
| First-aid measures after skin contact | : Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. | | |
| First-aid measures after eye contact | : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists. | | |
| First-aid measures after ingestion | Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not give milk/oil to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Give activated charcoal. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Doctor: gastric lavage. | | |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and | effects, both acute and delayed | | |
| Symptoms/injuries | : Not expected to present a significan | t hazard under antici | pated conditions of normal use. |
| Symptoms/injuries after inhalation | tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. | Central nervous sys | weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tem depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. e. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbance |
| Symptoms/injuries after skin contact | : ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CC | NTACT: Dry skin. C | racking of the skin. |
| Symptoms/injuries after eye contact | : Irritation of the eye tissue. | - | |
| Symptoms/injuries after ingestion | Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pr AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QU Change in the haemogramme/blood tissue. Enlargement/affection of the | JANTITIES: Irritation | |
| Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration | : Not available. | | |
| Chronic symptoms | ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXI Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. of the respiratory tract. | | Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. s. Loss of weight. Possible inflammatio |

Obtain medical assistance.

| SECTION 5: Firefighting measures | | |
|--|--|--|
| 5.1. Extinguishing media | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Preferably: alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Polyvalent foam. BC powder. Carbon dioxide. | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium. | |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture | | |
| Fire hazard | : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapour flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard". | |

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| Explosion hazard | DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Heat may cause pressure rise in tanks/drums: explosion risk. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard". |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Reactivity | : Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapours. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: peroxidation resulting in increased fire or explosion risk. |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters | |
| Firefighting instructions | : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. |
| Protection during firefighting | : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. |

| 6.1. | Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 6.1.1. | For non-emergency personnel | | |
| Protective | equipment | Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus. | |
| Emergen | cy procedures | Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes. | |
| 6.1.2. | For emergency responders | | |
| Protective | equipment | Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. | |
| Emergen | cy procedures | Ventilate area. | |
| 6.2. | Environmental precautions | | |
| Prevent spreading in sewers. | | | |
| 6.3. | Methods and material for containmen | t and cleaning up | |
| For conta | inment | Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. | |
| Methods t | ior cleaning up | Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Spill must not return in its original container. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling. | |

Reference to other sections 6.4.

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

| SECTION 7: Handling and storage | |
|--|--|
| 7.1. Precautions for safe handling | |
| Precautions for safe handling | : Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over. Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Avoid prolonged and repeated contact with skin. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation. |
| Hygiene measures | : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. |
| 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includin | g any incompatibilities |
| Storage conditions | : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Heat sources, Direct sunlight, incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use. |
| Incompatible products | : Strong bases. Strong acids. |
| Incompatible materials | : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. |
| Storage temperature | : 15 - 20 °C |
| Heat and ignition sources | : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources. |
| Prohibitions on mixed storage | : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong) bases. halogens. amines. |

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| Storage area | : Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry area. Store in a dark area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements. |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Special rules on packaging | SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. with pressure relief valve. clean. opaque. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers. |
| Packaging materials | : SUITABLE MATERIAL: steel. stainless steel. carbon steel. aluminium. iron. copper. nickel. bronze. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: synthetic material. |
| 7.0 Or equifier and week(a) | |

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| 8.1. Control parameters | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Acetone (67-64-1) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 750 ppm |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 2400 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 1000 ppm |

8.2. Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Materials for protective clothing | : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. tetrafluoroethylene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: chlorosulfonated polyethylene. natural rubber. neoprene. polyurethane. PVA. styrene-butadiene rubber. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. polyethylene. PVC. viton. nitrile rubber/PVC. |
| Hand protection | : Gloves. |
| Eye protection | : Protective goggles. |
| Skin and body protection | : Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. |
| Respiratory protection | : Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit. |
| Other information | : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| 9.1. Information on basic physical and | chemical properties |
|---|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Liquid. |
| Molecular mass | : 58.08 g/mol |
| Colour | : Colourless. |
| Odour | : Aromatic odour. Sweet odour. Fruity odour. |
| Odour threshold | : 306 - 653 ppm 737 - 1574 mg/m ³ |
| рН | : 7 |
| Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) | : 6 |
| Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) | : 2 |
| Melting point | : -95 °C |
| Freezing point | : No data available |
| Boiling point | : 56 °C |
| Flash point | : -18 °C |
| Critical temperature | : 235 °C |
| Self ignition temperature | : 465 °C |
| Decomposition temperature | : No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : No data available |
| Vapour pressure | : 247 hPa |
| Vapour pressure at 50 °C | : 828 hPa |
| Critical pressure | : 47010 hPa |
| Relative vapour density at 20 °C | : 2.0 |
| Relative density | : 0.79 |
| Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture | : 1.2 |
| Density | : 786 kg/m³ |
| | |

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| Solubility | : Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in dimethyl ether. Soluble in petroleum spirit. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in dimethylformamide. Soluble in oils/fats. Water: Complete Ethanol: Complete Ether: Complete |
|--------------------------|--|
| Log Pow | : -0.24 (Test data) |
| Log Kow | : No data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 0.417 mm²/s |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : 0.00033 Pa.s |
| Explosive properties | : No data available. |
| Oxidising properties | : None. |
| Explosive limits | : 2 - 12.8 vol % 60 - 310 g/m ³ |
| 9.2. Other information | |
| Minimum ignition energy | : 1.15 mJ |
| Specific conductivity | : 500000 pS/m |
| Saturation concentration | : 589 g/m³ |
| VOC content | : 100 % |
| Other properties | : Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Highly volatile. Substance has neutral reaction. |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapours. Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: peroxidation resulting in increased fire or explosion risk.

| 10.2. | Chemical stability |
|----------|--|
| Unstabl | e on exposure to light. |
| 10.3. | Possibility of hazardous reactions |
| Not esta | ablished. |
| 10.4. | Conditions to avoid |
| Direct s | unlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. |
| 10.5. | Incompatible materials |
| Strong a | acids. Strong bases. |
| 10.6. | Hazardous decomposition products |
| fume. C | arbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity | : Not classified |
|--|--|
| Acetone (\f)67-64-1 | |
| LD50 oral rat | 5800 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value, Rat; Experimental value) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value, Rabbit; Experimental value) |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) | 71 mg/l/4h (76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Rat; Experimental value; Experimental value,76 mg/l/4h; Rat; Rat; Experimental value; Experimental value) |
| LC50 inhalation rat (ppm) | 30000 ppm/4h (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value) |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | : Not classified |
| | pH: 7 |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | pH: 7 |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | : Not classified |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | : Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Carcinogenicity | : Not classified |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Not classified |
| · · | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

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| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | : Not classified |
|--|---|
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Aspiration hazard | : Not classified |
| | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met |
| Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Symptoms/injuries after inhalation | EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Feeling of weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Excited/restless. Drunkenness. Disturbed motor response. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness. |
| Symptoms/injuries after skin contact | : ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Cracking of the skin. |
| Symptoms/injuries after eye contact | : Irritation of the eye tissue. |
| Symptoms/injuries after ingestion | Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. AFTER ABSORPTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine output. Affection of the renal tissue. Enlargement/affection of the liver. |
| Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration | : Not available. |
| Chronic symptoms | : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Possible inflammation |

| SECTION 12: Ecological i | information |
|--------------------------|--|
| 12.1. Toxicity | |
| Ecology - general | : Classification concerning the environment: not applicable. |
| Ecology - air | : TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.5. |
| Ecology - water | Not harmful to fishes (LC50(96h) >1000 mg/l). Not harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia). Not harmful to algae (EC50 >1000 mg/l). Not harmful to plankton. Inhibition of activated sludge. |
| Acotomo (67.64.4) | |

of the respiratory tract.

| 6210 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; NOMINAL CONCENTRATION) 3800 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia pulex) |
|---|
| 2200 mg/l (48 h: Daphnia pulox) |
| bood mg/i (46 n, Dapinia pulex) |
| 5540 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss) |
| 3000 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; TURBULENT WATER) |
| > 1000 ppm (96 h; Pisces) |
| 3000 mg/l (Plankton) |
| 28 mg/l (Protozoa) |
| 7500 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda; PH = 7) |
| 3400 mg/l (48 h; Chlorella sp.) |
| |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Acetone (67-64-1) | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. |
| Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) | 1.43 g O ² /g substance |
| Chemical oxygen demand (COD) | 1.92 g O ² /g substance |
| ThOD | 2.20 g O ² /g substance |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Acetone (67-64-1) | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| BCF fish 1 | 0.69 (Pisces) |
| BCF other aquatic organisms 1 | 3 |
| Log Pow | -0.24 (Test data) |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not bioaccumulative. |
| 12.4. Mobility in soil | |
| Acetone (67-64-1) | |
| Surface tension | 0.0237 N/m |
| | |
| 12.5. Other adverse effects | |

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

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| SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio | ns |
|--|---|
| 13.1. Waste treatment methods | |
| Waste disposal recommendations | : Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of th waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or hand hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Remove to an authorized waste incinerator for solvents with energy recovery. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. |
| Additional information | : LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 03. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC. |
| Ecology - waste materials | : Avoid release to the environment. |
| SECTION 14: Transport information | |
| In accordance with DOT | |
| 14.1. UN number | |
| UN-No.(DOT) | : 1090 |
| DOT NA no. | UN1090 |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | |
| DOT Proper Shipping Name | : Acetone |
| Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes | : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120 |
| Hazard labels (DOT) | : 3 - Flammable liquids |
| Packing group (DOT) | : II - Medium Danger |
| DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) | IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal |
| DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) | : 150 |
| DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) | : 202 |
| DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) | : 242 |
| 14.3. Additional information | |
| Other information | : No supplementary information available. |
| State during transport (ADR-RID) | : as liquid. |
| | |
| Overland transport | |
| Packing group (ADR) | : II |
| Class (ADR) | : 3 - Flammable liquids |
| Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) | : 33 |
| Classification code (ADR) | : F1 |
| Danger labels (ADR) | : 3 - Flammable liquids |
| Orange plates | 33 1090 |
| Tunnel restriction code | : D/E |

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| Transport by sea | |
|---|---|
| DOT Vessel Stowage Location | : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded. |
| EmS-No. (1) | : F-E |
| EmS-No. (2) | : S-D |
| Air transport | |
| DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircra | ft/rail : 5 L |

ns Passenger aircraft/rai Э (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L CFR 175.75)

| SECTION 15: Regulatory information | | |
|---|---------|--|
| 15.1. US Federal regulations | | |
| Acetone (67-64-1) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) : | 5000 lb | |

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

| Acetone (67-64-1) | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Dome | stic Sustances List) inventory. |
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H336 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F; R11 Xi; R36 R66 R67 Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

15.2.2. National regulations

Acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

| SECTION 16: Other inform | ation | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|
| Indication of changes | : Revision - See : *. | | |
| Other information | : None. | | |
| Full text of H-phrases: see section 1 | 6: | | |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | | Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A | |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | | Flammable liquids, Category 2 | |
| 10/01/2013 | EN (English) | SDS ID: 75004 | 8/9 |

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis |
|-----------|--|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |

| NFPA health hazard | : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given. | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| NFPA fire hazard | : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions. | | |
| NFPA reactivity | : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water. | | |
| HMIS III Rating | | | |
| Health | : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible | | |
| Flammability | : 3 Serious Hazard | | |
| Physical | : 0 Minimal Hazard | | |
| Personal Protection | : C | | |

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and LabChem Inc assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lucas White Lithium Grease NLGI # 2



| Section 1. Identification | |
|--|---|
| GHS product identifier | : Lucas White Lithium Grease NLGI # 2 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product number | : 10533 |
| Identified uses | |
| Not available. | |
| Supplier's details | : Lucas Oil Products, Inc 302 North Sheridan Street Corona, California 92880-2067 Toll Free: (800) 342-2512 Tel: (951) 270-0154 Fax: (951) 270-1902 Website: www.LucasOil.com |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : (951) 493-1149 (951) 847-5949 Markn@lucasoil.com |
| | 7:00A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday thru Friday |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product. |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : Not classified. |

Since the carcinogenic ingredients in this compound are in a grease, the risk of exposure by inhalation is minimal, this is why the related hazard statements are not shown in this SDS.

| GHS label elements | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Signal word | 1 | No signal word. |
| Hazard statements | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| General | : | Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Response | : | Not applicable. |
| Storage | | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : | Not applicable. |



Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | 1 | Mixture |
|-------------------|---|----------------|
| Other means of | 1 | Not available. |
| identification | | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| CAS number | : Not applicable. |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Product code | : 10533 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Ingestion | Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effect | :ts | |
|-------------------------------|------|---|
| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | ton | <u>IS</u> |
| Eye contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Indication of immediate med | ical | attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : | No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |
| | | |





Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

| Section 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
|---|---|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : No specific fire or explosion hazard. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : No specific data. |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : No special measures are required. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| reisonal precautions, protec | | s equipment and emergency procedures |
|------------------------------|------|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | onta | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |



Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|--|--|
| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Occupational exposure lim | <u>nits</u> |
| None. | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. |
| Individual protection measu | <u>ires</u> |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk |

| | assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side- shields. |
|-----------------|---|
| Skin protection | |

| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be |
|-----------------|--|
| | worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is |
| | necessary. |

- Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Physical state | : | Liquid. [Grease.] |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Color | : | White. |
| Odor | : | Petroleum. |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. |
| рН | : | Not available. |
| Melting point | : | Not available. |
| Boiling point | : | >300°C (>572°F) |
| Flash point | 1 | Closed cup: >200°C (>392°F) |
| Evaporation rate | 1 | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | 1 | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | Not available. |
| Vapor density | 1 | >1 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | 1 | 0.901 |
| Solubility | : | Negligible. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| Viscosity | : | Not available. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : High temperatures, sparks, or open flames. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

There is no data available.

Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

| | <u> </u> | | | | |
|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Sensitization | | | | | |
| There is no data available. | | | | | |
| <u>Carcinogenicity</u> | | | | | |
| There is no data available. <mark>S</mark> | | | | | |
| toxicity (single_exposure) T | | | | | |
| available. <u>Specific target or</u> g | | | | | |
| exposure) There is no data a | ivai | lable. | | | |
| Aspiration hazard | | | | | |
| There is no data available. | | | | | |
| Information on the likely | : | Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. | | | |
| routes of exposure | | | | | |
| Potential acute health effects | 5 | | | | |
| Eye contact | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Inhalation | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Skin contact | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Ingestion | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics | | | |
| Eye contact | - 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Inhalation | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Skin contact | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Ingestion | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Deleved and immediate offer | 4.0 | and also always offects from about and lower terms averaging | | | |
| Short term exposure | <u>ts</u> | and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure | | | |
| Potential immediate | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| effects | | No known significant enects of childa hazards. | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Potential chronic health effects | | | | | |
| General | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Mutagenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Teratogenicity | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | | |
| Fertility effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | |
| | | | | | |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.



Section 12. Ecological information Toxicity There is no data available. Persistence and degradability There is no data available. **Bioaccumulative potential** There is no data available. Mobility in soil : Not available. Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Section 13. Disposal considerations Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste

disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | - | - |

AERG : Not applicable





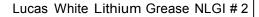
Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : Not listed | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : Not listed | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : Not listed | | | |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) | : Not listed | | | |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) | : Not listed | | | |
| SARA 302/304 | | | | |
| Composition/information | on ingredients | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : Not applicable. | | | |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | | | | |
| Classification | : Not applicable. | | | |
| Composition/information | on ingredients | | | |
| State regulations | | | | |
| Massachusetts | : None of the components are listed. | | | |
| New York | : None of the components are listed. | | | |
| New Jersey | : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | | | |
| Pennsylvania | : None of the components are listed. | | | |
| California Prop. 65 | | | | |
| No products were found. | | | | |
| | | | | |





Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 0 Flammability : 1 Physical hazards : 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 0 Flammability : 1 Instability : 0

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>

| Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy | 1 | 03/15/2014 |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Version | 1 | 1 |
| Revised Section(s) | 1 | Not applicable. |
| Prepared by | 1 | KMK Regulatory Services Inc. |
| Key to abbreviations | : | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.







SAFETY DATA SHEET

SDS ID NO .: **Revision Date:**

16

0298MAR019 05/22/2015

1. IDENTIFICATION

| Product Name: | Marathon Petroleum Premium AW II Hydraulic Oil | |
|---|--|--|
| Synonym: | Premium AW II ISO 32 Hydraulic Oil; Premium AW II ISO 46 Hydraulic Oil; Premium A ISO 68 Hydraulic Oil; Premium AW II ISO 100 Hydraulic Oil; ISO 32 Premium AW II Hydraulic Oil; ISO 46 Premium AW II Hydraulic Oil; ISO 68 Premium AW II Hydraulic O ISO 100 Premium AW II Hydraulic Oil | |
| Chemical Family: | Hydrocarbon Mixture | |
| Recommended Use: Use Restrictions: | Hydraulic Fluid. All others. | |
| Supplier Name and Address: MARATHON PETROLEUM COMPANY LP 539 South Main Street Findlay, OH 45840 | | |

| SDS information: | 1-419-421-3070 |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Emergency Telephone: | 1-877-627-5463 |

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 3 |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 3 |

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Label elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

| Harmful to aquatic life | with long lasting effects |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
|-------------------------|---------------------------|

Appearance Clear Liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response Not applicable

Precautionary Statements - Storage Not applicable

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container at an approved waste disposal plant

Additional Information

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Lube oil is a complex mixture of highly refined lubricating base stocks and additives.

Composition Information:

| Name | CAS Number | Weight % |
|--|------------|----------|
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate | 64742-54-7 | 98-99 |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | 128-39-2 | 0.1-1 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

| General advice | In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Inhalation: | Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, institute rescue breathing. If breathing is difficult, ensure airway is clear, give oxygen and continue to monitor. If heart has stopped, immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If symptoms occur get medical attention. | | | |
| Skin Contact: | Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. If irritation or other symptoms occur get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse. Any injection injury from high pressure equipment should be evaluated immediately by a physician as potentially serious (See NOTES TO PHYSICIAN). | | | |
| Eye Contact: | Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Gently remove contacts while flushing. Get medical attention if irritation persists. | | | |
| Ingestion: | Rinse mouth out with water. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips, or if patient is lying down, turn body and head to side to prevent aspiration and monitor for breathing difficulty. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep affected person warm and at rest. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention. | | | |
| Most important signs and symptoms, both short-term and delayed with overexposure | | | | |
| dverse Effects: Preexisting skin conditions and/or respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure t this product. | | | | |
| Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | | | |

| NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: | SKIN: Leaks or accidents involving high-pressure equipment may inject a stream of material through the skin and initially produce an injury that may not appear serious. Only a small puncture wound may appear on the skin surface but, without proper treatment and depending on the nature, original pressure, volume, and location of the injected material, can compromise blood supply to an affected body part. Prompt surgical debridement of the wound may be necessary to prevent irreversible loss of function and/or the affected body part. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL EMERGENCIES. |
|---------------------|--|
|---------------------|--|

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

For small fires, Class B fire extinguishing media such as CO2, dry chemical, foam (AFFF/ATC) or water spray can be used. For large fires, water spray, fog or foam (AFFF/ATC) can be used. Firefighting should be attempted only by those who are adequately trained and equipped with proper protective equipment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

The product is not combustible per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, but will ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point.

Hazardous combustion products

Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No. Sensitivity to Static Discharge No.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Avoid using straight water streams. Water spray and foam (AFFF/ATC) must be applied carefully to avoid frothing and from as far a distance as possible. Avoid excessive water spray application. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces from as far a distance as possible. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources.

| NFPA: | Health 1 | Flammability 1 | Instability 0 | Special Hazards - | | |
|---|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES | | | | | |
| Personal Precautions: | | Keep public away. Isolate and evacua | ate area. Shut off source if | safe to do so. | | |
| Protective Equipment: Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8. | | | | | | |
| Emergency Procedure | s: | Advise authorities and National Response Center (800-424-8802) if the product has entered a water course or sewer. Notify local health and pollution control agencies, if appropriate. | | | | |
| Environmental precaut | ions: | Avoid release to the environment. Avo | oid subsoil penetration. | | | |
| Methods and materials containment: | thods and materials for Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. | | | | | |
| Methods and materials up: | for cleaning | Use suitable absorbent materials such liquids. Recover and return free produ | | slay to clean up residual | | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Safe Handling Precautions: | Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may remain. Refer to applicable EPA, OSHA, NFPA and consistent state and local requirements. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | High-pressure injection of any material through the skin is a serious medical emergency even though the small entrance wound at the injection site may not initially appear serious. These injection injuries can occur from high-pressure equipment such as paint spray or grease or guns, fuel injectors, or pinhole leaks in hoses or hydraulic lines and should all be considered serious. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL EMERGENCIES (See First Aid Section 4). |
| Storage Conditions: | Store in properly closed containers that are appropriately labeled and in a cool, well-ventilated area. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PELS: | OSHA - Vacated PELs | NIOSH IDLH |
|--|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate 64742-54-7 | Mineral oil, highly/severely refined, inhalable fraction 5 mg/m ³ TWA | - | - | - |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol 128-39-2 | - | - | - | - |
| Notes: | | ants standard in its SDS | o provide exposure limits s, even though certain of | |
| Engineering measures: | Local or general e vapors or mists. | xhaust required when us | ing at elevated temperate | ures that generate |
| Personal protective equipment | <u>t</u> | | | |
| Eye protection: | Use goggles or fac | ce-shield if the potential f | for splashing exists. | |
| Skin and body protection: | workplace condition | ons and usage. Contact t | event skin contact. Glove he glove manufacturer fo /ear appropriate protectiv | or specific advice on |
| Respiratory protection: | Use an approved organic vapor chemical cartridge or supplied air respirators when material produces vapors that exceed permissible exposure limits or excessive vapors are generated. Observe respirator assigned protection factors (APFs) criteria cited in federal OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used for fire fighting. | | | |
| Hygiene measures: | | | hygiene and safety pract e breaks and immediatel | |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Liquid |
|--------------------|
| Clear Liquid |
| Clear |
| Petroleum |
| No available data. |
| |

| Property_ | Values (Method) |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Melting Point / Freezing Point | No available data. |
| Initial Boiling Point / Boiling Range | No available data. |
| Flash Point | > 220 °C / > 428 °F (Cleveland Open-Cup) |
| Evaporation Rate | No available data. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Flammability Limit in Air (%) | |
| Upper Flammability Limit: | No available data. |
| Lower Flammability Limit: | No available data. |
| Vapor Pressure | No available data. |
| Vapor Density | No available data. |
| Specific Gravity / Relative Density | 0.86-0.88 |
| Water Solubility | No available data. |
| Solubility in other solvents | No available data. |
| Partition Coefficient | No available data. |
| Decomposition temperature: | No available data. |
| pH: | No available data. |
| Autoignition Temperature | No available data. |
| Kinematic Viscosity | ≥ 28.8 mm2/s @ 40°C / 104°F (ASTM D445) |
| Dynamic Viscosity | No available data. |
| Explosive Properties | No available data. |
| Softening Point | No available data. |
| VOC Content (%) | 0.12-37.7 (w/w) |
| Density | No available data. |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable. |
| | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Hazardous polymerization | Will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Sources of heat or ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | None known under normal conditions of use. |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential short-term adverse effects from overexposures

| Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|--------------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| Acute Toxicological data | | | |
| Ingestion | May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract. | | |
| Skin contact | Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause dermatitis, folliculitis or oil acne. | | |
| Eye contact | Exposure to vapor or contact with liquid may cause mild eye irritation. | | |
| Inhalation | Overheating may produce vapors which may cause respiratory irritation, dizziness and nausea. | | |

| Name Oral LD50 | | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|----------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | |

(STOT) - repeated exposure

Name

Solvent Refined,

Hydrotreated Heavy

Paraffinic Distillate 64742-54-7

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

128-39-2

Bioaccummulation

Other adverse effects

Mobility in soil

Persistence and degradability

Aspiration hazard

Ecotoxicity

| Solvent Refined, Hydrotre Paraffinic Distilla 64742-54-7 | | 9 mg/kg (Rat) > 20 | 000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.5 mg/l (Rat) 4 h |
|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------|
| 2,6-di-tert-butylph 128-39-2 | enol > 5000 |) mg/kg (Rat) > | 10 g/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Delayed and immediate | effects as well as chroni | c effects from short and I | ong-term exposure | |
| | This product | is considered to have a low | w order of acute and chroi | nic oral and dermal toxicity. |
| Adverse effects related | to the physical, chemical | and toxicological charac | cteristics_ | |
| Signs & Symptoms | Repeated or | prolonged skin contact ma | ly cause drying, reddening | , itching and cracking. |
| Sensitization | Not expected | d to be a skin or respiratory | sensitizer. | |
| Mutagenic effects | None known | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | pnations are listed in the tal | | 1 |
| Name | ACGIH (Class) | IARC (Class) | NTP | OSHA |
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate 64742-54-7 | Mineral oil, poorly/mildly refined Suspected Human Carcinogen (A2) Mineral oil, highly/severely refined, inhalable fraction Not Classifiable (A4) | Mineral oil, untreated or mildly treated Carcinogenic to humans (1) Mineral oil, highly refined Not Classifiable (3) | Mineral oil, poorly/mildly refined Known to be human carcinogen | Not Listed |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol 128-39-2 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Reproductive toxicity | None known | | | |
| Specific Target Organ T (STOT) - single exposur | | d. | | |
| | | | | |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Fish

96-hr LC50 = 5000 mg/L

Rainbow trout

-

Contains component(s) with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Toxicity to

Microorganisms

-

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No information available.

No information available.

No information available.

Not classified.

Algae/aquatic plants

-

-

Crustacea

48-hr EC50 = 1000 mg/L

Daphnia magna

48-hr EC50 = 0.45 mg/l

Daphnia magna

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of Waste Residues

No information available.

Safe Handling of Wastes

Handle in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Use personal protection measures as required.

Disposal of Wastes / Methods of Disposal

The user is responsible for determining if any discarded material is a hazardous waste (40 CFR 262.11). Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Methods of Contaminated Packaging Disposal

Empty containers should be completely drained and then discarded or recycled, if possible. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may be present. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (49 CFR 172.101): UN Proper shipping name: UN/Identification No: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing group:

TDG (Canada): UN Proper shipping name: UN/Identification No: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing group: Not Regulated Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

Not Regulated Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulatory Information:

US TSCA Chemical Inventory Section 8(b):

This product and/or its components are listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

NA

EPA Superfund Amendment & Reauthorization Act (SARA):

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

| SARA Section 302: This product may contain cor Hazardous Substance (EHS) | nponent(s) that have been listed on EPA's Extremely | sted on EPA's Extremely |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Name | CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardo Substances and TPQs | - |
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate | NA | NA |

SARA Section 304:

This product may contain component(s) identified either as an EHS or a CERCLA Hazardous substance which in case of a spill or release may be subject to SARA reporting requirements:

| Name | CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities |
|---|---|
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate | NA |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | NA |

SARA:

The following EPA hazard categories apply to this product:

None

SARA Section 313:

This product may contain component(s), which if in exceedance of the de minimus threshold, may be subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Reporting (Form R).

| Name | CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting: |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate | None |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | None |

State and Community Right-To-Know Regulations:

The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

| Solvent Refined, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic Distillate | |
|---|-------------|
| Louisiana Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| California Proposition 65: | Not Listed. |
| New Jersey Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Not Listed. |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed. |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed. |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed. |
| California - Regulated Carcinogens: | Not Listed. |
| Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous | Not Listed. |
| Substances: | |
| New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: | Carcinogen |
| New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous | Not Listed. |
| Substances List: | |
| Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants | Present |
| New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - | Not Listed. |
| List of Hazardous Substances: | |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | |
| Louisiana Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| California Proposition 65: | Not Listed. |
| New Jersey Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Not Listed. |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed. |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Not Listed. |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed. |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed. |
| California - Regulated Carcinogens: | Not Listed. |
| Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous | Not Listed. |
| Substances: | |
| New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed. |
| New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous | Not Listed. |
| Substances List: | |
| Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants | Not Listed. |
| New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - | Not Listed. |
| List of Hazardous Substances: | |
| | |

Canada DSL/NDSL Inventory:

This product and/or its components are listed either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

Canadian Regulatory Information:

"This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations."

| Name | Canada - WHMIS: Classifications of Substances: | Canada - WHMIS: Ingredient Disclosure: |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | D2B | 1% |

NOTE:

Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Revision Date: Toxicology and Product Safety 05/22/2015

Revision Note:

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is intended as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, accidental release, clean-up and disposal and is not considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.







Revision Date:

SDS ID NO.:

0127MAR019 06/01/2016

1. IDENTIFICATION

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: Marathon Petroleum Gasoline - All Grades Gasoline: Regular Unleaded Gasoline: Conventional Regular Unleaded Gasoline: Mid Synonym: Grade Unleaded Gasoline: Conventional Mid Grade Unleaded Gasoline: Premium Unleaded Gasoline: Conventional Premium Unleaded Gasoline: Sub-Octane Gasoline: Regular RBOB; Super RBOB; Premium RBOB; RBOB; Reformulated Blend Stock For Oxygenated Blending; 84 Octane Gasoline; CBOB; Premium CBOB; Conventional Blend Stock for Oxygenate Blending; Recreational Gasoline; Recreational Gasoline; Recreational Unleaded Gasoline; 89 Recreational Gasoline; Brand 89 Recreational Gasoline; 7.0 Max RVP 89 Recreational Gasoline; BR 7.0 Max RVP 89 Recreational Gasoline; 90 Recreational Gasoline; 90 Marina Gasoline; Brand 91 Recreational Gasoline; 91 Recreational Gasoline; 91 Marina Gasoline; 90 Octane Midgrade Gasoline with No Ethanol; 0125MAR019; 0126MAR019; 0134MAR019; 0313MAR019; 0314MAR019 **Chemical Family: Complex Hydrocarbon Substance Recommended Use:** Fuel. **Restrictions on Use:** All others. Manufacturer, Importer, or Responsible Party Name and Address: MARATHON PETROLEUM COMPANY LP **539 South Main Street** Findlay, OH 45840

| SDS information: | 1-419-421-3070 |
|----------------------|----------------|
| Emergency Telephone: | 1-877-627-5463 |

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| Flammable liquids | Category 1 |
|--|-------------|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 1B |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 1B |
| Reproductive toxicity | Category 2 |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | Category 3 |
| Aspiration toxicity | Category 1 |
| Acute aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |
| Chronic aquatic toxicity | Category 2 |

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

| YOVERVIEW | |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| tate Liquid | Odor Hydrocarb |
| | <u>k</u> |

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash hands and any possibly exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor Do NOT induce vomiting In case of fire: Use water spray, fog or regular foam for extinction Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Keep cool Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container at an approved waste disposal plant

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Gasoline is a complex combination of hydrocarbons consisting of paraffins, cycloparaffins, aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons having molecular chains ranging in length from four to ten carbons. May contain small amounts of dye and other additives (>0.02%) which are not considered hazardous at the concentrations used.

Composition Information:

| Name | CAS Number | % Concentration |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Gasoline | 86290-81-5 | 100 |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | 142-82-5 | 2.5-26 |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | 78-78-4 | 6.5-19 |
| Butane (mixed isomers) | 106-97-8 | 0.5-14 |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) | 107-83-5 | 2-12 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 3-9.5 |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 3.5-9.5 |
| n-Hexane | 110-54-3 | 0.1-4.5 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | 0-4 |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1-4 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.5-2.5 |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | 0.1-1.5 |
| Cyclohexane | 110-82-7 | 0-1.5 |
| Octane | 111-65-9 | 0-1.5 |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | 526-73-8 | 0-1 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | 0.1-0.5 |

All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

| First Aid Measures | |
|--------------------|--|
| General Advice: | In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). |
| Inhalation: | Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, institute rescue breathing. If breathing is difficult, ensure airway is clear, give oxygen and continue to monitor. If heart has stopped, immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Keep affected person warm and at rest. If symptoms occur get medical attention. |
| Skin Contact: | Immediately wash exposed skin with plenty of soap and water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Any injection injury from high pressure equipment should be evaluated immediately by a physician as potentially serious (See NOTES TO PHYSICIAN). |
| | Place contaminated clothing in closed container until cleaned or discarded. If clothing is to be laundered, inform the person performing the operation of contaminant's hazardous properties. Destroy contaminated, non-chemical resistant footwear. |
| Eye Contact: | Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Gently remove contacts while flushing. Get medical attention if irritation persists. |

| Ingestion: | Do not induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs, causing serious damage and chemical pneumonitis. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips, or if patient is lying down, turn body and head to side to prevent aspiration and monitor for | |
|--|--|--|
| | breathing difficulty. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep affected person warm and at rest. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. | |
| Most important signs and symptor | ns, both short-term and delayed with overexposure | |
| Adverse Effects: | Irritating to the skin and mucous membranes. Symptoms may include redness, itching, and inflammation. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and signs of nervous system depression: headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, disorientation and fatigue. Aspiration hazard. May cause coughing, chest pains, shortness of breath, pulmonary edema and/or chemical pneumonitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause drying, reddening, itching and cracking. | |
| Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | |
| Notes To Physician: | INHALATION: This material (or a component) sensitizes the myocardium to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in individuals exposed to this material. Administration of sympathomimetic drugs should be avoided. | |
| | SKIN: Leaks or accidents involving high-pressure equipment may inject a stream of material through the skin and initially produce an injury that may not appear serious. Only a small puncture wound may appear on the skin surface but, without proper treatment and depending on the nature, original pressure, volume, and location of the injected material, can compromise blood supply to an affected body part. Prompt surgical debridement of the wound may be necessary to prevent irreversible loss of function and/or the affected body part. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL EMERGENCIES. | |
| | INGESTION: This material represents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. | |

hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

For small fires, Class B fire extinguishing media such as CO2, dry chemical, foam (AFFF/ATC) or water spray can be used. For large fires, water spray, fog or foam (AFFF/ATC) can be used. Firefighting should be attempted only by those who are adequately trained and equipped with proper protective equipment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use straight water streams to avoid spreading fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This product has been determined to be an extremely flammable liquid per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and should be handled accordingly. May accumulate electrostatic charge and ignite or explode. Vapors may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by many sources such as pilot lights, sparks, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling. Flashback can occur along vapor trail. For additional fire related information, see NFPA 30 or the Emergency Response Guidebook 128.

Hazardous combustion products

Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No. Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece, as appropriate. Avoid using straight water streams. Water may be ineffective in extinguishing low flash point fires, but can be used to cool exposed surfaces. Avoid excessive water spray application. Water spray and foam (AFFF/ATC) must be applied carefully to avoid frothing and from as far a distance as possible. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources.

Additional firefighting tactics

FIRES INVOLVING TANKS OR CAR/TRAILER LOADS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles: if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

EVACUATION: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 1000 feet. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 5280 feet (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation of 5280 feet (1 mile) in all directions.

| <u>NFPA</u> | Health 1 | Flammability 3 | Instability 0 | Special Hazard - |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 6. A | ACCIDENTAL RELEAS | SE MEASURES | 3 |
| Personal precautions | : | Keep public away. Isolate and eva ignition sources. | cuate area. Shut off sou | rce if safe to do so. Eliminate all |
| Protective equipment | : | Use personal protection measures | as recommended in Se | ection 8. |
| Emergency procedure | es: | Advise authorities and National Re entered a water course or sewer. Nappropriate. | • | · · |
| Environmental precau | utions: | Avoid release to the environment. seperates in contact with water. Me appropriate indicators. | | |
| Methods and material containment: | ls for | Contain liquid with sand or soil. Pro and open waterways. | event spilled material fro | om entering storm drains, sewers, |
| Methods and material up: | Is for cleaning | Use suitable absorbent materials s liquids. Recover and return free pro- ensure all equipment is grounded a | oduct to proper containe | ers. When recovering free liquids |
| | | 7. HANDLING AND | STORAGE | |

Product name: Marathon Petroleum Gasoline - All Grades SDS ID NO.: 0127MAR019

| Safe Handling Precautions: | NEVER SIPHON THIS PRODUCT BY MOUTH. Use appropriate grounding and bonding practices. Static accumulating flammable liquid. Bonding and grounding may be insufficient to eliminate the hazard from static electricity. Do not expose to heat, open flames, strong oxidizers or other sources of ignition. Vapors may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation. Flashback may occur along vapor trails. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing fumes, gas, or vapors. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8. Exercise good personal hygiene including removal of soiled clothing and prompt washing with soap and water. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may remain. Refer to applicable EPA, OSHA, NFPA and consistent state and local requirements. |
|----------------------------|---|
| | Hydrocarbons are basically non-conductors of electricity and can become electrostatically charged during mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates or loading and transfer operations. If this charge reaches a sufficiently high level, sparks can form that may ignite the vapors of flammable liquids. Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating under elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment may result in ignition of vapors or mists without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Nozzle spouts must be kept in contact with the containers or tank during the entire filling operation. |
| | Portable containers should never be filled while in or on a motor vehicle or marine craft. Containers should be placed on the ground. Static electric discharge can ignite fuel vapors when filling non-grounded containers or vehicles on trailers. The nozzle spout must be kept in contact with the container before and during the entire filling operation. Use only approved containers. |
| | A buildup of static electricity can occur upon re-entry into a vehicle during fueling especially in cold or dry climate conditions. The charge is generated by the action of dissimilar fabrics (i.e., clothing and upholstery) rubbing across each other as a person enters/exits the vehicle. A flash fire can result from this discharge if sufficient flammable vapors are present. Therefore, do not get back in your vehicle while refueling. |
| | Cellular phones and other electronic devices may have the potential to emit electrical charges (sparks). Sparks in potentially explosive atmospheres (including fueling areas such as gas stations) could cause an explosion if sufficient flammable vapors are present. Therefore, turn off cellular phones and other electronic devices when working in potentially explosive atmospheres or keep devices inside your vehicle during refueling. |
| | High-pressure injection of any material through the skin is a serious medical emergency even though the small entrance wound at the injection site may not initially appear serious. These injection injuries can occur from high-pressure equipment such as paint spray or grease or guns, fuel injectors, or pinhole leaks in hoses or hydraulic lines and should all be considered serious. High pressure injection injuries may be SERIOUS SURGICAL EMERGENCIES (See First Aid Section 4). |
| Storage Conditions: | Store in properly closed containers that are appropriately labeled and in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. |

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PELS: | OSHA - Vacated PELs | NIOSH IDLH |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---|------------|
| Gasoline 86290-81-5 | 300 ppm TWA 500 ppm STEL | - | 300 ppm TWA 900 mg/m ³ TWA 500 ppm STEL 1500 mg/m ³ STEL | - |

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| | | | | 1 |
|---|--|---|---|----------|
| Heptane (mixed isomers) 142-82-5 | 400 ppm TWA 500 ppm STEL | TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m ³ | 400 ppm TWA 1600 mg/m ³ TWA 500 ppm STEL 2000 mg/m ³ STEL | 750 ppm |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) 78-78-4 | 1000 ppm TWA | - | - | - |
| Butane (mixed isomers) 106-97-8 | 1000 ppm STEL | - | 800 ppm TWA 1900 mg/m³ TWA | - |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) 107-83-5 | 500 ppm TWA 1000 ppm STEL | - | 500 ppm TWA 1800 mg/m ³ TWA 1000 ppm STEL 3600 mg/m ³ STEL | - |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | 20 ppm TWA | TWA: 200 ppm Ceiling: 300 ppm | 100 ppm TWA 375 mg/m³ TWA 150 ppm STEL 560 mg/m³ STEL | 500 ppm |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 | 100 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ | 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m ³ TWA 150 ppm STEL 655 mg/m ³ STEL | 900 ppm |
| n-Hexane 110-54-3 | 50 ppm TWA Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route | TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ | 50 ppm TWA 180 mg/m³ TWA | 1100 ppm |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | 50 ppm TWA | TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 245 mg/m ³ Skin | 50 ppm TWA 245 mg/m³ TWA Limit applies to skin | 900 ppm |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | 25 ppm TWA | - | 25 ppm TWA 125 mg/m ³ TWA | - |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 20 ppm TWA | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ | 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m³ TWA 125 ppm STEL 545 mg/m³ STEL | 800 ppm |
| Benzene 71-43-2 | 0.5 ppm TWA 2.5 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route | TWA: 10 ppm (applies to industry segments exempt from the benzene standard) TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 5 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1028) | 25 ppm Ceiling 1 ppm TWA 5 ppm STEL | 500 ppm |
| Cyclohexane 110-82-7 | 100 ppm TWA | TWA: 300 ppm TWA: 1050 mg/m ³ | 300 ppm TWA 1050 mg/m³ TWA | 1300 ppm |
| Octane 111-65-9 | 300 ppm TWA | TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2350 mg/m ³ | 300 ppm TWA 1450 mg/m ³ TWA 375 ppm STEL 1800 mg/m ³ STEL | 1000 ppm |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene 526-73-8 | 25 ppm TWA | - | 25 ppm TWA 125 mg/m³ TWA | - |
| Naphthalene 91-20-3 | 10 ppm TWA Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route | TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 50 mg/m³ | 10 ppm TWA 50 mg/m³ TWA 15 ppm STEL 75 mg/m³ STEL | 250 ppm |
| otes: | The manufacturer | has voluntarily elected to ants standard in its SDS 992. | | |
| ngineering measures: | | xhaust required in an en- echanical ventilation equ | | |
| ersonal protective equipmen | | | · · · | |

| Eye protection: | Use goggles or face-shield if the potential for splashing exists. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Skin and body protection: | Use nitrile rubber, Viton® or PVA gloves for repeated or prolonged skin exposure. Glove suitability is based on workplace conditions and usage. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times. |
| Respiratory protection: | Use a NIOSH approved organic vapor chemical cartridge or supplied air respirators when there is the potential for airborne exposures to exceed permissible exposure limits or if excessive vapors are generated. Observe respirator assigned protection factors (APFs) criteria cited in federal OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used for fire fighting. |
| Hygiene measures: | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical State | Liquid |
|----------------|---------------------|
| Appearance | Clear yellow liquid |
| Color | Yellow |
| Odor | Hydrocarbon |
| Odor Threshold | No data available. |
| | |

-4

| Values (Method) |
|-----------------|
|-----------------|

| Property | Values (Method) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Melting Point / Freezing Point | No data available. |
| Initial Boiling Point / Boiling Range | 24-210 °C / 75-410 °F (ASTM D86) |
| Flash Point | -43 °C / -45 °F |
| Evaporation Rate | No data available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Flammability Limit in Air (%): | |
| Upper Flammability Limit: | 7.6 |
| Lower Flammability Limit: | 1.4 |
| Explosion limits: | No data available. |
| Vapor Pressure | 5.5-15 psi (ASTM D4814) |
| Vapor Density | 3-4 |
| Specific Gravity / Relative Density | 0.70-0.76 |
| Water Solubility | No data available. |
| Solubility in other solvents | No data available. |
| Partition Coefficient | 2.13-4.5 |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available. |
| pH: | Not applicable |
| Autoignition Temperature | 280 °C / 536 °F |
| Kinematic Viscosity | No data available. |
| Dynamic Viscosity | No data available. |
| Explosive Properties | No data available. |
| VOC Content (%) | 100% |
| Density | No data available. |
| Bulk Density | Not applicable. |
| | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | The material is stable at 70°F, 760 mmHg pressure. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | None under normal processing. |
| Hazardous polymerization | Will not occur. |
| | |

Conditions to avoid

Incompatible Materials

Excessive heat, sources of ignition, open flame.

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

None known under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential short-term adverse effects from overexposures

| Inhalation | May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Breathing high concentrations of this material in a confined space or by intentional abuse can cause irregular heartbeats which can cause death. |
|--------------|--|
| Eye contact | Exposure to vapor or contact with liquid may cause mild eye irritation, including tearing, stinging, and redness. |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. Effects may become more serious with repeated or prolonged contact. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. |
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed or vomited and enters airways. May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract. |

Acute toxicological data

| Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Gasoline 86290-81-5 | 14000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) 142-82-5 | - | 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 103 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) 78-78-4 | - | - | 450 mg/L (Mouse) 2 h |
| Butane (mixed isomers) 106-97-8 | - | - | 658 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) 107-83-5 | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | - | - |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | 8390 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 12.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.04 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| n-Hexane 110-54-3 | 15000 mg/kg (Rat) | 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 48000 ppm (Rat) 4 h |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 20 mg/L (Rat) 6 h |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | 3280 mg/kg (Rat) | > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 18,000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 17.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Benzene 71-43-2 | > 2000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 20 mg/l (Rat) 4 h |
| Cyclohexane 110-82-7 | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | 13.9 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| Octane 111-65-9 | - | - | 118 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene 526-73-8 | - | - | - |
| Naphthalene 91-20-3 | 490 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 340 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h |

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

NAPHTHAS: In a large epidemiological study on over 15,000 employees at several petroleum refineries and amongst residents located near these refineries, no increased risk of kidney cancer was observed in association with gasoline exposures (a similar material). In a similar study, no increased risk of kidney cancer was observed among petroleum refinery workers, but there was a slight trend in the incidence of kidney cancers among service station employees, especially after a 30-year latency period. Altered mental state, drowsiness, peripheral motor neuropathy, irreversible brain damage (so-called Petrol Sniffer's Encephalopathy), delirium, seizures, and sudden death have been reported from repeated overexposure to some hydrocarbon solvents, naphthas, and gasoline.

ISOPARAFFINS: Studies in laboratory animals have shown that long-term exposure to similar materials (isoparaffins) can cause kidney damage and kidney cancer in male laboratory rats. However, in-depth research indicates that these findings are unique to the male rat, and that these effects are not relevant to humans.

C9 AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS: A developmental inhalation study was conducted in laboratory mice. Increased implantation losses, reduced fetal weights, delayed ossification and an increased incidence of cleft palate were observed at the highest exposure level (1,500 ppm). This exposure level was extremely toxic to pregnant female mice (44% mortality). Reduced fetal body weights were also observed at 500 ppm. A multi-generation reproduction inhalation study was conducted in laboratory rats. Reductions in pup weights, pup weight gain, litter size, and pup survival were observed at 1,500 ppm, an exposure level at which significant maternal toxicity was observed. Reduced pup weight gain was also observed at 500 ppm.

PENTANES: Studies of pentane isomers in laboratory animals indicate exposure to extremely high levels (roughly 10 vol.%) may induce cardiac arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats) which may be serious or fatal.

BUTANES: Studies in laboratory animals indicate exposure to extremely high levels of butanes (1-10 or higher vol.% in air) may cause cardiac arrhythmias (irregular heartbeats) which may be serious or fatal.

TOLUENE: Case studies of persons abusing toluene suggest isolated incidences of adverse effects on the fetus including birth defects. Abuse of toluene at high concentrations (e.g., glue sniffing and solvent abuse) has been associated with adverse effects on the liver, kidney and nervous system, and can cause CNS depression, cardiac arrhythmias, and death. Studies of workers indicate longterm exposure may be related to impaired color vision and hearing. Some studies of workers suggest longterm exposure may be related to neurobehavioral and cognitive changes. Some of these effects have been observed in laboratory animals following repeated exposure to high levels of toluene. Several studies of workers suggest longterm exposure may be related to small increases in spontaneous abortions and changes in some gonadotropic hormones. However, the weight of evidence does not indicate toluene is a reproductive hazard to humans. Studies in laboratory animals indicate some changes in reproductive organs following high levels of exposure, but no significant effects on mating performance or reproduction were observed. Case studies of persons abusing toluene suggest isolated incidences of adverse effects on the fetus including birth defects. Findings in laboratory animals have been largely negative. Positive findings include small increases in minor skeletal and visceral malformations and developmental delays following very high levels of maternal exposure. Studies of workers indicate long-term exposure may be related to effects on the liver, kidney and blood, but these appear to be limited to changes in serum enzymes and decreased leukocyte counts. Adverse effects on the liver, kidney, thymus and nervous system were observed in animal studies following very high levels of exposure. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time.

XYLENES, ALL ISOMERS: Overexposure to xylene may cause upper respiratory tract irritation, headache, cyanosis, blood serum changes, nervous system damage and narcosis. Effects may be increased by the use of alcoholic beverages. Evidence of liver and kidney impairment were reported in workers recovering from a gross overexposure. Effects from Prolonged or Repeated Exposure: Impaired neurological function was reported

in workers exposed to solvents including xylene. Studies in laboratory animals have shown evidence of impaired hearing following high levels of exposure. Studies in laboratory animals suggest some changes in reproductive organs following high levels of exposure but no significant effects on reproduction were observed. Studies in laboratory animals indicate skeletal and visceral malformations, developmental delays, and increased fetal resorptions following extremely high levels of maternal exposure with evidence of maternal toxicity. The relevance of these observations to humans is not clear at this time. Adverse effects on the liver, kidney, bone marrow (changes in blood cell parameters) were observed in laboratory animals following high levels of exposure. The relevance of these observations to humans is not clear at this time.

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE: The following information pertains to a mixture of C9 aromatic hydrocarbons, over 40% of which was composed of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene. A developmental inhalation study was conducted in laboratory mice. Increased implantation losses, reduced fetal weights, delayed ossification and an increased incidence of cleft palate were observed at the highest exposure level (1,500 ppm). This exposure level was extremely toxic to pregnant female mice (44% mortality). Reduced fetal body weights were also observed at 500 ppm. A multi-generation reproduction inhalation study was conducted in laboratory rats. Reductions in pup weights, pup weight gain, litter size, and pup survival were observed at 1,500 ppm, an exposure level at which significant maternal toxicity was observed. Reduced pup weight gain was also observed at 500 ppm. Embryotoxicity has been reported in studies of laboratory animals. Adverse effects included increased implantation losses, reduced fetal weights, delayed ossification and an increased incidence of cleft palate.<n>

N-HEXANE: Long-term or repeated exposure to n-hexane can cause peripheral nerve damage. Initial symptoms are numbness of the fingers and toes. Also, motor weakness can occur in the digits, but may also involve muscles of the arms, thighs and forearms. The onset of these symptoms may be delayed for several months to a year after the beginning of exposure. Testicular atrophy and partial to full loss of the germ cell line were observed in sub-chronic high-dose inhalation studies of laboratory rodents. These effects appeared irreversible. Rodent reproduction studies have shown evidence of reduced fetal weight but no frank malformations.

CUMENE: Overexposure to cumene may cause upper respiratory tract irritation and CNS depression. Studies in laboratory animals indicate evidence of respiratory tract hyperplasia, and adverse effects on the liver, kidney and adrenal glands following high level exposure. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time. Findings from lifetime laboratory rodent inhalation studies were as follows: In F344/N rats: an increased incidence of renal carcinomas and adenomas, respiratory epithelial adenomas, and interstitial cell adenomas of the testes. In B6C3F1 mice: an increased incidence of carcinomas and adenoma function and lung, liver neoplasms, hemangiosarcomas of the spleen, and adenomas of the thyroid.

ETHYLBENZENE: Findings from a 2-year inhalation study in rodents conducted by NTP were as follows: Effects were observed only at the highest exposure level (750 ppm). At this level the incidence of renal tumors was elevated in male rats (tubular carcinomas) and female rats (tubular adenomas). The incidence of tumors was also elevated in male mice (alveolar and bronchiolar carcinomas) and female mice (hepatocellular carcinomas). IARC has classified ethyl benzene as "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B). Studies in laboratory animals indicate some evidence of post-implantation deaths following high levels of maternal exposure. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time. Studies in laboratory animals indicate limited evidence of renal malformations, resorptions, and developmental delays following high levels of maternal exposure with evidence of maternal toxicity. The relevance of these findings to humans is not clear at this time. Studies in laboratory animals have demonstrated evidence of ototoxicity (hearing loss) following exposure levels as low as 300 ppm for 5 days. Studies in laboratory animals indicate some evidence of the protocol evidence of adverse effects on the liver, kidney, thyroid, and pituitary gland.

BENZENE: Studies of workers exposed to benzene show clear evidence that overexposure can cause cancer and other diseases of the blood forming organs including Acute

Myelogenous Leukemia (AML), and Aplastic Anemia (AA), an often fatal disease. Some studies suggest overexposure to benzene may also be associated with Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS). Findings from a case control study of workers exposed to benzene was reported during the 2009 Benzene Symposium in Munich included an increase in Acute Myeloid Leukemias and Non-Hodgkins Lymphoid Neoplasms (NHLN) of the subtype follicular lymphoma (FL) in some occupational categories. Some studies of workers exposed to benzene have shown an association with increased rates of chromosome aberrations in circulating lymphocytes. One study of women workers exposed to benzene suggested a weak association with irregular menstruation. However, other studies of workers exposed to benzene have not demonstrated clear evidence of an effect on fertility or reproductive outcome in humans. Benzene can cross the placenta and affect the developing fetus. Cases of AA have been reported in the offspring of persons severely overexposed to benzene. Studies in laboratory animals indicate that prolonged, repeated exposure to high levels of benzene vapor can cause bone marrow suppression and cancer in multiple organ systems. Studies in laboratory animals show evidence of adverse effects on male reproductive organs following high levels of exposure but no significant effects on reproduction have been observed. Embryotoxicity has been reported in studies of laboratory animals but effects were limited to reduced fetal weight and minor skeletal variations. Benzene has been classified as a proven human carcinogen by OSHA and a Group 1 (Carcinogenic to Humans) material by IARC. The current proposed IARC classification for benzene is summarized as follows: Sufficient evidence for Acute Myeloid Leukemia; limited evidence for Acute Lymphatic Leukemia, Chronic Lymphatic Leukemia, Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, and Multiple Myeloma.

NAPHTHALENE: Severe jaundice, neurotoxicity (kernicterus) and fatalities have been reported in young children and infants as a result of hemolytic anemia from overexposure to naphthalene. Persons with glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency are more prone to the hemolytic effects of naphthalene. Adverse effects on the kidney have been reported in persons overexposed to naphthalene but these effects are believed to be a consequence of hemolytic anemia, and not a direct effect. Hemolytic anemia has been observed in laboratory animals exposed to naphthalene. Laboratory rodents exposed to naphthalene vapor for 2 years (lifetime studies) developed non-neoplastic and neoplastic tumors and inflammatory lesions of the nasal and respiratory tract. Cataracts and other adverse effects on the eye have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to high levels of naphthalene. Findings from a large number of bacterial and mammalian cell mutation assays have been negative. A few studies have shown chromosomal effects (elevated levels of Sister Chromatid Exchange or chromosomal aberrations) in vitro. Naphthalene has been classified as Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans (2B) by IARC, based on findings from studies in laboratory animals.

CARBON MONOXIDE: is a chemical asphyxiant with no warning properties (such as odor). At 400-500 ppm for 1 hour headache and dyspnea may occur. If activity is increased, symptoms of overexposure may include nausea, irritability, increased respiration, tinnitus, sweating, chest pain, confusion, impaired judgement, dizziness, weakness, drowsiness, ataxia, irregular heart beat, cyanosis and pallor. Levels in excess of 1000 ppm can result in collapse, loss of conciousness, respiratory failure and death. Extremely high concentrations (12,800 ppm) can cause immediate unconsciousness and death in 1-3 minutes. Repeated anoxia can lead to central nervous system damage and peripheral neuropathy, with loss of sensation in the fingers, amnesia, and mental deterioration and possible congestive heart failure. Damage may also occur to the fetus, lung, liver, kidney, spleen, cardiovascular system and other organs.

WHOLLY-VAPORIZED UNLEADED GASOLINE: Lifetime exposure to wholly vaporized unleaded gasoline produced an increased incidence of liver tumors in female mice exposed to the highest exposure concentration (2056 ppm) and α -2 urinary globulin-mediated kidney tumors in male rats. No exposure-related tumors were observed in male mice or female rats. The male-specific rat kidney tumors are not considered relevant to human health. Mice receiving lifetime repeated skin application of various petroleum naphthas exhibited an irritation-dependent increased incidence of skin tumors. Additional studies suggest that these tumors occur through a mechanism that may not be relevant to human health. Epidemiological data from over 18,000 petroleum marketing and distribution workers

| | showed no increased risk of leukemia, multiple myeloma, or kidney cancer resulting from gasoline exposure. Unleaded gasoline has been identified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). COMBUSTION ENGINE EXHAUST: Chronic inhalation studies of gasoline engine exhaust in mice, rats and hamsters did not produce any carcinogenic effects. Condensates/extracts of gasoline engine exhaust produced an increase in tumors compared to controls when testing by skin painting, subcutaneous injection, intratracheal instillation or implantation into the lungs. Gasoline exhaust has been classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Adverse effects related to the phys | ical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Signs and Symptoms | Irritating to the skin and mucous membranes. Symptoms may include redness, itching, and inflammation. May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and signs of nervous system depression: headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, disorientation and fatigue. Aspiration hazard. May cause coughing, chest pains, shortness of breath, pulmonary edema and/or chemical pneumonitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause drying, reddening, itching and cracking. |
| Sensitization | Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer. |
| Mutagenic effects | May cause genetic defects. |
| Carcinogenicity | May cause cancer. |

Cancer designations are listed in the table below

| Name | ACGIH (Class) | IARC (Class) | NTP | OSHA |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Gasoline 86290-81-5 | Confirmed animal carcinogen (A3) | Possible human carcinogen (2B) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) 142-82-5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) 78-78-4 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Butane (mixed isomers) 106-97-8 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) 107-83-5 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | Not Classifiable (A4) | Not Classifiable (3) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 | Not classifiable (A4) | Not classifiable (3) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| n-Hexane 110-54-3 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | Not listed | Possible human carcinogen (2B) | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen | Not listed |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | Confirmed animal carcinogen (A3) | Possible human carcinogen (2B) | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Benzene 71-43-2 | Confirmed human carcinogen (A1) | Carcinogenic to humans (1) | Known to be human carcinogen | Known carcinogen |
| Cyclohexane 110-82-7 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Octane 111-65-9 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene 526-73-8 | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed | Not Listed |
| Naphthalene 91-20-3 | Confirmed animal carcinogen (A3) | Possible human carcinogen (2B) | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen | Not Listed |

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed or vomited and enters airways.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

This product should be considered toxic to aquatic organisms, with the potential to cause long lasting adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

| Name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to Microorganisms | Crustacea |
|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Gasoline 86290-81-5 | 72-hr EC50 = 56 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 11 mg/l Rainbow trout (static) | - | 48-hr LC50 = 7.6 mg/l Daphnia magna |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) 142-82-5 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 375 mg/L Tilapia | - | - |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) 78-78-4 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 3.1 mg/L Rainbow trout | - | 48-hr EC50 = >1 - <10 mg/L Daphnia magna |
| Butane (mixed isomers) 106-97-8 | - | - | - | - |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) 107-83-5 | - | - | - | - |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | 72-hr EC50 = 12.5 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 <= 10 mg/l Rainbow trout | - | 48-hr EC50 = 5.46-9.83 mg/l Daphnia magna 48-hr EC50 = 11.5 mg/l Daphnia magna (Static) |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) 1330-20-7 | 72-hr EC50 = 11 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 8 mg/l Rainbow trout | - | 48-hr LC50 = 3.82 mg/l Daphnia magna |
| n-Hexane 110-54-3 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 2.5 mg/l Fathead minnow | - | - |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | 72-hr EC50 = 2.6 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 6.04-6.61 mg/l Fathead minnow (Flow-through) 96-hr LC50 = 2.7 mg/l Rainbow trout (semi-static) | - | 48-hr EC50 = 7.9-14.1 mg/l Daphnia magna (static) |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 7.19-8.28 mg/l Fathead minnow (flow-through) | - | 48-hr EC50 = 6.14 mg/L Daphnia magna |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 72-hr EC50 = 1.7-7.6 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 4 mg/L Rainbow trout | - | 48-hr EC50 = 1-4 mg/L Daphnia magna |
| Benzene 71-43-2 | 72-hr EC50 = 29 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 5.3 mg/l Rainbow trout (flow-through) | - | 48-hr EC50 = 8.76-15.6 mg/l Daphnia magna (Static) |
| Cyclohexane 110-82-7 | 72-hr EC50 = 500 mg/l Algae | 96-hr LC50 = 3.96-5.18 mg/l Fathead minnow | - | 48-hr EC50 = 1.7-3.5 mg/L Bay shrimp |
| Octane 111-65-9 | - | - | - | 48-hr LC50 = 0.38 mg/l Daphnia magna |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene 526-73-8 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 7.72 mg/l Fathead Minnow (flow-through) | - | - |
| Naphthalene 91-20-3 | - | 96-hr LC50 = 0.91-2.82 mg/l Rainbow trout (static) 96-hr LC50 = 1.99 mg/l Fathead minnow (static) | - | 48-hr LC50 = 1.6 mg/l Daphnia magna |

Persistence and degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable. The presence of ethanol in this product may impede the biodegradation of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene in groundwater, resulting in elongated plumes of these constituents.

| Bioaccumulation | Has the potential to bioaccumulate. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | |

Mobility in soil May partition into air, soil and water.

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of Waste Residues

This material may be a flammable liquid waste.

Safe Handling of Wastes

Handle in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Use personal protection measures as required. Use appropriate grounding and bonding practices. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not expose to heat, open flames, strong oxidizers or other sources of ignition. No smoking.

Disposal of Wastes / Methods of Disposal

The user is responsible for determining if any discarded material is a hazardous waste (40 CFR 262.11). Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Methods of Contaminated Packaging Disposal

Empty containers should be completely drained and then discarded or recycled, if possible. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may be present. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| DOT (49 CFR 172.101): UN Proper Shipping Name: UN/Identification No: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group: | Gasoline UN 1203 3 II |
|---|--------------------------------|
| TDG (Canada): UN Proper Shipping Name: UN/Identification No: Transport Hazard Class(es): Packing Group: | Gasoline UN 1203 3 II |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulatory Information:

US TSCA Chemical Inventory Section 8(b):

This product and/or its components are listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

EPA Superfund Amendment & Reauthorization Act (SARA):

SARA Section 302: This product does not contain any component(s) included on EPA's Extremely Hazardous Substance (EHS) List.

| Name | CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Gasoline | NA |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Butane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) | NA |
| Toluene | NA |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | NA |

0127MAR019 Marathon Petroleum Gasoline - All Grades

| n-Hexane | NA |
|------------------------|----|
| Cumene | NA |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene | NA |
| Ethylbenzene | NA |
| Benzene | NA |
| Cyclohexane | NA |
| Octane | NA |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | NA |
| Naphthalene | NA |

SARA Section 304:

This product may contain component(s) identified either as an EHS or a CERCLA Hazardous substance which in case of a spill or release may be subject to SARA reporting requirements:

| Name | Hazardous Substances RQs |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Gasoline | NA |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Butane (mixed isomers) | NA |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) | NA |
| Toluene | 1000 lb final RQ 454 kg final RQ |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 100 lb final RQ 45.4 kg final RQ |
| n-Hexane | 5000 lb final RQ 2270 kg final RQ |
| Cumene | 5000 lb final RQ 2270 kg final RQ |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene | NA |
| Ethylbenzene | 1000 lb final RQ 454 kg final RQ |
| Benzene | 10 lb final RQ 4.54 kg final RQ |
| Cyclohexane | 1000 lb final RQ 454 kg final RQ |
| Octane | NA |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | NA |
| Naphthalene | 100 lb final RQ 45.4 kg final RQ |

SARA:

The following EPA hazard categories apply to this product:

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Fire Hazard

SARA Section 313:

This product may contain component(s), which if in exceedance of the de minimus threshold, may be subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Reporting (Form R).

| Name | CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting: |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Gasoline | None |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | None |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | None |
| Butane (mixed isomers) | None |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) | None |
| Toluene | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| n-Hexane | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Cumene | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |

| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Ethylbenzene | 0.1 % de minimis concentration |
| Benzene | 0.1 % de minimis concentration |
| Cyclohexane | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Octane | None |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | None |
| Naphthalene | 0.1 % de minimis concentration |

State and Community Right-To-Know Regulations: The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

| Gasoline | |
|---|--|
| Louisiana Right-To-Know: | Not Listed |
| California Proposition 65: | Not Listed |
| New Jersey Right-To-Know: | SN 0957 |
| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Present |
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Present |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Not Listed |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed |
| California - Regulated Carcinogens: | Not Listed |
| Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous | Not Listed |
| Substances: | |
| New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: | Carcinogen; Flammable - third degree |
| New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous | SN 0957 TPQ: 10000 lb (Under N.J.A.C. 7:1G, environmental |
| Substances List: | hazardous substances in mixtures such as gasoline or new and |
| | used petroleum oil may be reported under these categories) |
| Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: | Present |
| New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - | Not Listed |
| List of Hazardous Substances: | |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | |
| Louisiana Right-To-Know: | Not Listed |
| California Proposition 65: | Not Listed |
| New Jersey Right-To-Know: | SN 1339 |
| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Present |
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Present |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Toxic; Flammable |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed |
| California - Regulated Carcinogens: | Not Listed |
| Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous | Not Listed |
| Substances: | |
| New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: | Flammable - third degree |
| New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous | Not Listed |
| Substances List: | |
| Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: | Not Listed |
| New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - | Not Listed |
| List of Hazardous Substances: | |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | |
| Louisiana Right-To-Know: | Not Listed |
| California Proposition 65: | Not Listed |
| New Jersey Right-To-Know: | SN 1064 |
| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Present |
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Present |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Not Listed |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed |
| | |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed |

California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Butane (mixed isomers) Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Toluene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances:

Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - fourth degree SN 1064 TPQ: 500 lb Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed SN 0273 Present Present Not Listed Toxic: Flammable Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - fourth degree SN 0273 TPQ: 500 lb Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed SN 1285 Present Present Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Developmental toxicity, initial date 1/1/91 Female reproductive toxicity, initial date 8/7/09 SN 1866 Environmental hazard Present Not Listed Toxic (skin); Flammable (skin) 100 lb Annual usage threshold Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed

New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Xylene (mixed isomers) Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: n-Hexane Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersev Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Cumene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants:

Flammable - third degree; Teratogen SN 1866 TPQ: 500 lb Present 1000 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) Not Listed Not Listed SN 2014 Environmental hazard Present Not Listed Toxic (skin); Flammable (skin) 100 lb Annual usage threshold all isomers Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree SN 2014 TPQ: 500 lb Present 1000 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) Not Listed Not Listed SN 1340 Present Present Not Listed Toxic; Flammable Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree SN 1340 TPQ: 500 lb Present 1 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) Not Listed Carcinogen, initial date 4/6/10 SN 0542 Environmental hazard Present Not Listed Toxic (skin); Flammable (skin) Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree SN 0542 TPQ: 500 lb

Present

New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene Louisiana Right-To-Know: Not Listed California Proposition 65: Not Listed New Jersey Right-To-Know: SN 1929 Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Present Massachusetts Right-To Know: Present Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Toxic Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: Present New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Ethylbenzene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: SN 0851 Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Present Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Not Listed Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: Not Listed California - Regulated Carcinogens: Not Listed Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: Present New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Benzene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: SN 0197 New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Present Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: Present New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -

Not Listed Carcinogen, initial date 6/11/04 Environmental hazard Not Listed Toxic; Flammable Not Listed Carcinogen; flammable - Third degree SN 0851 TPQ: 500 lb 1000 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) Not Listed Carcinogen, initial date 2/27/87 Developmental toxicity, initial date 12/26/97 Male reproductive toxicity, initial date 12/26/97 Environmental hazard; Special hazardous substance Carcinogen; Extraordinarily hazardous Not Listed Toxic (skin); Flammable (skin); Carcinogen (skin) 100 lb Annual usage threshold Carcinogen; Extraordinarily hazardous Not Listed Carcinogen; Flammable - third degree; Mutagen SN 0197 TPQ: 500 lb

Present 10 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water)

List of Hazardous Substances:

Cyclohexane Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Octane Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know: Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: Massachusetts Right-To Know: Florida Substance List: Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Michigan Critical Materials Register List: Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: California - Regulated Carcinogens: Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List: Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 -List of Hazardous Substances: Naphthalene Louisiana Right-To-Know: California Proposition 65: New Jersey Right-To-Know:

Not Listed Not Listed SN 0565 Environmental hazard Present Not Listed Toxic; Flammable Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree SN 0565 TPQ: 500 lb Not Listed 1000 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) Not Listed Not Listed SN 1434 Present Present Not Listed Toxic: Flammable Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Flammable - third degree Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed SN 1929 Present Present Not Listed Toxic Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Present Not Listed Not Listed

Carcinogen, initial date 4/19/02 SN 1322 SN 3758

| Pennsylvania Right-To-Know: | Environmental hazard Present (particulate) |
|---|---|
| Massachusetts Right-To Know: | Present |
| Florida Substance List: | Not Listed |
| Rhode Island Right-To-Know: | Toxic; Flammable |
| Michigan Critical Materials Register List: | Not Listed |
| Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances: | Not Listed |
| California - Regulated Carcinogens: | Not Listed |
| Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous | Not Listed |
| Substances: | |
| New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: | Carcinogen |
| New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous | SN 1322 TPQ: 500 lb (Reportable at the de minimis quantity of |
| Substances List: | >0.1%) |
| Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants: | Present |
| New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - | 100 lb RQ (air); 1 lb RQ (land/water) |
| List of Hazardous Substances: | |

Canada DSL/NDSL Inventory: This

This product and/or its components are listed either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

Canadian Regulatory Information:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

| Name | Canada - WHMIS: Classifications of Substances: | Canada - WHMIS: Ingredient Disclosure: |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Gasoline | B2,D2A,D2B | 0.1% |
| Heptane (mixed isomers) | B2,D2B | 1% |
| Pentane (mixed isomers) | B2 | 1% |
| Butane (mixed isomers) | A,B1 | 1% |
| Hexane Isomers (other than n-Hexane) | B2 | 1% |
| Toluene | B2,D2A,D2B | 0.1% |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | B2,D2A,D2B | m-, o-isomers 1.0%; p-isomer 0.1% |
| n-Hexane | B2,D2A,D2B | 1% |
| Cumene | B2,D2A | 0.1% |
| 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene | B3,D2B | 1% |
| Ethylbenzene | B2,D2A,D2B | 0.1% |
| Benzene | B2,D2A,D2B | 0.1% |
| Cyclohexane | B2,D2B | 1% |
| Octane | B2,D2B | 1% |
| 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene | B3 | 1% |
| Naphthalene | B4,D2A | 0.1% |



Note:

Not applicable.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By

Toxicology and Product Safety

Revision Date:

Toxicology and Troduct Ca

Revision Note:

06/01/2016

| Revised Sections | The following sections (§) have been updated: 1. IDENTIFICATION |
|------------------|--|
| | 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION |
| | 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS |
| | 4. FIRST AID MEASURES |
| | 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES |
| | 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE |
| | 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION |
| | 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES |
| | 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION |
| | 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION |
| | 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION |

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is intended as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, accidental release, clean-up and disposal and is not considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.





1. Identification

| Product identifier | Oatey PVC Heavy Duty Clear or Gray Cement | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Other means of identification | | | | | |
| SDS number | 1102E | | | | |
| Synonyms | Part Numbers: Clear 30850, 30863, 30876(TV), 30882, 31008(TV), 31011, 31950, 31951, 31952, 31953 Gray 30349, 31093, 31094, 31095, 31105, 31118, 31978, 31979, 31980, 31981, 32050, 32051, 32052, 32210, 32211 | | | | |
| Recommended use | Joining PVC Pipes | | | | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | | | | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/ | Distributor information | | | | |
| Company Name Address | Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th St. Cleveland, OH 44135 | | | | |
| Telephone E-mail | 216-267-7100 info@oatey.com | | | | |
| Transport Emergency | Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1- | 703-527-3887) | | | |
| Emergency First Aid | 1-877-740-5015 | | | | |
| Contact person | MSDS Coordinator | | | | |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | | | | |
| Physical hazards | Flammable liquids | Category 2 | | | |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 | | | |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 | | | |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A | | | |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation | | | |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | | | | |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 | | | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | | | | |
| Label elements | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Signal word | Danger | | | | |
| Hazard statement | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | | | |
| Precautionary statement | | | | | |
| Prevention | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. | | | | |
| Response | Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. | | | | |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep contained | er tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. | | | |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations | | | | |

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | _ |
|-----|---------|
| ΝЛ | ixtures |
| IVI | 1710162 |

| 109-99-9 | 30-60 |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | |
| 67-64-1 | 10-30 |
| 108-94-1 | 10-30 |
| 9002-86-2 | 10-30 |
| 78-93-3 | 5-10 |
| 112945-52-5 | 1-5 |
| | 108-94-1 9002-86-2 78-93-3 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin iritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.Eye contactImmediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.IngestionCall a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedSymptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment neededProvide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.S. Fire-fighting measuresAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).De not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from edical attention and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Specific nethodsUse standard firefighting procedures and fuel protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Specific nethods <th>Inhalation</th> <th>Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.</th> | Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
|--|-------------------------------|---|
| Ingestionpresent and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.IngestionCall a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedSymptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment neededProvide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.General informationTake off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.5. Fire-fighting measuresAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Specific nethodsUse standard firefighting apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. <t< th=""><th>Skin contact</th><th>irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before</th></t<> | Skin contact | irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedSymptoms and pneumonitis.Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayedSymptoms and pneumonitis.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment neededProvide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.General informationTake off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.5. Fire-fighting measures Suitable extinguishing media MediaAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Specific methods equipment/instructionsSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methods equipment/instructionsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains t | Eye contact | |
| symptoms/effects, acute and delayedVapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause redness and pain.Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment neededProvide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.General informationTake off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.5. Fire-fighting measuresAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methods General fire hazardsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofur | Ingestion | keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause |
| medical attention and special treatment neededimmediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.General informationTake off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.5. Fire-fighting measuresAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Specific methodsSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breath fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | symptoms/effects, acute and | Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May |
| advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.5. Fire-fighting measuresAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).Suitable extinguishing mediaAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | medical attention and special | immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give |
| Suitable extinguishing mediaAlcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).Unsuitable extinguishing mediaDo not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methods General fire hazardsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. | General information | advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take |
| Unsuitable extinguishing mediaDo not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.Specific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methods General fire hazardsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. | 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| mediaSpecific hazards arising from the chemicalVapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.General fire hazardsHighly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | Suitable extinguishing media | Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| the chemicalof ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.Special protective equipment and precautions for firefightersSelf-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.Fire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.General fire hazardsHighly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| and precautions for firefightersFire fighting equipment/instructionsIn case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.General fire hazardsHighly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | • • | |
| equipment/instructionsso without risk.Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.General fire hazardsHighly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| General fire hazards Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive | | |
| | Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| | General fire hazards | |

6. Accidental release measures

| 0. Accidental release measures | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors or mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. | | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. | | |
| | Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. | | |
| | Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. | | |
| | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. | | |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. | | |
| 7. Handling and storage | | | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. | | |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

| Туре | Value | Form |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| TWA | 0.8 mg/m3 | Unspecified. |
| | 20 mppcf | Unspecified. |
| ubstances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | | |
| Туре | Value | |
| STEL | 5 ppm | |
| TWA | 1 ppm | |
| Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) | | |
| Туре | Value | Form |
| PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | 1000 ppm | |
| PEL | 200 mg/m3 | |
| | 50 ppm | |
| PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | |
| | TWA ubstances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Type STEL TWA Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type PEL PEL | TWA 0.8 mg/m3 20 mppcf ubstances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Type Value STEL 5 ppm TWA 1 ppm Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Value PEL 2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm 200 mg/m3 50 ppm 50 ppm |

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|---------------|---|----------------------|
| hyl ethyl ketone (CAS PEL | | 590 mg/m3 | |
| 3-93-3) | | 200 ppm | |
| olyvinyl chloride (CAS | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| 002-86-2) | | - | |
| | 4000) | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| S. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910 | .1000) | | |
| omponents | Туре | Value | |
| olloidal silicon dioxide | TWA | 0.8 mg/m3 | |
| AS 112945-52-5) | | 20 mppcf | |
| S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | 6 | 20 11000 | |
| omponents | Тиро | Value | Form |
| | Type STEL | Value | |
| Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 750 ppm 500 ppm | |
| vclohexanone (CAS | STEL | 50 ppm | |
|)8-94-1) | UTLL . | 00 ppm | |
| | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS)9-99-9) | STEL | 100 ppm | |
| | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| ethyl ethyl ketone (CAS 3-93-3) | STEL | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| olyvinyl chloride (CAS 002-86-2) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| .S NIOSH | | | |
| omponents | Туре | Value | Form |
| olloidal silicon dioxide | REL | 6 mg/m3 | Unspecified. |
| CAS 112945-52-5) S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem | ical Hazarda | | |
| 5. NIOSH. POCKEL Guide to Chen | | | |
| omponents | Туре | Value | |
| Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | T \0/0 | 250 ppm | |
| olloidal silicon dioxide AS 112945-52-5) | TWA | 6 mg/m3 | |
| vclohexanone (CAS | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | |
| | IVVA | C C | |
| | TWA | 25 ppm | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS 09-99-9) | STEL | 25 ppm 735 mg/m3 | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS | STEL | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS | | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm 590 mg/m3 | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS 09-99-9) | STEL TWA | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm 590 mg/m3 200 ppm | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS 09-99-9) ethyl ethyl ketone (CAS | STEL | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm 590 mg/m3 | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS 09-99-9) ethyl ethyl ketone (CAS | STEL TWA | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm 590 mg/m3 200 ppm | |
| 08-94-1) uran, Tetrahydro- (CAS | STEL TWA | 735 mg/m3 250 ppm 590 mg/m3 200 ppm 885 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1 | l)50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | 80 mg/l | 1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * |
| | 8 mg/l | Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | 2 mg/l | Tetrahydrofura n | Urine | * |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | 2 mg/l | MEK | Urine | * |
| * - For sampling details, ple | ease see the source de | ocument. | | |
| posure guidelines | | | | |
| US - California OELs: Ski | n designation | | | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS US - Minnesota Haz Subs | , | | absorbed thro | ugh the skin. |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS | • | | signation appli | ies. |
| US - Tennessee OELs: SI | | | 3 11 | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS US ACGIH Threshold Lim | - | | absorbed thro | ugh the skin. |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS | 108-94-1) | Can be | absorbed thro | ugh the skin. |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (C/ US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide | <i>'</i> | | absorbed thro | ugh the skin. |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS | 108-94-1) | Can be | absorbed thro | ugh the skin. |
| ntrols | applicable, use p maintain airborne established, mair | rocess enclosures, loo levels below recomm | al exhaust ver ended exposu an acceptable | hould be matched to conditions. If ntilation, or other engineering controls to re limits. If exposure limits have not beer e level. Eye wash facilities and emergence |
| dividual protection measure | | | | |
| Eye/face protection | = | ses with side shields (| | |
| Skin protection | | | | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate | e chemical resistant gl | oves. | |
| Other | Wear appropriate | e chemical resistant clo | othing. | |
| Respiratory protection | limits (where app | | table level (in o | entrations below recommended exposure countries where exposure limits have no orn. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate | thermal protective clo | othing, when ne | ecessary. |
| neral hygiene nsiderations | When using, do r | not eat, drink or smoke | e. Wash hands | after handling and before eating. |
| Physical and chemica | al properties | | | |
| pearance | Opaque.or Trans | lucent. | | |
| Physical state | Liquid. | | | |
| Form | Liquid. | | | |
| Color | Gray or Clear. | | | |
| lor | Solvent. | | | |
| lor threshold | Not available. | | | |
| l | Not available. | | | |
| | N I I I I I | | | |

5.5 - 8

Not available.

151 °F (66.11 °C)

14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.0 - -5.0 °C)

Melting point/freezing point

range

Flash point Evaporation rate

Initial boiling point and boiling

| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | | | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. | | |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. | | |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. | | |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. | | |
| Vapor pressure | 145 mm Hg @ 20 C | | |
| Vapor density | 2.5 | | |
| Relative density | 0.88 - 0.92 | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | | |
| Solubility (water) | Negligible | | |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. | | |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. | | |
| Viscosity | 1200 - 2500 cP | | |
| Other information | | | |
| Bulk density | 7.5 lb/gal | | |
| VOC (Weight %) | 481 g/I SQACMD Method 304 | | |
| 40 Ctability and reactivity | | | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. |
|--|---|
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|---------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 | -1) | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 948 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 hours |
| | | |

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|--|---|
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 1540 mg/kg |
| * Estimates for product may | be based on additio | omponent data not shown. |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irrita | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious | ritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitizatio | on | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is n | pected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available mutagenic or get | ndicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are i.ic. |
| Carcinogenicity | Suspected of causing cancer. In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure. This product contains polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that is not a fabricated product, and is therefore, defined and regulated as a toxic and hazardous substance under 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1017 due to the presumed presence of residual vinyl chloride monomer. The concentrations of residual vinyl chloride calculated to be contained in this product are well below the threshold for classification in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1910.1200. | |
| IARC Monographs. Overall | Evaluation of Car | aenicity |
| Colloidal silicon dioxide Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 Polyvinyl chloride (CAS OSHA Specifically Regulat | (CAS 112945-52-5))8-94-1) 9002-86-2) | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| Polyvinyl chloride (CAS | - | Cancer |
| Reproductive toxicity | , | pected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | - | tion. Narcotic effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if sw | ved and enters airways. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhala | may be harmful. |
| 12. Ecological informatio | n | |
| Ecotoxicity | The product is n | ssified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the r frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. |
| Components | S | es Test Results |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 | 4-1) | |
| Aquatic | - | |
| Fish | LC50 F | ad minnow (Pimephales promelas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | |
| * Estimates for product may | | - |
| Persistence and degradability | No data is availa | n the degradability of this product. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available | |
| | nol / water (log Ko | 0.04 |
| Partition coefficient n-octa | | |
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) | 1-1) | -0.24 0.81 |
| | | -0.24 0.81 0.46 |
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 | 9-99-9) | 0.81 |

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

| DOT | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1133 |
| UN proper shipping name | Adhesives |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | П |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | T11, TP1, TP8, TP27 |
| Packaging exceptions | 150 |
| Packaging non bulk | 201 |
| Packaging bulk | 243 |
| ΙΑΤΑ | |
| UN number | UN1133 |
| UN proper shipping name | Adhesives |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | П |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 3L |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| IMDG | |
| UN number | UN1133 |
| UN proper shipping name | ADHESIVES |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | Ш |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| EmS | F-E, S-D |
| | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to | Not available. |
| Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and | |
| the IBC Code | |
| | |

| 15. Regulatory informat | ion | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| US federal regulations | - | | |
| TSCA Section 12(b) Expo | ort Notification (40 CFR 707, S | - | |
| Not regulated. | (, . | | |
| OSHA Specifically Regul | ated Substances (29 CFR 191 | 0.1001-1050) | |
| Polyvinyl chloride (CA | S 9002-86-2) | Cancer | |
| | | Central nervous system Liver Blood Flammability | |
| CERCLA Hazardous Sub | stance List (40 CFR 302.4) | | |
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67 | /-64-1) | LISTED | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS | | LISTED | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (C Methyl ethyl ketone (C | | LISTED LISTED | |
| Superfund Amendments and | , | | |
| Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No | | |
| SARA 302 Extremely haz | • | | |
| Not listed. | | | |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical | s No | | |
| | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | | |
| SARA 313 (TRI reporting Not regulated. |) | | |
| Other federal regulations | | | |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Sect | ion 112 Hazardous Air Pollut | ants (HAPs) List | |
| Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Sect | ion 112(r) Accidental Release | Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) | |
| Not regulated. | | | |
| Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) | Not regulated. | | |
| Drug Enforcement A Chemical Code Num | | ssential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and | |
| 2-Propanone (CA | S 67-64-1) | 6532 | |
| Methyl ethyl ketor | | 6714 | |
| - | | 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) | |
| 2-Propanone (CA Methyl ethyl ketor | | 35 %WV 35 %WV | |
| | al Mixtures Code Number | 35 % V V | |
| 2-Propanone (CA | | 6532 | |
| Methyl ethyl ketor | | 6714 | |
| US state regulations | | | |
| US. Massachusetts RTK | - Substance List | | |
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67 Colloidal silicon dioxid Cyclohexanone (CAS Furan, Tetrahydro- (C Methyl ethyl ketone (C | le (CAS 112945-52-5) 108-94-1) AS 109-99-9) | | |
| | and Community Right-to-Kno | w Act | |
| 2-Propanone (CAS 67 Cyclohexanone (CAS | | | |

Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Colloidal silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Propanone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure levels to these chemicals.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 04-August-2014 |
|---------------|--|
| Revision date | 15-December-2014 |
| Version # | 02 |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0 |
| Disclaimer | The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. |

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

| Product identifier | Oatey Clear Primer - NSF Listed for CPVC and PVC | |
|--|--|--|
| Other means of identification | | |
| SDS number | 1402E | |
| Synonyms | Part Numbers: 30749, 30750, 30751, 30752, 30753, 30754, 31652, 31653 | |
| Recommended use | Joining PVC Pipes | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information | | |

Manutacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

| Company Name | Oatey Co. |
|---------------------|---|
| Address | 4700 West 160th St. |
| | Cleveland, OH 44135 |
| Telephone | 216-267-7100 |
| E-mail | info@oatey.com |
| Transport Emergency | Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) |
| Emergency First Aid | 1-877-740-5015 |
| Contact person | MSDS Coordinator |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| Physical hazards | Flammable liquids | Category 2 |
|----------------------|---|---|
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

OSHA defined hazards

Label elements



| | · · · · |
|-------------------------|--|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------|------------|-------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 30-60 |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | 15-40 |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- | 109-99-9 | 10-30 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 10-30 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. |

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of |
|--------------------------|--|
| protective equipment and | low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). |
| emergency procedures | Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or |
| | vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective |
| | clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if |
| | significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |

| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. |
|--|---|
| | Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. |
| | Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. |
| | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|--------------------------------------|------|------------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | PEL | 200 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 50 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 200 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 200 ppm | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value | S | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL | 750 ppm | |
| | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | STEL | 50 ppm | |
| , | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | STEL | 100 ppm | |
| , | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS | STEL | 300 ppm | |
| 78-93-3) | 0.11 | | |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | |
| | | 25 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | STEL | 735 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 250 ppm | |
| | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 885 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---|----------|---------------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | 80 mg/l | 1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * | |
| | 8 mg/l | Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | 2 mg/l | Tetrahydrofura n | Urine | * | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | 2 mg/l | MEK | Urine | * | |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

| US - California OELs: Skin designation | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation appl | ies |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | Skin designation applies. |
| US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation | tion |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| · · · · · · · · · · · | |

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| Eye/face protection | Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). |
|------------------------|---|
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. |
| Respiratory protection | If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

| , , | • |
|--|--|
| Appearance | Translucent. |
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Liquid. |
| Color | Clear. |
| Odor | Solvent. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 151 °F (66.11 °C) |
| Flash point | 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.05.0 °C) |
| Evaporation rate | 5.5 - 8 |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or expl | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 145 mm Hg @ 20 C |
| Vapor density | 2.5 |
| Relative density | 0.82 - 0.86 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | < 100 cP |
| Other information | |
| Bulk density | 7 lb/gal |
| VOC (Weight %) | 505 g/l SQACMD Method 304 |
| 10. Stability and reactivity | |
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and |

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|---|---|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 20 ml/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 50 mg/l, 8 Hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 5800 mg/kg |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 948 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 1540 mg/kg |
| | | |
| | be based on additional component data not shown. | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | n | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensi | tization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any com mutagenic or genotoxic. | ponents present at greater than 0.1% are |
| Carcinogenicity | either tumor, the EPA determined that the male | . Male rats developed renal tumors and female male rats nor the male mice showed similar could not be identified clearly in either species for rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the . Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these |
| IARC Monographs. Overall | Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 10 OSHA Specifically Regulate | 8-94-1) 3 Not classifiable ad Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) | e as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| Not listed. | - | |

| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation. | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | | |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal i | if swallowed and enters airways. | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inf | halation may be harmful. | |
| 12. Ecological informatior | n | | |
| Ecotoxicity | | | ardous. However, this does not exclude the armful or damaging effect on the environment. |
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales prome | elas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 | -1) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales prome | elas) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours |
| * Estimates for product may b | e based on add | ditional component data not shown. | |
| Persistence and degradability | | ailable on the degradability of this proc | luct. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data avail | lable. | |
| Partition coefficient n-octar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78- | -1) -99-9) | Kow) -0.24 0.81 0.46 0.29 | |
| Mobility in soil | No data avail | lable. | |
| Other adverse effects | | | depletion, photochemical ozone creation ntial) are expected from this component. |
| 13. Disposal consideration | ns | | |
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. | | |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in ac | ccordance with all applicable regulation | IS. |
| Hazardous waste code | disposal com | ipany. | etween the user, the producer and the waste |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). | | |
| Contaminated packaging | | | vaste handling site for recycling or disposal. e, follow label warnings even after container is |
| 14. Transport information | | | |
| DOT | | | |
| UN number | UN1993 | | |
| UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) | Flammable lie | quids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = | = 25063 LBS, Acetone RQ = 12522 LBS) |

| UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) | Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 25063 LBS, Acetone RQ = 12522 LBS) |
|---|--|
| Class | 3 |
| | 5 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 |
| | |

| | Packaging exceptions | 150 | |
|-----|---|--|---|
| | Packaging non bulk | 202 | |
| | Packaging bulk | 242 | |
| ΙΑΤ | | | |
| | UN number | UN1993 | |
| | UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl | ethyl ketone. Acetone) |
| | Transport hazard class(es) | | |
| | Class | 3 | |
| | Subsidiary risk | - | |
| | Packing group | П | |
| | Environmental hazards | No. | |
| | ERG Code | 3H | |
| | Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS a | nd emergency procedures before handling. |
| IME | • • | • | |
| | UN number | UN1993 | |
| | UN proper shipping name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (N | Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) |
| | Transport hazard class(es) | | |
| | Class | 3 | |
| | Subsidiary risk | - | |
| | Packing group | П | |
| | Environmental hazards | | |
| | Marine pollutant | No. | |
| | EmS | F-E, S-E | |
| | Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS a | nd emergency procedures before handling. |
| Tra | nsport in bulk according to | Not available. | |
| An | nex II of MARPOL 73/78 and | | |
| the | IBC Code | | |
| | | | |
| 15 | Regulatory information | | |
| | . Regulatory information | | |
| | . Regulatory information federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Ch | nemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication |
| | • | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. | |
| | federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED |
| | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 1 | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 1 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 1 | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Sperfund Amendments and Real | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 78-93-3) authorization Act of 1986 (SARA | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 1 Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 1 | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) I 109-99-9) I 78-93-3) I authorization Act of 1986 (SARA Immediate Hazard - Yes | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Sperfund Amendments and Real | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 78-93-3) authorization Act of 1986 (SARA | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Sperfund Amendments and Real | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 178-93-3) authorization Act of 1986 (SARA Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Furan, Furan, Fura | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
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| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) SARA 302 Extremely hazardo | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 Ince List (40 CFR 302.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30.4) Ince List (40 CFR 30. | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Sara 302 Extremely hazarda Not listed. | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 178-93-3) Authorization Act of 1986 (SARA Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Dus substance | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Furan, | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 178-93-3) Authorization Act of 1986 (SARA Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Dus substance | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |
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| US | federal regulations TSCA Section 12(b) Export N Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substar Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 108) Furan, | This product is a "Hazardous Ch Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. Iotification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. I Substances (29 CFR 1910.100 nce List (40 CFR 302.4) -94-1) 109-99-9) 178-93-3) Authorization Act of 1986 (SARA Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Dus substance | EPA TSCA Inventory List. D) 1-1050) LISTED LISTED LISTED LISTED |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

| Safe Drinking Water Act | Not regulated. | | |
|---|--|--|-----------------------------|
| (SDWA) | | | |
| Drug Enforcement Ad Chemical Code Numb | | ssential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) | and 1310.04(f)(2) and |
| Acetone (CAS 67- | | 6532 | |
| Methyl ethyl keton | | 6714 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1 | 210 12(0)) |
| Acetone (CAS 67- | | 35 %WV | 510.12(0)) |
| Methyl ethyl keton | | 35 %WV | |
| DEA Exempt Chemica | al Mixtures Code Number | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67- | | 6532 | |
| Methyl ethyl keton | e (CAS 78-93-3) | 6714 | |
| state regulations | | | |
| US. Massachusetts RTK - | | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | | | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS | , | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CA | | | |
| US. New Jersey Worker a | nd Community Right-to-Know | w Act | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | | | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA Methyl ethyl ketone (CA | , | | |
| | and Community Right-to-Kn | ow Law | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | 08-94-1) | | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA | | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (C/ US. Rhode Island RTK | 45 78-93-3) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | | | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CA | | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CA | AS 78-93-3) | | |
| US. California Proposition | 65 | | |
| | g Water and Toxic Enforcemen / listed as carcinogens or repro | t Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This mater oductive toxins. | ial is not known to contain |
| rnational Inventories | | | |
| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | | On inventory (yes/no |
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Ch | emical Substances (AICS) | Ye |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List | (DSL) | Ye |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances | s List (NDSL) | Ν |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chen | nical Substances in China (IECSC) | Ye |
| Europe | European Inventory of Exis Substances (EINECS) | sting Commercial Chemical | Ye |
| Europe | European List of Notified 0 | Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | Ν |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and N | New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Ye |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (E | CL) | Ye |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | | Ye |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Che | emicals and Chemical Substances | Ye |
| | (PICCS) | | |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 14-August-2014 |
|---------------|--|
| Revision date | 17-December-2014 |
| Version # | 02 |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0 |
| Disclaimer | The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. |

SAFETY DATA SHEET



| 1. Identification | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Product identifier | Oatey Purple Primer- NSF Listed for PVC and CPVC | |
| Other means of identification | | |
| Product code | 1402E | |
| Synonyms | Part Numbers: 30755(TV), 30756(TV), 30757(| TV), 30758, 30759, 30927 |
| Recommended use | Joining PVC Pipes | |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier | Distributor information | |
| Company Name | Oatey Co. | |
| Address | 4700 West 160th St. | |
| | Cleveland, OH 44135 | |
| Telephone | 216-267-7100 | |
| E-mail | info@oatey.com | |
| Transport Emergency | Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) | |
| Emergency First Aid | 1-877-740-5015 | |
| Contact person | MSDS Coordinator | |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Physical hazards | Flammable liquids | Category 2 |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure | Category 3 narcotic effects |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



| Signal word Danger | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Hazard statement | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |

Storage

Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May form explosive peroxides. Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

Supplemental information

Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---------------------|------------|-------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 25-40 |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | 25-40 |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- | 109-99-9 | 15-30 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 15-30 |
| | | |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

| 4. First-aid measures | |
|--|--|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. |

6. Accidental release measures

| U. Accidental release measures | | |
|---|---|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. | |
| | Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. | |
| | Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. | |
| Environmental precautions | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. | |
| 7. Handling and storage | | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). | |
| | | |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|--------------------------------------|------|------------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | PEL | 2400 mg/m3 | |
| | | 1000 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | PEL | 200 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 50 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 200 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | PEL | 590 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 200 ppm | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value | S | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | STEL | 750 ppm | |
| | TWA | 500 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | STEL | 50 ppm | |
| · | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | STEL | 100 ppm | |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|
| | TWA | 50 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 200 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che | mical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | TWA | 100 mg/m3 | |
| | | 25 ppm | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | STEL | 735 mg/m3 | |
| | | 250 ppm | |
| | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | STEL | 885 mg/m3 | |
| | | 300 ppm | |
| | TWA | 590 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---|----------|---------------|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | 50 mg/l | Acetone | Urine | * | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | 80 mg/l | 1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * | |
| | 8 mg/l | Cyclohexanol, with hydrolysis | Urine | * | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | 2 mg/l | Tetrahydrofura n | Urine | * | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | 2 mg/l | MEK | Urine | * | |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

| US - California OELs: Skin | decignation | |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| 03 - California OELS. Skin | designation | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | 08-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US - Minnesota Haz Subs: | Skin designation applies | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | 08-94-1) | Skin designation applies. |
| US - Tennessee OELs: Ski | n designation | c |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US ACGIH Threshold Limi | t Values: Skin designation | C C |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | 08-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide | to Chemical Hazards | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 1 | 08-94-1) | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should applicable, use process englosures, local exhaust ventilation | | e used. Ventilation rates should be matched |

entilation (typically 10 air ed to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

| Skin protection | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. |
| Respiratory protection | If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Appearance | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Translucent liquid. |
| Color | Purple |
| Odor | Solvent. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 151 °F (66.11 °C) |
| Flash point | 14.0 - 23.0 °F (-10.05.0 °C) |
| Evaporation rate | 5.5 - 8 |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | 1.8 |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | 11.8 |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 145 mm Hg @ 20 C |
| Vapor density | 2.5 |
| Relative density | 0.84 +/- 0.02 @20°C |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Negligible |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Bulk density | 7 lb/gal |
| VOC (Weight %) | 505 g/I SQACMD Method 24 |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | |
|--|--|--|
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Ingestion | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. | |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Narcotic effects. May cause respiratory irritation.

| Components | Species Test Results | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Dermal | | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 20 ml/kg | |
| Inhalation | | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 50 mg/l, 8 Hours | |
| Oral | | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 5800 mg/kg | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1 |) | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Dermal | | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 948 mg/kg | |
| Inhalation | | | |
| LC50 | Rat | 8000 ppm, 4 hours | |
| Oral | | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 1540 mg/kg | |
| * Estimates for product ma | y be based on additional component data | a not shown. | |
| kin corrosion/irritation | Causes skin irritation. | | |
| Serious eye damage/eye rritation | Causes serious eye irritation. | | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | tion | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | | | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause | se skin sensitization | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | • | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are | |
| Carcinogenicity | lifetime study on THF conducted by mice developed liver tumors while n results. Because the carcinogenic n either tumor, the EPA determined th assessment of carcinogenic potentia | ormation System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female wither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar nechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species f nat the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to th al in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that thes be is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following posure. | |

Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

| OSHA Specifically Regulate Not listed. | d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) |
|---|---|
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Narcotic effects. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Respiratory tract irritation. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |

12. Ecological information

| Ecoto | xicitv |
|-------|---------|
| LOOID | Aloity. |

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

| | 1 2 | 5 1 1 | 5 5 |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Components | | Species | Test Results |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64- | -1) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) |) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS | S 108-94-1) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) |) 481 - 578 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | | |

| * Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown. | | | |
|--|---|-------|--|
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the degradability of this product. | | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available. | | |
| Partition coefficient n-octar | nol / water (log Kow) | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | | -0.24 | |
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | | 0.81 | |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | | 0.46 | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) 0.29 | | 0.29 | |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. | | |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. | | |
| 13. Disposal considerations | | | |
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international | | |

| | regulations. |
|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

| DOT | |
|----------------------------|--|
| UN number | UN1993 |
| UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone RQ = 26274 LBS, Acetone RQ = 13130 LBS) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 3 |
| Packing group | II |

| Special precautions for user Special provisions Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk IATA | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 150 202 242 |
|--|---|
| UN number | UN1993 |
| UN proper shipping name | Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | |
| Packing group | II |
| Environmental hazards | No. |
| ERG Code | 3H |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| IMDG | |
| UN number | UN1993 |
| UN proper shipping name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 3 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Packing group | I |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | No. |
| EmS | F-E, S-E |
| Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not available. |
| Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | |
| | |
| 15. Regulatory information | |
| US federal regulations | This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. |

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) | LISTED |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) | LISTED |
| Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | LISTED |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) | LISTED |
| | |

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

No

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

| Other federal regulations | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Other federal regulations | 440 Henerdeue Air Delluter | | |
| Clean Air Act (CAA) Section | 112 Hazardous Air Pollutai | its (HAPS) List | |
| Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Section | 112(r) Accidental Release | Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) | |
| Not regulated. | | | |
| Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) | Not regulated. | | |
| Drug Enforcement Adm Chemical Code Number | | sential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and | d 1310.04(f)(2) and |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64 Methyl ethyl ketone (| -1) | 6532 6714 | |
| | | Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 131) | 0.12(c)) |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64 | | 35 %WV | (-)) |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (| | 35 %WV | |
| DEA Exempt Chemical I | Mixtures Code Number | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64 | -1) | 6532 | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (| (CAS 78-93-3) | 6714 | |
| US state regulations | | | |
| US. Massachusetts RTK - Si | ubstance List | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108-94-1) Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS 109-99-9) | | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS | | | |
| US. New Jersey Worker and | Community Right-to-Know | Act | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS | 109-99-9) | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law | | | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS US. Rhode Island RTK | 8-94-1) 109-99-9) | w Law | |
| Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Cyclohexanone (CAS 108 Furan, Tetrahydro- (CAS Methyl ethyl ketone (CAS | 109-99-9) | | |
| | | Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material ductive toxins. | is not known to contain |
| International Inventories | | | |
| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | | On inventory (yes/no)* |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (| DSL) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control A | Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |
| | | ments administered by the governing country(s). not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory a | |
| 16. Other information, incl | luding date of preparat | ion or last revision | |
| Issue date | 27-May-2015 | | |
| Revision date | - | | |
| | - | | |

| Revision date | - |
|---------------|--|
| Version # | 01 |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0 |



Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.

21

Safety Data Sheet



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| 1. Identification | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| Product Name: | ROHPER 1-GL 2PK ZINC COLD GALV COMPOUND | Revision Date: | 9/10/2014 |
| Product Identifier: | 206193 | Supercedes Date: | New SDS |
| Product Use/Class: | Cold Galvanizing Compound/High Performance Epoxy | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: May cause eye, skin, or respiratory tract irritation. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Harmful if inhaled. Causes eye irritation. Combustible liquid and vapor. Use ventilation necessary to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits, if any.

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS Flammable liquid, category 4

| Flammable liquid, category 4 | H227 |
|--|------|
| Acute Toxicity, Dermal, category 5 | H313 |
| Skin Irritation, category 2 | H315 |
| Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 | H332 |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, RTI | H335 |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE | H336 |
| Organic Peroxide, categories C, D | H242 |
| Aspiration Hazard, category 2 | H305 |
| Eye Irritation, category 2B | |

| ľ | May be harmful in contact with skin. |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| (| Causes skin irritation. |

Combustible liquid

- Harmful if inhaled.
- 35 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 - 42 Heating may cause a fire.
 - H305 May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.
 - Causes eye irritation.

| GHS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS | |
|------------------------------|---|
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| P103 | Read label before use. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P234 | Keep only in original container. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| | |

| P262 | Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. |
|-----------|---|
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required. |
| P285 | In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. |
| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| P351 | Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. |
| P374 | Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. |
| P402 | Store in a dry place. |
| P410+P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F. |
| P321 | Specific treatment (see on this label). |
| P352 | Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| P362 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| P332+P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P304+P340 | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for |
| | breathing. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to |
| P210 | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. |
| P220 | Keep/Store away from clothing//combustible materials. |
| P420 | Store away from other materials. |
| P411+P235 | Store at temperatures not exceeding°C/°F. Keep cool. |
| P302+P350 | IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| | |

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Zinc Mineral Spirits | 7440-66-6 64742-88-7 | 75-100 2.5-10 | GHS02 GHS06 | H228-250-251-260 H331 |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | 2.5-10 2.5-10 | GH300 | H331 |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS02 | H224 |

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Keep containers tightly closed. Combustible liquid and vapor.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class II combustible liquids. Avoid excess heat.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
|------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Zinc | 7440-66-6 | 85.0 | 10 mg/m3 (Dust) | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 (Dust) | N.E. |
| Mineral Spirits | 64742-88-7 | 10.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Zinc Oxide | 1314-13-2 | 5.0 | 2 mg/m3 (respirable dust) | 10 mg/m3 (respirable dust) | 5 mg/m3 (respirable dust or fume) | N.E. |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 5.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | Liquid | Physical State: | Liquid |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| •• | 1 | - | |
| Odor: | Solvent | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Relative Density: | 3.385 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Negligible | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ | |
| Decompostion Temp., °C: | No Information | water: | No Information |
| Boiling Range, °C: | 0 - 999 | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 0.7 - 9.5 |
| Flammability: | Supports Combustion | Flash Point, °C: | 38 |
| Evaporation Rate: | Slower than Ether | Auto-ignition Temp., °C: | No Information |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than air | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 ° F. Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. **INCOMPATIBILITY:** Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Substance causes moderate eye irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Irritating to the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Harmful if swallowed.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Vapor LC50 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 64742-88-7 1314-13-2 | Mineral Spirits Zinc Oxide | >5000 mg/kg Rat >5000 mg/kg Rat | 3000 mg/kg Rabbit N.I. | >5.28 mg/L Rat N.I. |
| 1014-10-2 | Ellie Oxide | · oooo mg/kg kat | N.I. | N.I. |

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | Domestic (USDOT) | International (IMDG) | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1263 | 1263 | N.A. |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Not Regulated | Paint | Paint | Not Regulated |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 3 | 3 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | Ш | Ш | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | No | Yes | Yes | No |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name

Zinc Zinc Oxide Modified Urea

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA components exist in this product.

Inventory Information

Country USA (TSCA) Canada (DSL) Mexico(INSQ) Europe (EINECS) Japan (ENCS) Philippines (PICCS) China (IECSC) Australia (AICS) Korea (KECI) New Zealand (NZIOC) Value No Information No Information

No Information

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:

Warning: This products contains a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer.

No Proposition 65 Carcinogens exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS

Warning: This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

No Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxins exist in this product.

International Regulations:

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

<u>CAS-No.</u> 7440-66-6 1314-13-2 PROPRIETARY

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16. Other Information

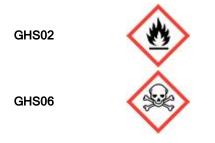
| HMIS RATINGS Health: 3* | Flammability: | 2 | Physical Hazard: | 0 | Personal Protection: | х |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|---|----------------------|---|
| CANADIAN WHM | IIS CLASS: | B3 D2A | | | | |
| NFPA RATINGS Health: 3 | Flammability: | 2 | Instability | 0 | | |
| VOLATILE ORGAN | NIC COMPOUND | 9S, g/L: | 361 | | | |
| MSDS REVISION | DATE: | 9/10/2014 | | | | |
| REASON FOR RE | VISION: | No Information | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

| H224 | Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. |
|------|--|
| H228 | Flammable solid. |
| H250 | <undefined></undefined> |
| H251 | Self-heating: may catch fire. |
| H260 | In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

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Safety Data Sheet

* Trusted Quality Since 1921 *

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| 1. Identification | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| Product Name: | PRO LSPR 6PK MARK FLUORESCENT ORANGE | Revision Date: | 6/5/2015 |
| Product Identifier: | 2554838 | Supercedes Date: | New SDS |
| Product Use/Class: | Marking Paint/Aerosols | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

60% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS

| H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. |
|--------------|---|
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H340 | May cause genetic defects . Classified as mutagenic Category 1 if one ingredient is present at or above 0.1% Applies to liquids, Solids (w/w units) and gases (v/v). The substance may also have its own exposure limit. Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. Classified as carcinogenic Category 1 on the basis of epidemiological and/or animal data. Mixtures are classified as carcinogenic when at least 1 ingredient has been classified as carcinogenic and is present at 0.1% or above Routes of exposure are dependent on ingredient form. |
| MENTS | |
| Obtain spec | cial instructions before use. |
| Do not spra | y on an open flame or other ignition source. |
| Do not piero | ce or burn, even after use. |
| Wear prote | ctive gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Use person | al protective equipment as required. |
| IF exposed | or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Call a POIS | ON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| | n sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/ 122°F. |
| | H312 H340 H350 EMENTS Obtain spee Do not spra Do not pier Wear prote Use person IF exposed Call a POIS |

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|--|------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-89-8 | 10-25 | GHS08 | H304-340-350 |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-25 | No Information | No Information |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 10-25 | No Information | No Information |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 2.5-10 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-319-336 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 2.5-10 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-336 |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 2.5-10 | GHS06-GHS08 | H304-331 |
| Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light | 64742-49-0 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS08 | H304-340-350 |
| Organoclay | 68911-87-5 | 1.0-2.5 | No Information | No Information |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS08 | H304-340-350-372 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-332 |

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "16. Other Information" section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Dry Sand, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
|---|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-89-8 | 20.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 20.0 | 1000 ppm | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 20.0 | N.É. | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 10.0 | 2 mg/m3 | N.E. | N.Ē. | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 10.0 | 500 ppm | 750 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 5.0 | 150 ppm | 200 ppm | 150 ppm | N.E. |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light | 64742-49-0 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Organoclay | 68911-87-5 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 1.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | Aerosolized Mist | Physical State: | Liquid |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Odor: | Solvent Like | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Relative Density: | 0.871 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Slight | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ | |
| Decompostion Temp., °C: | N.D. | water: | N.D. |
| Boiling Range, °C: | -24 - 537 | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 0.9 - 13.0 |
| Flammability: | Supports Combustion | Flash Point, °C: | -96 |
| Evaporation Rate: | Faster than Ether | Auto-ignition Temp., °C: | N.D. |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than Air | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120 °F (49°C)Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B).

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Vapor LC50 |
|------------|--|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 64742-89-8 | Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | N.I. | 3000 mg/kg Rabbit | N.I. |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | N.I. | >17600 mg/kg Rabbit | N.I. |
| 64742-47-8 | Hydrotreated Light Distillate | >5000 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | >5.2 mg/L Rat |
| 64742-49-0 | Naphtha, Petroleum, Hydrotreated Light | >5000 mg/kg Rat | >3160 mg/kg Rabbit | N.I. |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15354 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.2 mg/L Rat |

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | Domestic (USDOT) | International (IMDG) | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | N.A. |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint Products in Limited Quantities | Aerosols | Aerosols | Paint Products in Limited Quantities |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2.1 | 2.1 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | | | | |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name

Ethylbenzene

CAS-No. 100-41-4

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

16. Other Information

| HMIS RA | TINGS | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------|---------------|----------|------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|
| Health: | 2* | Flammability: | 4 | Physical Hazard: | 0 | Personal Protection: | Х | |
| NFPA RA | TINGS | | | | | | | |
| Health: | 2 | Flammability: | 4 | Instability | 0 | | | |
| VOLATILE | ORGA | NIC COMPOUN | DS, g/L: | 522 | | | | |
| MSDS RE | VISION | DATE: | 6/5/2015 | | | | | |

REASON FOR REVISION:

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

| osure. |
|--------|
| |

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:





Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

23

Safety Data Sheet

* Trusted Quality Since 1921 *

www.rustoleum.com

| 1. Identification | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| Product Name: | PRO +LSPR 6PK FLAT GRAY PRIMER | Revision Date: | 10/9/2015 |
| Product Identifier: | 7582838 | Supercedes Date: | 10/9/2015 |
| Product Use/Class: | Gray Primer/ Aerosol | | |
| Supplier: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA | Manufacturer: | Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |
| Emergency Telephone: | 24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700 | | |

2. Hazard Identification

Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

Possible Hazards

65% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

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GHS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

| | H362 | Contains one or more Category 1 or Category 2 Reproductive Toxicants at greater than 0.1%. A Safety Data Sheet shall be available for the mixture upon request. | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS | | | | | |
| Flammable Aerosol, category 1 | H222 | Extremely flammable aerosol. | | | |
| Compressed Gas | H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. | | | |
| Skin Sensitizer, category 1 | H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | | | |
| Eye Irritation, category 2 | H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. | | | |
| Acute Toxicity, Inhalation, category 4 | H332 | Harmful if inhaled. | | | |
| STOT, single exposure, category 3, NE | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | | |
| GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATE | MENTS | | | | |
| P210 | Keep away smoking. | from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No | | | |
| P211 | Do not spray | y on an open flame or other ignition source. | | | |
| P251 | Do not piero | e or burn, even after use. | | | |
| P261 | Avoid breath | ning dust, fumes, gases, mists, vapors, or spray. | | | |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. | | | | |
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. | | | | |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. | | | | |

| P312 | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
|-----------|--|
| P333+P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| P410+P403 | Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| P410+P412 | Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F. |
| | |

GHS SDS PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS P363 Was

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

| <u>Chemical Name</u> | <u>CAS-No.</u> | <u>Wt.%</u> Range | GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 10-25 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-319-336 |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 10-25 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 2.5-10 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-315-319-332 |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 2.5-10 | GHS04 | H280 |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 2.5-10 | GHS08 | H304 |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| Titanium Dioxide | 1317-80-2 | 2.5-10 | No Information | No Information |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 2.5-10 | GHS02-GHS07 | H226-319-336 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 1.0-2.5 | GHS02-GHS07 | H225-332 |
| Zinc Phosphate | 7779-90-0 | 1.0-2.5 | No Information | No Information |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS05-GHS06- GHS08 | H302-312-317-318-331-351 |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS08 | H304-372 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 0.1-1.0 | GHS02-GHS07- GHS08 | H225-304-315-332-336-361-373 |

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed, get medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F. EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND

VAPOR!Water spray may be ineffective. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat due to buildup of steam. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. **SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure buildup and possible autoignition or explosion. Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode when heated.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Remove all sources of ignition, ventilate area and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Dispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers. Ventilate area, isolate spilled material, and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Contents under pressure. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and sources of ignition. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F. Avoid excess heat. Product should be stored in tightly sealed containers and protected from heat, moisture, and foreign materials.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| - | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Weight % Less Than | ACGIH TLV- TWA | ACGIH TLV- STEL | OSHA PEL-TWA | OSHA PEL- CEILING |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 25.0 | 250 ppm | 500 ppm | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | 20.0 | N.E. | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. |
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 10.0 | 100 ppm | 150 ppm | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| n-Butane | 106-97-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | 1000 ppm | N.E. | N.E. |
| Hydrous Magnesium Silicate | 14807-96-6 | 10.0 | 2 mg/m3 | N.É. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Hydrotreated Light Distillate | 64742-47-8 | 10.0 | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 5.0 | N.E. | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 5.0 | 10 mg/m3 | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 | N.E. |
| Titanium Dioxide | 1317-80-2 | 5.0 | N.Ê. | N.E. | N.È. | N.E. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | 5.0 | 150 ppm | 200 ppm | 150 ppm | N.E. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 100 ppm | N.E. |
| Zinc Phosphate | 7779-90-0 | 5.0 | N.Ė. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 1.0 | 10 ppm | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. |
| Stoddard Solvent | 8052-41-3 | 1.0 | 100 ppm | N.E. | 500 ppm | N.E. |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 1.0 | 20 ppm | N.E. | 200 ppm | 300 ppm |

PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Provide general dilution of local exhaust ventilation in volume and pattern to keep TLV of hazardous ingredients below acceptable limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption of this material through the skin. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Appearance: | Aerosolized Mist | Physical State: | gas |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Odor: | Solvent Like | Odor Threshold: | N.E. |
| Relative Density: | 0.858 | pH: | N.A. |
| Freeze Point, °C: | N.D. | Viscosity: | N.D. |
| Solubility in Water: | Slight | Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/ | |
| Decompostion Temp., °C: | N.D. | water: | N.D. |
| Boiling Range, °C: | -24 - 3,000 | Explosive Limits, vol%: | 1.0 - 13.0 |
| Flammability: | Supports Combustion | Flash Point, °C: | -96 |
| Evaporation Rate: | Faster than Ether | Auto-ignition Temp., °C: | N.D. |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than Air | Vapor Pressure: | N.D. |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Contains solvents which may form carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and formaldehyde.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes Serious Eye Irritation

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Substance may cause slight skin irritation. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. May cause skin irritation. Allergic reactions are possible. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Harmful if inhaled. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or excessive inhalation may cause respiratory tract irritation.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed; can enter lungs and cause damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Overexposure to xylene in laboratory animals has been associated with liver abnormalities, kidney, lung, spleen, eye and blood damage as well as reproductive disorders. Effects in humans, due to chronic overexposure, have included liver, cardiac abnormalities and nervous system damage. IARC lists Ethylbenzene as a possible human carcinogen (group 2B). Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

| CAS-No. | Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Vapor LC50 |
|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 5800 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | 50.1 mg/L Rat |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 1330-20-7 | Xylene (mixed isomers) | 3500 mg/kg Rat | >4350 mg/kg Rabbit | 29.08 mg/L Rat |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane | N.I. | N.I. | 658 mg/L Rat |
| 64742-47-8 | Hydrotreated Light Distillate | >5000 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg Rabbit | >5000 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium Dioxide | >10000 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| 123-86-4 | n-Butyl Acetate | 10768 mg/kg Rat | >17600 mg/kg Rabbit | > 21 mg/L Rat |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 3500 mg/kg Rat | 15400 mg/kg Rabbit | 17.2 mg/L Rat |
| 7779-90-0 | Zinc Phosphate | >5000 mg/kg Rat | N.I. | N.I. |
| 96-29-7 | Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 930 mg/kg Rat | 1100 mg/kg Rabbit | >4.8 mg/L Rat |

108-88-3 Toluene

N.I. - No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components. Product is a mixture of listed components.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information

| | <u>Domestic (USDOT)</u> | International (IMDG) | <u>Air (IATA)</u> | <u>TDG (Canada)</u> |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| UN Number: | N.A. | 1950 | 1950 | N.A. |
| Proper Shipping Name: | Paint Products in Limited Quantities | Aerosols | Aerosols | Paint Products in Limited Quantities |
| Hazard Class: | N.A. | 2.1 | 2.1 | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Limited Quantity: | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Packing Group: | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Pressure Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Xylene (mixed isomers) | 1330-20-7 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 |
| Zinc Phosphate | 7779-90-0 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 |

Toxic Substances Control Act:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. |
|--------------------|---------|
| Phthalic Anhydride | 85-44-9 |

| 16. Oth | ner Inf | ormation | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|
| HMIS RAT Health: | TINGS 2* | Flammability: | 4 | Physical Hazard: | 0 | Personal Protection: | х | |
| NFPA RA [:] Health: | TINGS 2 | Flammability: | 4 | Instability | 0 | | | |
| VOLATILE | ORGAI | NIC COMPOUN | IDS, g/L: | 506 | | | | |
| SDS REVI | SION D | ATE: | 10/9/2015 | | | | | |
| REASON I | FOR RE | VISION: | Statement(s | s) Changed | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.



| Material Name | | Diesel (ULSD/Gasoil) |
|--|---|---|
| Recommended Use / Restrictions of Use | : | Fuel for on-road diesel-powered engines. Fuel for use in off- road diesel engines, boilers, gas turbines and other combustion equipment. |
| Supplier | : | Shell Eastern Trading (PTE) Ltd |
| | | 9 North Buona Vista Drive, #07-01, Tower 1, The Metropolis Singapore 138588 Singapore |
| Telephone Emergency Telephone Number | : | +65-6384 8000 +44 (0) 151 350 4595 |
| HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION | | |
| GHS Classification | : | Flammable liquids, Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Acute toxicity, Category 4, Inhalation Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Carcinogenicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Blood., Thymus., Liver Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Long-term Hazard, Category 2 Acute hazards to the aquatic environment, Category 2 |
| GHS Label Elements Symbol(s) | : | |
| Signal Words | : | Danger |
| Hazard Statement | : | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| | | HEALTH HAZARDS: |
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| | H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airwat H315: Causes skin irritation. H332: Harmful if inhaled. H351: Suspected of causing cancer. H373: May cause damage to organs or organ system prolonged or repeated exposure. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H401: Toxic to aquatic life. | stems through |
|--|---|--|
| CUS Brocoutionary Statem | n to | |
| GHS Precautionary Stateme Prevention | P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/f No smoking. P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapour P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ protection/face protection. | s/spray. |
| Response | P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a CENTER or doctor/physician. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting. | POISON |
| Disposal: | : P501: Dispose of contents and container to appro site or reclaimer in accordance with local and nati regulations. | |
| Other Hazards which do not result in classification | Vapour in the headspace of tanks and containers and explode at temperatures exceeding auto-ignit temperature, where vapour concentrations are wit flammability range. May ignite on surfaces at temperatures above aut temperature. This material is a static accumulator. Even with pr grounding and bonding, this material can still accu electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition o air-vapour mixtures can occur. | tion thin the to-ignition roper umulate an to |
| Additional Information | : This product is intended for use in closed systems | s only. |
| 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATIC | ON ON INGREDIENTS | |
| Mixture Description | : Complex mixture of hydrocarbons consisting of pa cycloparaffins, aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons | |
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numbers predominantly in the C9 to C25 range. May also contain several additives at <0.1% v/v each. May contain cetane improver (Ethyl Hexyl Nitrate) at <0.2% v/v.

May contain catalytically cracked oils in which polycyclic aromatic compounds, mainly 3-ring but some 4- to 6-ring species are present.

Classification of components according to GHS

| Chemical Identity | Synonyms | CAS | Hazard Class | Hazard | Conc. |
|--|---|-----------------|---|--|---------------------|
| | | | (category) | Statement | |
| Fuels, diesel | Fuels, diesel | 68334-30-5 | Flam. Liq., 3; Asp. Tox., 1; Acute Tox., 4; Skin Corr., 2; Carc., 2; STOT RE, 2; Aquatic Chronic, 2; Aquatic Acute, 2; | H226; H304; H332; H315; H351; H373; H411; H401; | 60.00 - 100.00 % |
| Distillates (Fischer- Tropsch) C8-26 - Branched and Linear | Distillates (Fischer- Tropsch) C8- 26 - Branched and Linear | 848301-67- 7 | Asp. Tox., 1; Flam. Liq., 4; | H304; H227; | 0.00 - 30.00 % |
| Kerosine (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8-C16 branched and linear alkanes | Kerosine (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8- C16 branched and linear alkanes | 848301-66- 6 | Asp. Tox., 1; Flam. Liq., 3; | H304; H226; | 0.00 - 10.00 % |

Additional Information

: Dyes and markers can be used to indicate tax status and prevent fraud. Contains Cumene, CAS# 98-82-8 Contains Naphthalene, CAS # 91-20-3.

Refer to Ch 16 for full text of H phrases.

| 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. | ort |
| Skin Contact | : Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with | |
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| Eye Contact | large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent |
|--|--|
| - | irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours, transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing. Give nothing by mouth. |
| Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute & Delayed | : If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, or swelling. |
| Immediate medical attention, special treatment | : Treat symptomatically. |

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

| from Chemicals | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Oxides of sulphur. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. Flammable vapours may be present even at temperatures below the flash point. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. |
|----------------|---|---|
| Media | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not use direct water jets on the burning product as they could cause a steam explosion and spread of the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. |

| Protective Equipment & Precautions for Fire Fighters | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
|--|---|
| Additional Advice | Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water. If possible remove containers from the danger zone. If the fire cannot be extinguished the only course of action is to evacuate immediately. Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways. |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Observe the relevant local and international regulations. Evacuate the area of all nonessential personnel. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

| Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures | : | Do not breathe fumes, vapour. Do not operate electrical equipment. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evacuate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. Monitor area with combustible gas meter. |
|---|---|---|
| Environmental | : | Take measures to minimise the effects on groundwater. |
| Precautions | | Contain residual material at affected sites to prevent material |
| | | from entering drains (sewers), ditches, and waterways. Prevent |
| | | from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by |
| | | using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. |
| Methods and Material for | : | Take precautionary measures against static discharges. |
| Containment and | | For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means |
| Cleaning Up | | to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an |
| | | appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove |
| | | contaminated soil and dispose of safely. For large liquid spills |
| | | (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum |
| | | truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not |
| | | flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. |
| | | Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate |
| | | E/10 |

| Additional Advice | absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely. Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or reclamation in accordance with local regulations. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Maritime spillages should be dealt with using a Shipboard Oil Pollution Emergency Plan (SOPEP), as required by MARPOL Annex 1 Regulation 26. |
|-------------------|---|
| | |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| General Precautions | Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Prevent spillages. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Never siphon by mouth. Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse. Maintenance and Fuelling Activities - Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Precautions for Safe Handling | : Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. When using do not eat or drink. Extinguish any naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition sources. Avoid sparks. Earth all equipment. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. |
| Conditions for Safe Storage | Drum and small container storage: Drums should be stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Tank storage: Tanks must be specifically designed for use with this product. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Must be stored in a diked (bunded) well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, ignition sources and other sources of heat. Vapours from tanks should not be released to |
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| Product Transfer | atmosphere. Breathing losses during storage should be controlled by a suitable vapour treatment system. The vapour is heavier than air. Beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces. Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in a cool place. Electrostatic charges will be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment to reduce the risk. The vapours in the head space of the storage vessel may lie in the flammable/explosive range and hence may be flammable. Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product. Keep in a bunded area with a sealed (low permeability) floor, to provide containment against spillage. Prevent ingress of water. Avoid splash filling. Wait 2 minutes after tank filling (for tanks such as those on road tanker vehicles) before opening hatches or manholes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Contamination resulting from product transfer may give rise to light hydrocarbon vapour in the headspace of tanks that have previously contained gasoline. This vapour may explode if there is a source of ignition. Partly filled containers present a greater hazard than those that are full, therefore handling, transfer and sampling activities need special care. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour mixtures can occur. Be aware of handling operations that may give rise to additional hazards that result from the accumulation of static charges. These include but are not limited to pumping (especially turbulent flow), mixing, filtering, splash filling, cleaning and filling of tanks and containers, sampling, switch loading, gauging, vacuum truck operations, and mechanical movements. These activities may lead to static discharge e.g. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Recommended Materials | spark formation. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid generation of electrostatic discharge (<= 1 m/s until fill pipe submerged to twice its diameter, then <= 7 m/s). Avoid splash filling. Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Aluminium may also be used for applications where it does not present an unnecessary fire hazard. Examples of suitable materials are: high density polyethylene (HDPE) and Viton (FKM), which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product. For container linings, use |

| Unsuitable Materials | amine-adduct cured epoxy paint. For seals and gaskets use: graphite, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber (NR), nitrile rubber (NBR), ethylene propylene rubber (EPDM), polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyisobutylene. However, some may be suitable for glove materials. |
|----------------------|--|
| Container Advice | Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. |
| Other Advice : | Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. See additional references that provide safe handling practices for liquids that are determined to be static accumulators: American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices on Static Electricity). CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics – Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity). |

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

| Material | Source | Туре | ppm | mg/m3 | Notation |
|-------------|--------|----------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Naphthalene | ACGIH | TWA | 10 ppm | | |
| | ACGIH | STEL | 15 ppm | | |
| | ACGIH | SKIN_DES | | | Can be absorbed through the skin. |
| | SG OEL | TWA | 10 ppm | 52 mg/m3 | |
| | SG OEL | STEL | 15 ppm | 79 mg/m3 | |

Occupational Exposure Limits

| Fuels, diesel | ACGIH | SKIN_DES(I nhalable fraction and vapor.) | | | Can be absorbed through the skin.as total hydrocarbons |
|---------------|--------|---|--------|-----------|--|
| | ACGIH | TWA(Inhala ble fraction and vapor.) | | 100 mg/m3 | as total hydrocarbons |
| Cumene | ACGIH | TWA | 50 ppm | | |
| | SG OEL | TWA | 50 ppm | 246 mg/m3 | |

Additional Information

: Skin notation means that significant exposure can also occur by absorption of liquid through the skin and of vapour through the eyes or mucous membranes.

Biological Exposure Index (BEI)

| Material | Determinant | Sampling Time | BEI | Reference |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|-----|------------------------|
| Naphthalene | 1-Naphthol, with hydrolysis + 2- Naphthol, with hydrolysis | Sampling time: End of shift. | | ACGIH BEL (02 2013) |

| Appropriate Engineering Controls | : | The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Use sealed systems as far as possible. Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Define |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping. Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. |

| Individual Protection | Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers. |
|--------------------------|--|
| Respiratory Protection : | If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus. All respiratory protection equipment and use must be in accordance with local regulations. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65°C(149 °F)]. |
| Hand Protection : | Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognise that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time may be acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN374, US F739). When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs, Nitrile gloves may be suitable. (Breakthrough |

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| Eye Protection | time of > 240 minutes.) For incidental contact/splash protection Neoprene, PVC gloves may be suitable. Chemical splash goggles (chemical monogoggles). If a local risk assessment deems it so, then chemical splash goggles may not be required and safety glasses may provide adequate eye protection. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Protective Clothing | : Chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron (where risk of splashing). |
| Thermal Hazards | : Not applicable. |
| Monitoring Methods | Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory. Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/ |
| Environmental Exposure Controls | : Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour. Information on accidental release measures are to be found in section 6. Take appropriate measures to fulfil the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | : Colourless to yellowish. Liquid. |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Odour | : May contain a reodorant |
| Odour threshold | : Data not available |
| pН | : Not applicable |
| Initial Boiling Point and | : 170 - 390 °C / 338 - 734 °F |
| Boiling Range | |
| Pour point | : <= 6 °C / 43 °F |
| Flash point | : > 55 °C / 131 °F |
| Upper / Iower | : 1 - 6 %(V) |
| Flammability or | |

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| Explosion limits Auto-ignition temperature Vapour pressure Relative Density Density Water solubility Solubility in other solvents | > 220 °C / 428 °F 1 hPa at 20 °C / 68 °F Data not available 0.8 - 0.89 g/cm3 at 15 °C / 59 °F Data not available Data not available |
|--|---|
| n-octanol/water partition coefficient (log Pow) Dynamic viscosity Kinematic viscosity Vapour density (air=1) Electrical conductivity | 3 - 6 Data not available 1.5 - 6 mm2/s at 40 °C / 104 °F Data not available Low conductivity: < 100 pS/m, The conductivity of this material makes it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 100 000 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid. |
| Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) Decomposition Temperature Flammability | Data not available Data not available Not applicable. |
| | •• |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Chemical stability Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Conditions to Avoid Incompatible Materials Hazardous Decomposition Products | Stable under normal use conditions. No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions. Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Strong oxidising agents. Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage. Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation. |
|---|---|
| Sensitivity to Static Discharge | : Yes, in certain circumstances product can ignite due to static electricity. |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Information on Toxicological effects | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Basis for Assessment Likely Routes of Exposure Acute Oral Toxicity | Information given is based on product data, a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Exposure may occur via inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, skin or eye contact, and accidental ingestion. Low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg, Rat | | | |
| Acute Dermal Toxicity | : Low toxicity: LD50 >2000 mg/kg , Rabbit | | | |
| Acute Inhalation Toxicity | : Harmful if inhaled. LC50 > 1.0 - <= 5.0 mg/l , 4 h, Rat High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death. | | | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | : Irritating to skin. | | | |
| Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory Irritation | Expected to be slightly irritating.Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system. | | | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | : Not expected to be a sensitiser. | | | |
| Aspiration Hazard | : Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. | | | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | : Positive in in-vitro, but negative in in-vivo mutagenicity assays. | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | : Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. Repeated skin contact has resulted in irritation and skin cancer in animals. | | | |
| Matarial | Coreine renieitu Classifiestien | | | |

| Material | : | Carcinogenicity Classification |
|-------------|---|---|
| Naphthalene | : | ACGIH Group A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. |
| Naphthalene | : | NTP: Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| Naphthalene | : | IARC 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Naphthalene | : | GHS / CLP: Carcinogenicity Category 2 |

| Fuels, diesel | : | ACGIH Group A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|
| Evela diasal | | relevance to humans. | |
| Fuels, diesel | | GHS / CLP: Carcinogenicity Category 2 | |
| Distillates (Fischer- Tropsch) C8-26 - Branched and Linear | : | GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification | |
| Kerosine (Fischer Tropsch), Full range, C8- C16 branched and linear alkanes | : | GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification | |
| Cumene | : | IARC 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. | |
| Cumene | : | GHS / CLP: No carcinogenicity classification | |
| Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity | | Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | | Not classified. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | | May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure. Blood. Thymus. Liver. | |
| Additional Information | | Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist. | |
| | | frameworks may exist. | |
| ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIC Basis for Assessment | DN : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological | |
| Basis for Assessment | DN : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). | |
| | DN : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l (to aquat organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of | |
| Basis for Assessment |)N : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l (to aquat | |
| Basis for Assessment Acute Toxicity Fish Aquatic crustacea | DN : : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l (to aquat organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l | |
| Basis for Assessment Acute Toxicity Fish Aquatic crustacea Algae/aquatic plants |)N : : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l (to aquat organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l | |
| Basis for Assessment Acute Toxicity Fish Aquatic crustacea |)N : : | Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Fuels are typically made from blending several refinery streams. Ecotoxicological studies have been carried out on a variety of hydrocarbon blends and streams but not those containing additives. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l (to aquat organisms) LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract. Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l Expected to be toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 1 <= 10 mg/l | |

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| Aquatic crustacea | modeled data) NOEC/NOEL expected to be > 0.1 - <= 1.0 mg/l (based on modeled data) |
|---|--|
| Mobility | : Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day. If product enters soil, one or more constituents will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater. Floats on water. |
| Persistence/degradability | : Major constituents are inherently biodegradable. The volatile constituents will oxidize rapidly by photochemical reactions in air. |
| Bioaccumulative Potential Other Adverse Effects | Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate. Log Kow > =4 Films formed on water may affect oxygen transfer and damage organisms. |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Material Disposal : | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Do not dispose of tank water bottoms by allowing them to drain into the ground. This will result in soil and groundwater contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. |
|----------------------|--|
| Container Disposal : | Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer. Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard if heated above the flash point. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste container. Comply with any local recovery or waste disposal regulations. |
| Local Legislation : | Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be in compliance. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land (as per ADR classification): Regulated

| Class | : | 3 |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------|
| Packing group | : | III |
| Hazard indentification no. | : | 30 |
| UN number | : | 1202 |
| Danger label (primary risk) | : | 3 |
| Proper shipping name | : | DIESEL FUEL |
| Environmentally Hazardous | : | Yes |
| | | |

IMDG

| Identification number | UN 1202 |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Proper shipping name | DIESEL FUEL |
| Class / Division | 3 |
| Packing group | |
| Environmental hazards: | Yes |

| IATA (Country variations may apply) | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| UN number | : | 1202 | | |
| Proper shipping name | : | Diesel fuel | | |
| Class / Division | : | 3 | | |
| Packing group | : | III | | |
| | Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code | | | |
| Pollution Category | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Ship Type | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Product Name | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Special Precaution | : | Not applicable. | | |
| Additional Information | : | MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea. | | |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Local Regulations

Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace Safety and Health (General Provision) Regulations Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management

- : This product is subject to the requirement in the Act/ Regulations.
- : This product is subject to the requirement in the Act/ Regulations.

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| (Hazardous Substances) Regulations | | |
|---|---|--|
| Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore (Dangerous Goods, Petroleum and Explosives) Regulations | : | This product is subject to the requirement in the Act/ Regulations. |
| Fire Safety Act and Fire Safety (Petroleum & Flammable Materials) Regulations | : | This product is subject to the requirement in the Act/ Regulations. |
| Classification triggering components | : | Contains fuels, diesel. |
| Other Information | : | IARC has classified diesel exhaust emissions as a Class 1 carcinogen - carcinogenic to humans. Steps should be taken to prevent personal exposure to diesel exhaust emissions. |
| 16. OTHER INFORMATION | | |

| 16. OTHER INFO | ORMATION | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Hazard Stat | ement | | | | | | |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. | | | | | | |
| H227 | Combustible liquid. | | | | | | |
| H304 | May be fat | al if s | swallowed and enters airways. | | | | |
| H315 | Causes sk | Causes skin irritation. | | | | | |
| H332 | Harmful if | Harmful if inhaled. | | | | | |
| H351 | Suspected | l of ca | ausing cancer. | | | | |
| H373 | May cause exposure. | May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated | | | | | |
| H401 | Toxic to ac | quatio | c life. | | | | |
| H411 | | | c life with long lasting effects. | | | | |
| Additional Information | | | This document contains important information to ensure the safe storage, handling and use of this product. The information in this document should be brought to the attention of the person in your organisation responsible for advising on safety matters. | | | | |
| SDS Version | SDS Version Number : 1.1 | | | | | | |
| SDS Effective | SDS Effective Date : 10.03.2014 | | | | | | |
| | | | A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version. | | | | |
| Uses and Restrictions : This product must not be used in applications other than those recommended in Section 1, without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product is not to be used as a solvent or cleaning agent; | | | | | | | |
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| | | for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin cleanser. | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| SDS Distribution Key/Legend to Abbrevations used in this SDS | : | The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product. The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries and/or websites. | | |
| | | Flam. Liq. Asp. Tox. Acute Tox. Skin Corr. Carc. STOT RE | Flammable liquids Aspiration hazard Acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation Carcinogenicity Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | |
| Key Literature References | : | The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc). | | |
| Disclaimer | : | This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product. | | |

Xylene Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Section 1: Identification

| 1.1. | Product identifier |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Product form | |
| Product Identifier(s) | |
| Other means of identification | |
| | |

OTAL

- : Mixture
- : Xylene
- : Xylenes
- Xylenes Mixed Isomers Xylenes-Ethylbenzene Mixture Xylene-Ethylbenzene Mixture

1.2. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture

- : Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) Solvent
- Fuel

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Total Petrochemicals & Refining USA, Inc. P O Box 674411 Houston, TX 77267-4411

For non-emergency product information: Phone: 713-483-5000 Email: product.stewardship@total.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free USA & Canada) / 703-527-3887 (Multiple languages) Total Petrochemicals & Refining USA, Inc.: 1-800-322-3462 (Language: English only)

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Flammable liquids Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 - Narcotic effects Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 - Respiratory irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 Aspiration hazard Category 1

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US)

- : Danger
- Flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Causes skin irritation Causes eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer (inhalation)

| Salety Data Sheet | |
|--|---|
| | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs (lung) (inhalation, oral) Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation) May cause damage to organs (kidneys, hearing organ (loss of hearing)) through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| Precautionary statements (GHS-US) | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe gas, mist, vapors. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not breat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection, flame retardant protective clothing, protective gloves. Specific treatment (see Section 4.1 of SDS or information on this label). If invaled: Immediately call doctor, poison center. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, foam, Water spray to extinguish. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified | - |
| Other hazards not contributing to the classification | : Product can accumulate electrostatic charges that may cause fire by electrical discharges. |

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

2.5. Additional information

No additional information available

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

| Name | CAS No | % |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 1330-20-7 | >= 80 |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | <= 20 |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | <= 0.5 |

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical
- advice/attention if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures general

Xvlene

| Safety Data Sheet | |
|--|---|
| First-aid measures after skin contact | : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| First-aid measures after eye contact | : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| First-aid measures after ingestion | : Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and | d effects, both acute and delayed |
| Symptoms/injuries | : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. |
| Symptoms/injuries after inhalation | : Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Symptoms/injuries after skin contact | : Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. |
| Symptoms/injuries after eye contact | : Causes eye irritation. Redness of the eye tissue. |
| Symptoms/injuries after ingestion | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| 4.3. Indication of any immediate m | nedical attention and special treatment needed |
| No additional information available | |
| Section 5: Firefighting measure | 95 |
| 5.1. Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use a heavy water stream. |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising from t | |
| Fire hazard | : Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| Explosion hazard | : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. |
| Hazardous decomposition products in case | |
| fire | <pre></pre> |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters | |
| Firefighting instructions | Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment. |
| Protection during firefighting | : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. |
| Section 6: Accidental release m | neasures |
| 6.1. Personal precautions, protect | tive equipment and emergency procedures |
| Emergency procedures for non-emergency personnel | |
| Emergency procedures for emergency responders | : Ventilate area. |
| 6.2. Methods and material for cont | tainment and cleaning up |
| For containment | : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Do not contaminate ground and surface water. |
| Methods for cleaning up | : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collec spillage. Store away from other materials. |
| 6.3. Reference to other sections | |
| See section 8. Exposure controls/personal | l protection. |
| Section 7: Handling and storage | e |
| 7.1. Precautions for safe handling | |
| Additional hazards when processed | : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. |
| Precautions for safe handling | Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No bare lights. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors, mist. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |

Date of issue: 06/29/2015

Hygiene measures

after handling.

have been read and understood.

: Always wash hands after handling the product. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Technical measures | : Explosion-proof apparatus have to be used. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. All efforts should be made to prevent any leaks or spills. Storage tanks should be engineered to prevent contact with water resources, as this material could contaminate the water resources. Surface spills can reach groundwater through porous soil or cracked surfaces. The storage tanks should be monitored regularly for leaks. Where spills or leaks are possible, a comprehensive response plan should be developed and implemented. |
|------------------------|---|
| Storage conditions | Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Direct sunlight, flames, sparks, heat sources. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Incompatible products | : Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Strong bases. Strong acids. |
| Incompatible materials | : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources. |

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Occupational Exposure Limits

| mers) (1330-20-7) | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 100 ppm | |
| ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 150 ppm | |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 435 mg/m ³ | |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 100 ppm | |
| 4) | | |
| ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 20 ppm | |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 435 mg/m ³ | |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 100 ppm | |
| | | |
| ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 20 ppm | |
| OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm | |
| OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm) | 300 ppm | |
| Remark (OSHA) | See OSHA Table Z-2. | |
| | ACGIH TWA (ppm) ACGIH STEL (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 4) ACGIH TWA (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) ACGIH TWA (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm) | ACGIH TWA (ppm) 100 ppm ACGIH STEL (ppm) 150 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 435 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 100 ppm 4) 435 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 20 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 435 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 435 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 100 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 20 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 20 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 200 ppm OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 200 ppm OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm) 300 ppm |

8.2. Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use engineering controls, such as enclosed handling systems and local exhaust ventilation, as primary measures to prevent direct exposure to this material. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers. Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Hand protection : Wear Protective gloves. Eye protection : Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Skin and body protection : Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

- : Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. Wear respiratory protection.
 - : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

| 9.1. Information on basic physical and | d chemical properties |
|---|----------------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Clear, colorless liquid. |
| Color | : Colorless. |
| Odor | : Sweet. Aromatic. |
| Odor threshold | : 0.7 - 40 ppm |
| рН | : Not applicable |
| Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) | : No data available |
| Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) | : 9 |
| Melting point | : No data available |
| Freezing point | : -47 °C |
| Boiling point | : 139 °C |
| | |

Respiratory protection

Other information

Safety Data Sheet

| Flash point | | : | 25 °C Closed cup |
|------------------------|------------|---|--------------------|
| Auto-ignition tempera | ture | : | 500 - 550 °C |
| Decomposition tempe | erature | : | No data available |
| Flammability (solid, g | as) | : | No data available |
| Vapor pressure | | : | 8 mm Hg @ 25°C |
| Relative vapor densit | y at 20 °C | : | 3 - 4 Air = 1 |
| Relative density | | : | 0.86 |
| Specific gravity / den | sity | : | 0.87 g/ml @ 20°C |
| Solubility | | : | Water: Negligible. |
| Log Kow | | : | 3.1 |
| Viscosity, kinematic | | : | < 20 cSt |
| Viscosity, dynamic | | : | 0.6 cP @25°C |
| Explosive limits | | : | 1 - 7 vol % |
| 9.2. Other info | rmation | | |
| VOC content | | : | 100 % |
| | | | |

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur. Violent explosion may occur when chlorinating xylene with 1,3dichloro-5,5-dimethyl-2, 4-imidazolidindione (dichlorohydrantoin). The haloimide undergoes immediate self accelerating decomposition.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Section 11: Toxicological info

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, toxic fumes.

| 11.1. Information on toxicologic | al effects |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Likely routes of exposure | : Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin and eye contact. |
| Acute toxicity | : Not classified |
| | Inhalation at very high concentrations can be fatal. |
| | Intentional misuse involving repeated and prolonged inhalation exposure to high concentrations of vapor can result in central nervous system damage and eventually death. |
| Xylene | |
| LD50 oral rat | > 3500 (3500 - 4300) mg/kg as mixed xylenes containing ethylbenzene |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 4200 mg/kg as mixed xylenes containing ethylbenzene |
| LC50 inhalation rat | 21.7 (21.7 - 29.1) mg/l/4h as mixed xylenes containing ethylbenzene |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | : Causes eye irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | : Not classified |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | : Not classified |
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer (inhalation). |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20 | 0-7) |
| IARC group | 3 - Not classifiable |
| Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) | |
| IARC group | 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans |

Xylene Safety Data Sheet

| earery Bata erreet | |
|--|---|
| Toluene (108-88-3) | |
| IARC group | 3 - Not classifiable |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organ (lung) (inhalation, oral). |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | : Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation). May cause damage to organs (kidneys, hearing organ (loss of hearing)) through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms | : Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. |

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7 | |
|---|--|
| LC50 fish 1 | 13.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 2.661 - 4.093 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 0.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Gammarus lacustris) |
| Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 11.0 - 18.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| EC50 other aquatic organisms 1 | 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static]) |
| EC50 other aquatic organisms 2 | > 438 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) |
| Toluene (108-88-3) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 15.22 - 19.05 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static]) |
| EC50 other aquatic organisms 1 | > 433 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 12.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 2 | 11.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| EC50 other aquatic organisms 2 | 12.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static]) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Xylene | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Not established. |

Bioaccumulative potential 12.3.

| Xylene | | |
|--|------------------|--|
| Log Kow | 3.1 | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not established. | |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7) | | |
| BCF fish 1 | 0.6 - 15 | |
| Log Pow | 2.77 - 3.15 | |
| Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) | | |
| BCF fish 1 | 15 | |
| Log Pow | 3.118 | |
| Toluene (108-88-3) | | |
| Log Pow | 2.65 | |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

| Section 13: Disposal considerations | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 13.1. Waste treatment methods | |
| Waste disposal recommendations | : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Additional information | : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. |
| Ecology - waste materials | : Avoid release to the environment. |

Safety Data Sheet

Section 14: Transport information

US Transport (DOT) for Bulk Shipments (Non-Bulk Shipments May Differ)

 Transport document description
 : UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains xylene isomers, ethylbenzene), 3, PGIII

 UN or NA Number
 : UN1993

 Proper Shipping Name
 : Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains xylene isomers, ethylbenzene)

 Primary Hazard Class
 : 3 - Flammable liquid

 Packing Group
 : PGIII

 Reportable Quantities (RQ)*
 : Ethylbenzene 1000 lbs (454 kg), Mixed Xylenes 100 lbs (45.4 kg), Toluene 1000 lbs (454 kg)

: 128

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

whether an RQ must be reported for each

Transport by sea (IMDG)

individual shipment. Hazard labels

| Transport document description | : UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, PGIII | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| UN Number | : UN1993 | |
| Proper Shipping Name | : Flammable liquid, n.o.s. | |
| Primary Hazard Class | : 3 - Flammable liquids | |
| Packing Group | : PGIII | |
| Hazard labels (IMDG) | | |

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Cargo name listed in 46 CFR 30.25, Table 30.25-1 Cargo name listed in 46 CFR 153, Table 1

- Air transport (IATA)
- Transport document description UN Number Proper Shipping Name Primary Hazard Class Packing Group Hazard labels (IATA)
- : Product Name: Xylenes/Ethylbenzene (10% or more) mixture Pollution Category: Y Ship Type: 2
- : Xylenes/Ethylbenzene (10% or more) mixture
- : Xylenes, Ethylbenzene (10% or more) mixture
- : UN1993, Flammable liquid, n.o.s., 3, PGIII
- : UN1993
- : Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
- : 3 Flammable Liquids
- : PGIII



Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

EPA TSCA Status

All components of this product are listed or excluded from listing on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Safety Data Sheet

SARA Section 313 Supplier Notification

This product contains the following toxic chemical or chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372:

| CAS number | Chemical name | Concentration |
|------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| 1330-20-7 | Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | >= 80% |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | <= 20% |

This information must be included in all Safety Data Sheets that are copied and distributed for this product. For additional information, see 40 CFR §372.45 Notification About Toxic Chemicals.

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Fire hazard Chronic health hazard Acute health hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Xylene WHMIS Classification

Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

National inventories

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)

15.3. US State regulations

| Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) | |
|--|------------------------|
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | Yes |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | No |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | No |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male | No |
| No significance risk level (NSRL) | 54 μg/day (inhalation) |
| Toluene (108-88-3) | |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | No |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | Yes |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | Yes |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male | No |

Section 16: Other information

| NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) | |
|---|-----|
| NFPA health hazard | : 2 |
| NFPA fire hazard | : 3 |

| NFPA reactivity | |
|-----------------|--|
|-----------------|--|



| HMIS III Rating | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| Health | : 2* |
| Flammability | : 3 |
| Physical Hazard | : 0 |
| Personal Protection | : See section 8 of SDS |

: 0

Safety Data Sheet

US OSHA LABEL as specified under 29 CFR §1910.1200 (f)

Xylene

Total Petrochemicals & Refining USA, Inc. PO Box 674411 Houston, TX 77267-4411 USA Tel. 713-483-5000 or 1-877-871-2709



Flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways **Causes skin irritation** Causes eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer (inhalation) Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs (lung) (inhalation, oral) Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation) May cause damage to organs (kidneys, hearing organ (loss of hearing)) through prolonged or repeated exposure Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe gas, mist, vapors. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection, flame retardant protective clothing, protective gloves. Specific treatment (see Section 4.1 of SDS or information on this label). If swallowed: Immediately call doctor, poison center. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, foam, Water spray to extinguish. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Supplemental Information: Other hazards not contributing to the classification Product can accumulate electrostatic charges that may cause fire by electrical discharges.

Version : 3.1 Date of issue : June 29, 2015

MSDS ID: XYLENE SDS REFERENCE NUMBER: BC0012

SDS Template - TOTAL SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) TPRI Version 4.00

Xylene Safety Data Sheet

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed by Total Petrochemicals & Refining USA, Inc. (TPRI) to be accurate on the date issued. However, materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Final determination of suitability and use of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. Neither TPRI nor any of its subsidiaries or affiliated companies assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein or reliance thereto. If the material is repackaged, the user is responsible and must ensure that proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with the material and/or on the container. NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE MADE REGARDING THE MATERIALS OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS SDS. ALTERATION OF THIS DOCUMENT IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.





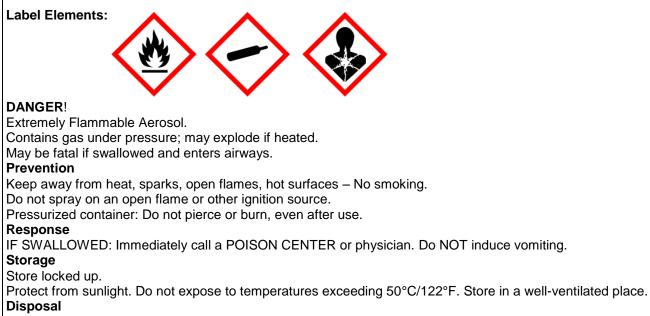


| 1 - Identification | |
|---|--|
| | Manufacturer: WD-40 Company |
| Product Name: WD-40 Multi-Use Product Aerosol | Address: 1061 Cudahy Place (92110) |
| NOT FOR SALE IN CALIFORNIA | P.O. Box 80607 |
| | San Diego, California, USA |
| Product Use: Lubricant, Penetrant, Drives Out | 92138 -0607 |
| Moisture, Removes and Protects Surfaces From | Telephone: |
| Corrosion | Emergency only: 1-888-324-7596 (PROSAR) |
| | Information: 1-888-324-7596 |
| Restrictions on Use: None identified | Chemical Spills: 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec) |
| | 1-703-527-3887 (International Calls) |
| SDS Date Of Preparation: 07/20/2014 | |

2 – Hazards Identification

Hazcom 2012/GHS Classification: Flammable Aerosol Category 1 Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Note: This product is a consumer product and is labeled in accordance with the US Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations which take precedence over OSHA Hazard Communication labeling. The actual container label will not include the label elements below. The labeling below applies to industrial/professional products.



Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Ingredient | CAS # | Weight Percent | US Hazcom 2012/ GHS Classification |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | 45-50 | Flammable Liquid Category 3 |

| | | | Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Petroleum Base Oil | 64742-56-9 | <25 | Not Hazardous |
| | 64742-65-0 | | |
| | 64742-53-6 | | |
| | 64742-54-7 | | |
| | 64742-71-8 | | |
| LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | 12-18 | Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | 2-3 | Simple Asphyxiant |
| | | | Gas Under Pressure, |
| | | | Compressed Gas |
| Non-Hazardous Ingredients | Mixture | <10 | Not Hazardous |

Note: The exact percentages are a trade secret.

4 – First Aid Measures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician, poison control center or the WD-40 Safety Hotline at 1-888-324-7596 immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Inhalation (Breathing): If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: May cause eye and respiratory irritation. Inhalation may cause coughing, headache and dizziness. Skin contact may cause drying of the skin.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention/Special Treatment Needed: Immediate medical attention is needed for ingestion.

5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire. Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. Combustion will produce oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers.

6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8). Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area.

Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup: Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials Do not store above 120°F or in direct sunlight. U.F.C (NFPA 30B) Level 3 Aerosol. Store away from oxidizers.

8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Chemical | Occupational Exposure Limits | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended) | |
| Petroleum Base Oil | 5 mg/m3 TWA, 10 mg/m3 STEL ACGIH TLV 5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA PEL | |
| LVP Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 1200 mg/m3 TWA (manufacturer recommended) | |
| Carbon Dioxide | 5000 ppm TWA (OSHA/ACGIH), 30,000 ppm STEL (ACGIH) | |
| Non-Hazardous Ingredients | None Established | |

The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. Always spray away from your face.

Skin Protection: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations where skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection: None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear a NIOSH approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow OSHA 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2 and good Industrial Hygiene practice. **Work/Hygiene Practices:** Wash with soap and water after handling.

| Appearance: | Light amber liquid | Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion) | LEL: 0.6% UEL: 8% |
|---------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Odor: | Mild petroleum odor | Vapor Pressure: | 95-115 PSI @ 70°F |
| Odor Threshold: | Not established | Vapor Density: | Greater than 1 (air=1) |
| pH: | Not Applicable | Relative Density: | 0.8 – 0.82 @ 60°F |
| Melting/Freezing Point | Not established | Solubilities: | Insoluble in water |
| Boiling Point/Range: | 361 - 369°F (183 - 187°C) | Partition Coefficient; n- octanol/water: | Not established |
| Flash Point: | 122°F (49°C) Tag Closed Cup (concentrate) | Autoignition Temperature: | Not established |
| Evaporation Rate: | Not established | Decomposition Temperature: | Not established |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Flammable Aerosol | Viscosity: | 2.79-2.96 cSt @ 100°F |
| VOC: | 412 grams/liter (49.5%) | Pour Point: | -63°C (-81.4°F) ASTM D-97 |

9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions **Chemical Stability:** Stable **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** May react with strong oxidizers generating heat. **Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11 – Toxicological Information

Symptoms of Overexposure:

Inhalation: High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

Skin Contact: Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce mild irritation and defatting with possible dermatitis.

Eye Contact: Contact may be irritating to eyes. May cause redness and tearing.

Ingestion: This product has low oral toxicity. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause

chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Chronic Effects: None expected.

Carcinogen Status: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH or OSHA.

Reproductive Toxicity: None of the components is considered a reproductive hazard.

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

The oral toxicity of this product is estimated to be greater than 5,000 mg/kg and the dermal toxicity greater than 2,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria. It is an aspiration hazard.

12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No specific aquatic toxicity data is currently available, however components of this product are not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms

Persistence and Degradability: Component are readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation is not expected based on an assessment of the ingredients. **Mobility in Soil:** No data available

Other Adverse Effects: None known

13 - Disposal Considerations

If this product becomes a waste, it would be expected to meet the criteria of a RCRA ignitable hazardous waste (D001). However, it is the responsibility of the generator to determine at the time of disposal the proper classification and method of disposal. Do not puncture or incinerate containers, even empty. Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

14 – Transportation Information_

DOT Surface Shipping Description:

UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1 Ltd. Qty (Note: Shipping Papers are not required for Limited Quantities unless transported by air or vessel – each package must be marked with the Limited Quantity Mark) IMDG Shipping Description: Un1950, Aerosols, 2.1, LTD QTY

ICAO Shipping Description: UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1 NOTE: WD-40 does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

15 – Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity: This product is not subject to CERCLA reporting requirements, however, oil spills are reportable to the National Response Center under the Clean Water Act and many

states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

SARA TITLE III:

Hazard Category For Section 311/312: Acute Health, Fire Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure **Section 313 Toxic Chemicals**: This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements: None

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ): None

EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

VOC Regulations: This product complies with the consumer product VOC limits of the US EPA and states adopting the OTC VOC rules but does not comply with CARB.

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65): This product does not contain chemicals regulated under California Proposition 65.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act: One of the components is listed on the NDSL. All of the other ingredients are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List or exempt from notification.

Canadian WHMIS Classification: Class A (Compressed gas), Class B-5 (Flammable Aerosol) This MSDS has been prepared according to the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16 – Other Information:

HMIS Hazard Rating:

Health – 1 (slight hazard), Fire Hazard – 4 (severe hazard), Reactivity – 0 (minimal hazard)

Revision Date: July 20, 2014

Supersedes: May 23, 2014

Revision Summary: Convert to Hazcom 2012. Changes in all sections.

Prepared by: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc. Shelton, CT, USA

APPROVED By: I. Kowalski

Regulatory Affairs Dept.

5049000/No.0015205

<u>Section 5 - Solids – Flammable</u> 27. Carlisle – Water Based Duct Seal 28. McGill – Duct Seal Solvent

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name FG 550 Gray

Synonyms Sealant

Chemical Family Water based mastic

Product Use Duct sealant

Restrictions on Use For industrial use only.

Manufacturer Information

Carlisle HVAC Products 900 Hensley Lane Wylie, TX 75098 www.carlislehvac.com

Medical Emergency: CHEMTREC (USA): (800) 424-9300

MSDS Assistance – 972-442-6545 Technical Assistance – 888-229-2199 Customer Service – 888-229-0199

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1 (central nervous system, eyes, body, systemic toxicity) Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1 (eyes,central nervous system)

GHS Label Elements

Symbol(s)



Signal Word Danger







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Hazard Statement(s)

May damage fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray Wash thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Response

If exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell Specific treatment (see label)

Storage Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

Statement of Unknown Toxicity

88.189% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

Other Hazards

No additional information available.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CAS | Component Name | Percent |
|--------------|--|---------|
| Trade Secret | De-foaming agent | 0.1-1 |
| Trade Secret | Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether | 0.1-1 |
| Mixture | Polymer, ethyl acrylate and methacrylic acid | 0.1-1 |
| Mixture | Acrylic polymer | 0.1-1 |
| 141-43-5 | Ethanolamine | 0.1-1 |
| Mixture | Polycarboxylate salt | 0.1-1 |
| 107-21-1 | Ethylene glycol | 0.1-1 |
| Mixture | Fuller's earth | 1-5 |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

| 14808-60-7 | Silica, crystalline | 0.1-1 |
|--------------|-------------------------|-------|
| 1317-65-3 | Limestone | 15-40 |
| Trade Secret | Clay compound | 1-5 |
| 67-56-1 | Methanol | 1-5 |
| Mixture | 4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine | 0.1-1 |
| Mixture | 1,2-Propylene glycol | 0.1-1 |

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of Necessary Measures

If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention, if needed.

Skin

Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Eyes

Flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed, get medical attention.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

Causes damage to central nervous system, body, eyes, systemic toxicity.

Delayed

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: eyes, central nervous system.

Note to Physicians

Contains. ethylene glycol, methanol

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None reported.

Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical Slight fire hazard. Sealed containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, hydrocarbons

Advice for firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure. Do not inhale any material or combustion by-products.

Fire Fighting Measures

Remove product from area of fire. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to container. Dike for later disposal. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

This product contains crystalline silica, which is a known carcinogen: Do not grind or sand. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store above 0 C. Store below 45 C. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed. Do not cut, puncture, or weld on or near this container.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

| Ethanolamine | 141-43-5 | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| ACGIH: | 3 ppm TWA | 6 ppm STEL | |
| NIOSH: | 3 ppm TWA; 8 mg/m3 TWA | 6 ppm STEL; 15 mg/m3 STEL | |
| | 30 ppm IDLH | | |
| Europe: | 1 ppm TWA; 2.5 mg/m3 TWA | 3 ppm STEL; 7.6 mg/m3 STEL | |
| | Possibility of significant uptake through | | |
| OSHA (US): | 3 ppm TWA; 6 mg/m3 TWA | | |
| Mexico: | 3 ppm TWA LMPE-PPT; 8 mg/m3 TWA | LMPE-PPT | |
| | 6 ppm STEL [LMPE-CT]; 15 mg/m3 ST | | |
| | | | |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 | | |
| ACGIH: | 100 mg/m3 Ceiling aerosol only | | |
| Europe: | 20 ppm TWA; 52 mg/m3 TWA | 40 ppm STEL; 104 mg/m3 STEL | |
| | Possibility of significant uptake through the skin | | |
| Mexico: | 100 mg/m3 Ceiling aerosol | | |
| | | | |
| Silica, crystalline | 14808-60-7 | | |
| ACGIH: | 0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction | | |
| NIOSH: | 0.05 mg/m3 TWA respirable dust | 50 mg/m3 IDLH respirable dust | |
| OSHA (US): | ((30)/(% SiO2 + 2) mg/m3 TWA) total dust; ((250)/(% SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA) respirable fraction; ((10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m3 TWA) respirable fraction | | |
| Mexico: | 0.1 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT respirable fraction | | |
| | - | | |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | | |
| | 10 mg/m3 TWA total dust; 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable dust | | |
| NIOSH: | | 15 mg/m3 TWA total dust; 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction | |
| NIOSH: OSHA (US): | | A respirable fraction | |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

| Methanol | 67-56-1 | |
|------------|--|---|
| ACGIH: | 200 ppm TWA250 ppm STEL | |
| | Skin - potential significant contribution to | overall exposure by the cutaneous route |
| NIOSH: | 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA250 ppm STEL; 325 mg/m3 STEL | |
| | Potential for dermal absorption | |
| | 6000 ppm IDLH | |
| Europe: | 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA | |
| | Possibility of significant uptake through the skin | |
| OSHA (US): | 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA | |
| Mexico: | 200 ppm TWA LMPE-PPT; 260 mg/m3 TWA LMPE-PPT | |
| | 250 ppm STEL [LMPE-CT]; 310 mg/m3 STEL [LMPE-CT] | |
| | Skin - potential for cutaneous absorption | |

Biological limit value

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

Engineering Controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

Skin Protection

Wear appropriate work clothing.

Respiratory Protection

A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge or canister may be appropriate under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Glove Recommendations

Wear protective gloves. Recommended material: Hycron(R), neoprene, nitrile.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | thick gray paste | Physical State | liquid |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Odor | Slight,ammonia | Color | gray |
| Odor Threshold | Not available | рН | 8.4 - 9.5 |
| Melting Point | Not available | Boiling Point | 212 °F |
| Freezing point | Not available | Evaporation Rate | 30 - 40 % volatile |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

| Boiling Point Range | Not available | Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Autoignition | Not available | Flash Point | Not available |
| Lower Explosive Limit | Not available | Decomposition | Not available |
| Upper Explosive Limit | Not available | Vapor Pressure | 17 mmHg (@ 20 °C) |
| Vapor Density (air=1) | >1 | Specific Gravity (water=1) | Not available |
| Water Solubility | soluble | Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | Not available |
| Viscosity | 300 Kcps (@ 77 °F) | Solubility (Other) | Not available |
| Density | 1.32 (relative) | voc | 49 g/L (SCAQMD calculation method) |

Other Information

No additional information available.

Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products Oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, hydrocarbons

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

May cause adverse effects on the central nervous system.

Skin Contact

May cause mild skin irritation.







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation. **Ingestion** Methanol can produce blindness with onset of symptoms being delayed for 18-24 hours.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published: Ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer (Trade Secret) Oral LD50 Rat >2000 mg/kg

Epoxidized soybean oil (Trade Secret) Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >20 mL/kg

De-foaming agent (Trade Secret) Oral LD50 >2000 mg/kg

Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether (Trade Secret) Oral LD50 Rat 2780 mg/kg

Chlorinated paraffins (Trade Secret) Oral LD50 Rat >4000 mg/kg

Polymer, ethyl acrylate and methacrylic acid (Mixture) Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >5000 mg/kg

Acrylic polymer (Mixture) Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >5000 mg/kg

Ethanolamine (141-43-5) Oral LD50 Rat 1515 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit 2504 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat >1.3 mg/L vapor 6 hr

Polycarboxylate salt (Mixture) Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1) Oral LD50 Rat 4700 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rat 10600 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat >200 mg/m3 vapor 4 hr

Silica, crystalline (14808-60-7) Oral LD50 Rat 500 mg/kg







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Limestone (1317-65-3) Oral LD50 Rat 6450 mg/kg

Methanol (67-56-1) Oral LD50 Rat 6200 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 22500 ppm 8 h

4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine (Mixture) Oral LD50 Rat 1037 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 1.1 mg/L 4 hr

1,2-Propylene glycol (Mixture) Oral LD50 Rat >5000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit >5000 mg/kg

Immediate Effects

Causes damage to central nervous system, body, eyes, systemic toxicity.

Delayed Effects

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: eyes, central nervous system.

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

May cause mild skin irritation. May cause mild eye irritation.

Respiratory Sensitization

No data available.

Dermal Sensitization

No data available.

Component Carcinogenicity

| Chlorinated paraffins | Trade Secret | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| IARC: | Monograph 48 [1990] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans)) | |
| DFG: | Category 3B (could be carcinogenic for man) | |
| OSHA: | Present | |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 | |
| ACGIH: | A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen | |
| | | |
| Silica, crystalline | 14808-60-7 | |
| ACGIH: | A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen | |
| IARC: | Monograph 100C [2012]; Monograph 68 [1997] (Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans)) | |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

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| NTP: | Known Human Carcinogen (respirable size) |
|-------|---|
| DFG: | Category 1 (causes cancer in man, alveola fraction) |
| OSHA: | Present (respirable size) |

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Central nervous system, body, systemic toxicity, eyes

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Central nervous system, eyes

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure No data available.

Additional Data

This product contains crystalline silica, which is a known carcinogen. However, this component is bound by the polymer portion of the sealant. The only way this component would be released is through incineration. Therefore, this product is not considered a carcinogen.

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Avoid release to the environment.

Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity

| Ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer | Trade Secret |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Fish: | LC50 96 hr Cyprinus carpio >1000 mg/kg |
| Epoxidized soybean oil | Trade Secret |
| Fish: | LC50 48 hr freshwater fish 900 mg/L |
| Algae: | EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 8 mg/L IUCLID |
| | |
| De-foaming agent | Trade Secret |
| Fish: | LC50 hr fish >100 mg/L |
| | |
| Chlorinated paraffins | Trade Secret |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

| Fish: | LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus >300 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss >0.0109 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 94.5 - 271 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus >0.1 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas >100 mg/L [static] |
|--|--|
| Invertebrate: | EC50 48 hr Daphnia magna 0.0059 mg/L |
| 1 | |
| Polymer, ethyl acrylate and methacrylic acid | Mixture |
| Fish: | LC50 96 hr Pimephales promelas >1000 mg/L |
| | |
| Ethanolamine | 141-43-5 |
| Fish: | LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 227 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Brachydanio rerio 3684 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 300 - 1000 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 114 - 196 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss >200 mg/L [flow-through] |
| Algae: | EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 15 mg/L IUCLID |
| Invertebrate: | EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 65 mg/L IUCLID |
| | |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 |
| Fish: | LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 41000 mg/L; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 14 - 18 mL/L [static]; LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 27540 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 40761 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 40000 - 60000 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 16000 mg/L [static] |
| Algae: | EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 6500 - 13000 mg/L |
| | IUCLID |
| Invertebrate: | IUCLID EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 46300 mg/L IUCLID |
| | |
| | |
| Invertebrate: | EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 46300 mg/L IUCLID |
| Invertebrate: | EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 46300 mg/L IUCLID 1317-65-3 |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

| Fish: | LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 28200 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas >100 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 19500 - 20700 mg/L [flow-through]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 18 - 20 mL/L [static]; LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 13500 - 17600 mg/L [flow-through] |
|----------------------|--|
| 1,2-Propylene glycol | Mixture |
| Fish: | LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 51600 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 41 - 47 mL/L [static]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 51400 mg/L [static]; LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 710 mg/L |
| Algae: | EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 19000 mg/L IUCLID |
| Invertebrate: | EC50 48 h Daphnia magna >1000 mg/L [static] EPA |

Persistence and Degradability

No information available for the product.

Bioaccumulative Potential

No information available for the product.

Mobility

No information available for the product.

Other Toxicity

No additional information available.

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Information: UN/NA #: Not regulated

IATA Information: UN#: Not regulated

IMDG Information:

UN#: Not regulated

TDG Information: UN#: Not regulated







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or require an OSHA process safety plan.

| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| SARA 313: | 1 % de minimis concentration |
| CERCLA: | 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 |
| SARA 313: | 1 % de minimis concentration |
| CERCLA: | 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ |

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No Reactivity: No

U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

| Component | CAS | CA | MA | MN | NJ | PA |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Chlorinated paraffins | Trade Secret | No | Yes | No | No | No |
| Ethanolamine | 141-43-5 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Silica, crystalline | 14808-60-7 | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,2-Propylene glycol | Mixture | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause reproductive/developmental effects

| Silica, crystalline | 14808-60-7 |
|---------------------|--|
| Carc: | carcinogen, initial date 10/1/88 (airborne particles of respirable size) |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 |
| Repro/Dev. Tox | Developmental toxicity, initial date 3/16/12 |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Canadian WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL)

Components of this material have been checked against the Canadian WHMIS Ingredients Disclosure List. The List is composed of chemicals which must be identified on MSDSs if they are included in products which meet WHMIS criteria specified in the Controlled Products Regulations and are present above the threshold limits listed on the IDL

| Ethanolamine | 141-43-5 |
|----------------------|------------|
| | 1 % |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 |
| | 1 % |
| Silica, crystalline | 14808-60-7 |
| | 1 % |
| Methanol | 67-56-1 |
| | 1 % |
| 1,2-Propylene glycol | Mixture |
| | 1 % |

Component Analysis - Inventory

Ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer (Trade Secret)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | ELN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Epoxidized soybean oil (Trade Secret)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | No | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Nonylphenol polyethylene glycol ether (Trade Secret)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|----|
| Yes | DSL | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No |

Chlorinated paraffins (Trade Secret)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Polymer, ethyl acrylate and methacrylic acid (Mixture)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Ethanolamine (141-43-5)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Fuller's earth (Mixture)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Silica, crystalline (14808-60-7)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Limestone (1317-65-3)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | NSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Methanol (67-56-1)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

4,4-Dimethyloxazolidine (Mixture)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

1,2-Propylene glycol (Mixture)

| US | CA | EU | AU | PH | JP - ENCS | JP - ISHL | KR - KECI/KECL | KR - TCCA | CN | NZ | MX |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| Yes | DSL | EIN | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating

Health: 1* Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic hazard

NFPA Ratings

Health: 1 Fire: 0 Reactivity: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Summary of Changes

New SDS: May 27, 2015

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD -Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA -Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH -Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH- Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US - United States.







Material Name: FG 550 Gray

Product #: 304132- 1 gal 304134- 11oz

Other Information

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based upon data and information available to us, and reflects our best professional judgment. This product may be formulated in part with components purchased from other companies. In many instances, especially when proprietary or trade secret materials are used, CCWI Company must rely upon the hazard evaluation of such components submitted by that product's manufacturer or importer. No warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data or information. The results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use does not infringe any patent, since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions of use beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular use.





UNITED DUCT SEALER

Section 1. Identification

| GHS product identifier | : UNITED DUCT SEALER |
|------------------------|--|
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| CAS # | : mixture |
| Address | : McGill AirSeal LLC 2400 Fairwood Avenue Columbus, Ohio 43207 |
| Contact person | : McGill AirSeal |
| Telephone | : (800) 624 - 5535 (614) 829 - 1200 |
| Reference number | : 3174 |
| Product code | : 5846 |
| Date of revision | : 5/22/2015. |
| Print date | : 5/24/2015. |
| - | |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

| Section 2. Hazards | dentification |
|---|---|
| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) (inhalation) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) (inhalation) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (kidneys, liver and nervous system) (inhalation) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 7% |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. (kidneys, liver, nervous system) |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous ingredients

United States

| Name | CAS number | % |
|--|------------|-----------|
| n-hexane | 110-54-3 | 10 - 25 |
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 63449-39-8 | 5 - 10 |
| toluene | 108-88-3 | 1 - 5 |
| 6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'-methylenedi-p-cresol | 119-47-1 | 0.1 - 0.5 |

<u>Canada</u>

| Name | CAS number | % |
|--|------------|---------|
| n-hexane | 110-54-3 | 10 - 25 |
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 63449-39-8 | 5 - 10 |
| toluene | 108-88-3 | 1 - 5 |
| aluminium hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | 1 - 5 |

| <u>Mexico</u> | | | | | | Classification | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------|---|------|---|----------------|----------|---------|--|--|
| Name | CAS number | UN number | % | IDLH | H | F | R | Special | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/22/2015. | - | • | | • | Ve | rsion :4 | 2/15 | | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | • | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| n-hexane toluene Paraffin waxes and | 110-54-3 108-88-3 63449-39-8 | UN1993 UN1993 Not | 10 - 25 1 - 5 5 - 10 | 1100 ppm 500 ppm - | 1 2 1 | 3 3 0 | 1 0 0 | |
| Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro aluminium hydroxide | 21645-51-2 | available. Not available. | 1 - 5 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin contact | : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. |
| Ingestion | Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Over-exposure signs/sympton | <u>ms</u> |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/22/2015. | | Version :4 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|------------|
|--------------------------------|--------------|--|------------|

Section 4. First aid measures

| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths |
|--------------|---|
| Skin contact | skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| | the second se |
|--|---|
| Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| relating production of protect | | |
|--------------------------------|----|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and materials for co | nt | ainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
| | | |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|------------|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | ž | Do not store above the following temperature: 43.333°C (110°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |
| Dete after and (Dete after data a | E # | Dopo15 Version : 4 5/1 |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|---|
| n-hexane | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 180 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| toluene | OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| | CEIL: 300 ppm |
| | AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. |
| | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| | ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). |
| | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |

<u>Canada</u>

| Occupational exposure limits | | TWA (8 hours) | | STEL (15 mins) | | Ceiling | | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|-----|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| Ingredient | List name | ppm | mg/ m³ | Other | ppm | mg/ m³ | Other | ppm | mg/ m³ | Other | Notations |
| n-hexane | US ACGIH 4/2014 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] |
| | AB 4/2009 | 50 | 176 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] |
| | BC 4/2014 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] |
| | ON 1/2013 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] [1] |
| | QC 1/2014 | 50 | 176 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] |
| aluminium hydroxide | US ACGIH 4/2014 | - | 1 |]_ | - | - | - | - | - | - | [a] [b] [a] |
| | BC 4/2014 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [b] |
| | ON 1/2013 | - | 1 | - |]- | - | - | 1- | - | - | [a] |
| toluene | US ACGIH 4/2014 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | AB 4/2009 | 50 | 188 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | [1] |
| | BC 4/2014 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | ON 1/2013 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | QC 1/2014 | 50 | 188 | - | - | - | - | - | - | }- | [1] |

[1]Absorbed through skin. Form: [a]Respirable fraction [b]Respirable

<u>Mexico</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient | Exposure limits |
|---------------------|---|
| n-hexane | NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| toluene | LMPE-PPT: 176 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). Absorbed through skin. LMPE-PPT: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| aluminium hydroxide | LMPE-PPT: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measu | <u>8</u> |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. [Paste.] |
| Color | : Gray. Tan. Light brown. |
| Odor | : Solvent(s) [Slight] |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point | : 68.889°C (156°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: <-17.778°C (<-0.0004°F) [Setaflash.] |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Lower: 1.2% Upper: 7.5% |
| VOC (less water, less exempt solvents) | : 302 g/l |
| Relative density | : 1.14 |
| Solubility | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|-----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| n-hexane | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 48000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >3295 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15840 mg/kg | - |
| Paraffin waxes and | LD50 Oral | Rat | 26100 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | | | | : |
| toluene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 49 g/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 636 mg/kg | - |
| 6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'- methylenedi-p-cresol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4880 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| n-hexane | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams | - | |
| Paraffin waxes and | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 | - | |
| Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | | | | milligrams | | |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 24 hours 100 | - | |
| | | | | milligrams | | |
| toluene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes | - | |
| | | | | milligrams | | |
| Eyes - Mild irritant | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | _ | 870 | - | |
| Lyes - Who mhant | Lycs mild initialit | | | Micrograms | | |
| Eyes - Severe irritant | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - | |
| | | | | milligrams | | |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Skin - Mild irritant | Pig | - | 24 hours 250 | - | |
| | | | | microliters | | |
| Skin - Mild irritant | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 435 | - | |
| Olin Madarata irritant | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | | milligrams 24 hours 20 | _ | |
| Skin - Moderate irritant | Skin - Wouerate initalit | | - | milligrams | | |
| Skin - Moderate irritant | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - | |
| | | | | milligrams | | |
| 6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'- | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - | |
| methylenedi-p-cresol | | | | milligrams | | |

| <u>oonerasion/ournmary</u> | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Skin | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
| Eyes | : Severely irritating to eyes. |
| Respiratory | High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness. |

Reproductive toxicity

ļ

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Development toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|------------|----------|
| toluene | - | - | - | Rat | Inhalation | - |

Conclusion/Summary : Reproductive toxicant - female

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------|------------|----------------------|---|
| n-hexane | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |
| toluene | Category 3 | Not applicable. | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| n-hexane | Category 1 | Inhalation | peripheral nervous system |
| toluene | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| n-hexane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/22/2015.

| Section 11. Toxicolo | |
|--|--|
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation. |
| Potential acute health effects | |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | Toxic if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure. |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| Symptoms related to the phy | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: |
| Skin contact | irritation dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |
| Delayed and immediate effect | ets and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Section 12. Ecologic | al information |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| n-hexane | Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l | Algae | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l | Crustaceans | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 2.5 mg/l | Fish - fathead minnow | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l | Crustaceans | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l | Fish - rainbow trout | 28 days |
| Paraffin waxes and | Acute LC50 >770 mg/l | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro toluene | Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hours |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | 5/22/2015. | Version : 4 | 10, |

Conclusion/Summary

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| n-hexane | | - | Readily |
| Paraffin waxes and | - | - | Readily |
| Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | | | |
| toluene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential | |
|--|---------------|---------|-----------|--|
| n-hexane | 4 | 501.187 | high | |
| Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 7.46 to 11.48 | 192 | low | |
| toluene | 2.73 | 90 | low | |
| 6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'- methylenedi-p-cresol | 6.25 | 549.54 | high | |

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Other adverse effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

| Ingredient | CAS # | Status | Reference number |
|---------------------------|----------|--------|---------------------|
| Toluene; Benzene, methyl- | 108-88-3 | Listed | U220 |

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ADR/RID | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| UN number | 1133 | 1133 | 1133 | 1133 | 1133 | 1133 |
| UN proper shipping name | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-hexane, toluene) | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-hexane, toluene) | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-hexane, toluene) | ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-hexane, toluene) | ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid |
| Date of issue/Date of | revision : 5/22/2 | 2015. | [| | Version | n : 4 11 |

| UNITED DUCT SEALER | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Section 14. 7 | Transport in | formation | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| hazard class(es) | | | | | | | | | |
| Packing group | 111 | | 111 | EII . | []] | 111 | | | |
| Environmental hazards | Yes. | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. | | | |
| Additional information | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes. Reportable guantity 20810.8 lbs / 9448.1 kg [2189.4 gal / 8287.8 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Remarks Limited quantity | Remarks Limited quantity | Remarks Limited quantity | Special provisions 640 (E) Tunnel code (D/E) Remarks Limited quantity | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Remarks Limited quantity | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. | | | |

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

| U.S. Federal regulations | ; | TSCA 8(a) CDR Exe | mpt/Parti | al exemption: | Not determine | ed | |
|---|----|--|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | United States invent 8b): | tory (TSC | All comp | oonents are lis | ted or exempt | ed. |
| | | Commerce control I | ist precu | rsor: 2-diethyla | aminoethanol | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | : | Listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances | : | Not listed | | | | | |
| SARA 302/304 Composition/information | on | ingredients | | | | | |
| No products were found. | | <u></u> | | | | | |
| SARA 304 RQ | : | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| <u>SARA 311/312</u> | | | | | | | |
| Classification | ; | Fire hazard Immediate (acute) he Delayed (chronic) hea | | | | | |
| Composition/information | on | <u>ingredients</u> | | | | | |
| Name | | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of | Reactive | Immediate (acute) | Delayed (chronic) |

| Name | % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | lmmediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|---|--------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| n-hexane Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chloro | 10 - 25 5 - 10 | Yes. No. | No. No. | No. No. | Yes. Yes. | Yes. No. |
| toluene 6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'-methylenedi-p- cresol | 1 - 5 0.1 - 0.5 | Yes. Yes. | No. No. | No. No. | Yes. No. | Yes. Yes. |

<u>SARA 313</u>

| | Product name | CAS number | % |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Form R - Reporting requirements | | 110-54-3 108-88-3 | 10 - 25 1 - 5 |
| Supplier notification | | 110-54-3 108-88-3 | 10 - 25 1 - 5 |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

| — | |
|--------------------|---|
| Massachusetts | : The following components are listed: HEXANE; TOLUENE |
| New York | : The following components are listed: Hexane; Toluene |
| New Jersey | The following components are listed: n-HEXANE; HEXANE; TOLUENE; BENZENE, METHYL- |
| Pennsylvania | : The following components are listed: HEXANE; BENZENE, METHYL- |
| California Dran CE | |

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

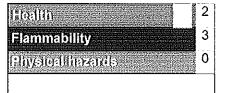
| Date of issue/Date of revision | ; 5/22/2015. | Version : 4 13/15 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|

| UNITED DUCT SEALER | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Section 15. Regulate | ory info | rmation | | | |
| Ingredient name | | Cancer | Reproductive | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
| toluene | | No. | Yes. | No. | 7000 μg/day (ingestion) |
| Canada | | | | | |
| <u>Canadian lists</u> | | | | | |
| Canadian NPRI | : The fo | ollowing compor | nents are listed: n-He | exane; Toluene; Alkane: | s, C6-18, chloro |
| CEPA Toxic substances | : The fo | ollowing compor | nents are listed: Chlo | prinated alkanes | |
| Canada inventory | | etermined. | | | |
| This product has been class and the MSDS contains all th | ified in ac ne informa | cordance with ation required l | the hazard criteria by the Controlled P | of the Controlled Prod roducts Regulations. | ducts Regulations |
| <u>Mexico</u> Classification | : | | | | |
| | Н | ealth 20 | Flammability Reactivity Special | | |
| International regulations | | | | | |
| International lists | China Japar Korea Malay New Z Philip | a inventory (IEC n inventory: No a inventory: No vsia Inventory (Zealand Inventor pines inventor | t determined. EHS Register): Not | d. determined. IZIoC) : Not determined. rmined. | |
| Europe | : Not de | etermined. | | | |
| Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals | : Not lis | sted | | | |
| Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals | : Not lis | sted | | | |
| Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals | : Not lis | sted | | | |

Section 16. Other information

UNITED DUCT SEALER

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

| History | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 5/24/2015. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 5/22/2015. |
| Date of previous issue | : No previous validation. |
| Version | : 4 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations |
| References | : Natavailable |

References

112-4----

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Section 6 - Solids – Non-Flammable

- 29. 3M FSK Tape
- 30. BlackSwan Pipe Lube
- 31. Carlisle Travel Tack
- 32. Certain Teed Duct Wrap
- 33. Childers CP-10
- 34. Childers CP-30
- 35. DAP Tub & Tile Caulk
- 36. DuctMate 440 Gasket
- 37. Euclid Dust Down
- 38. Hilti FS-One Fire Caulk
- 39. Laco Flux
- 40. Lincoln Welding Rods
- 41. Loctite 567 Thread Sealer
- 42. Oatey Lead Free Solder
- 43. Oatey Plumbers Putty
- 44. RectorSeal NoKorode Flux
- 45. RectorSeal Tru Blue Pipe Dope
- 46. Sikasil Caulk GP
- 47. Sterling Lead Free Solder
- 48. Tremco Duct Tape

(Digital Version Note: Click name to go to page)



Material Safety Data Sheet

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This material safety data sheet (MSDS) is provided as a courtesy in response to a customer request. This product is not regulated under, and a MSDS is not required for this product by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) because, when used as recommended or under ordinary conditions, it should not present a health and safety hazard. However, use or processing of the product not in accordance with the product's recommendations or not under ordinary conditions may affect the performance of the product and may present potential health and safety hazards.

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

| PRODUCT NAME: MANUFACTURER: DIVISION: | 3M [™] High Temperature Aluminum Foil/Glass Cloth Tape 363, 3M [™] Aluminum Foil/Reinforced Tape 1430, and 3M [™] FSK Facing Tape 3320 3M Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division |
|---|---|
| ADDRESS: | |
| | St. Paul, MN 55144-1000 |
| EM | ERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours) |
| Issue Date: | 03/14/11 |
| Supercedes Date: | Initial Issue |
| Document Group: | 29-4717-4 |
| roduct Use: Specific Use: Intended Use: | Sealing and Protection Industrial use |

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

Ingredient

Pro

Cloth/Aluminum Foil Backing Adhesive C.A.S. No. None Trade Secret <u>% by Wt</u> 51 - 99 1 - 49

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: silver colored cloth reinforced aluminum foil tapes with pressure sensitive adhesive General Physical Form: Solid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: The environmental properties of this product present a low environmental hazard. This product, when used under reasonable conditions and in accordance with the 3M directions for use, should not present a health hazard. However, use or processing of the product in a manner not in accordance with the product's directions for use may affect the performance of the product and may present potential health and safety hazards.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: No health effects are expected.

Skin Contact: No health effects are expected.

Inhalation: No health effects are expected.

Ingestion: No health effects are expected.

3.3 POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Not determined.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: No need for first aid is anticipated.

Skin Contact: No need for first aid is anticipated.

Inhalation: No need for first aid is anticipated.

If Swallowed: No need for first aid is anticipated.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

| Autoignition temperature | Not Applicable |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Flash Point | Not Applicable |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | Not Applicable |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | Not Applicable |

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards are anticipated.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Not applicable.

6.2. Environmental precautions Not applicable.

Clean-up methods Not applicable.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING

This product is considered to be an article which does not release or otherwise result in exposure to a hazardous chemical under normal use conditions.

7.2 STORAGE

Not applicable.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Not applicable.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact.

8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Under normal use conditions, airborne exposures are not expected to be significant enough to require respiratory protection.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Not applicable.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

None Established

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor, Color, Grade:

General Physical Form: Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Boiling Point Density Vapor Density

Vapor Pressure

Specific Gravity pH Melting point

Solubility in Water Evaporation rate Volatile Organic Compounds Kow - Oct/Water partition coef Percent volatile VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents Viscosity

silver colored cloth reinforced aluminum foil tapes with pressure sensitive adhesive Solid Not Applicable Nil Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: 10.1 Conditions to avoid None known

10.2 Materials to avoid None known

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition: Under recommended usage conditions, hazardous decomposition products are not expected. Hazardous decomposition products may occur as a result of oxidation, heating, or reaction with another material.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Reclaim if feasible. If product can't be reclaimed, dispose of waste product in a sanitary landfill. Alternatively, incinerate the waste product in an industrial, commercial, or municipal incinerator.

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated per U.S. DOT, IATA or IMO.

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. 3M's transportation classifications are based on product formulation, packaging, 3M policies and 3M's understanding of applicable current regulations. 3M does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and <u>not</u> the packaging, labeling, or marking requirements. The original 3M package is certified for U.S. ground shipment only. If you are shipping by air or ocean, the package may not meet applicable regulatory requirements.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No

STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

This product is an article as defined by TSCA regulations, and is exempt from TSCA Inventory listing requirements.

Contact 3M for more information.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are

presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

No revision information is available.

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

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3M MSDSs are available at www.3M.com

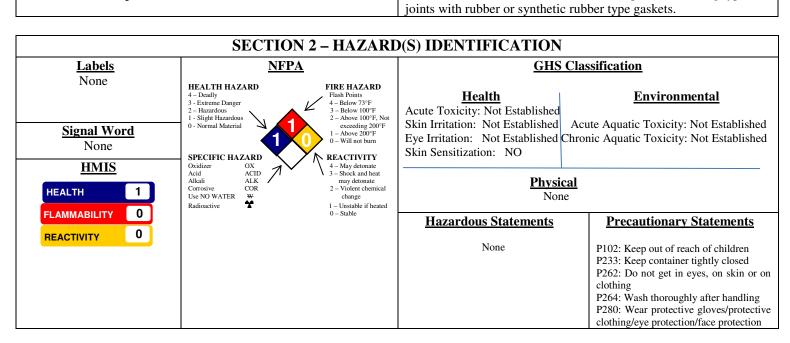


BLACK SWAN MFG. CO.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET



| Manufacturer: | For any Transportation or Medical Chemical Emergencies call: |
|---|--|
| Black Swan Mfg. Co. 4540 W. Thomas St. Chicago, IL 60651-3318 Tel.: 800-252-5796 Fax: 773-227-3705 Web Site : <u>www.blackswanmfg.com</u> E-mail : <u>info@blackswanmfg.com</u> | INFOTRAC (800) 535-5053 OR (352) 323-3500 24 hours per day - 7 days a week |
| Product Name: Pipe-Lube | Recommended Use: For lubrication of slip-on or "O" ring type |



| EINECS# | | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | REACH | Approx % |
| 15-181-3 | <u>Pre-registration Number</u> N/A | 5-15% |
| N/A | N/A | 30-60% |
| 65-156-6 | N/A | 15-25% |
| N/A | N/A | 3-7% |
| | N/A | N/A N/A |

*Unlisted ingredients are not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Not expected to be a normal route of exposure.

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs get medical advice/attention.

Eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open. Consult a physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, immediately call a poison center or physician. Rinse mouth. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard: None.

Combustion Products: None.

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water, Foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

Protective Equipment: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus & protective clothing.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Evacuate enclosed areas, stay upwind. Closed or confined quarters require self-contained breathing apparatus, positive pressure hose masks or airline masks.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate shoes to avoid slips.

Protective Equipment: None.

Emergency Procedures: None.

Environmental Precautions: This is a biodegradable soap. Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Scrape up or use absorbing material to pick up. Place in a clean, dry, leak proof container.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area.

Storage Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers may contain residue; treat as if full and observe all product precautions. Do not reuse empty containers. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

This product is not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

Engineering Controls: A source of running water to flush or wash the eyes and skin in case of contact. Use local exhaust as needed. Ventilation: None needed.

Personal Protective Equipment - Respiratory: None. Skin: Rubber gloves. Eyes: Glasses recommended.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES >250°F (121°C)

Appearance: Odor: pH: Melting Point: Freezing Point: Boiling Point:

Flash Point: Specific Gravity: Solubility (H2O): **Evaporation Rate**: Vapor Density: VOC:

>1.0 Insoluble Not Established Not Established 50 g/l

Vapor Pressure: Flammability: Flammability Limits:

Negligible Not Established LEL - Not Established UEL - Not Established

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur.

Not Established

Amber

<32°F

>220°F

11

Odorless

Conditions to avoid: Reactive alloys like aluminum, brass, bronze.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal oxidative decomposition can produce oxides of Carbon and Nitrogen.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

This product is not classified as hazardous according to OSHA 1910.1200.

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin Contact and Eye Contact.

Symptoms and Effect – Inhalation: Not a likely route of entry. Skin Contact: Slight skin irritant if allowed to remain in contact. Eye Contact: Slight eye irritant. Ingestion: Not a likely route of entry.

Long-Term Effect: None known.

Pre-Existing Conditions: None known.

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: None known.
Persistance & Degradability: None known.
Bioaccumulative Potential: None known.
Mobility in soil: In normal use, emission of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of 50 g/l.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Dispose of product or container in accordance with federal, state or local regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

D.O.T. (U.S.): Not Regulated.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Precautionary Label Information: None. **Risk Phrases:** None. **Safety Phrases: S2-**Keep out of reach of children.

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. Black Swan Mfg. Co. urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents and contractors of the information on the sheets. DATE: 01/01/2015







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Product #: 323821

Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Synonyms Water-based Adhesive

Chemical Family Adhesive **Product Use** Water based Adhesive

Restrictions on Use For industrial use only.

Manufacturer Information

Carlisle HVAC Products 900 Hensley Lane Wylie, TX 75098 www.carlislehvac.com

Medical Emergency: CHEMTREC (USA): (800) 424-9300

MSDS Assistance – 972-442-6545 Technical Assistance – 888-229-2199 Customer Service – 888-229-0199

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1 (respiratory system, body, central nervous system, systemic toxicity, eyes) Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1 (kidneys, respiratory system, eyes, central nervous system)







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

GHS Label Elements

Symbol(s)



Signal Word Warning Irritant by inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and eye contact.

Hazard Statement(s)

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Causes skin irritation Causes eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lens, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Potential Health Effects

Principal Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, skin absorption, eye contact

Acute Effects

Eyes

Contact with eyes may cause irritation. Direct contact with liquid or vapors may cause stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and eye damage.

Skin

May cause skin irritation and /or dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated contact or exposure to vapors may cause redness, burning, and drying and cracking of the skin.

Inhalation

Breathing high concentrations of vapors may cause irritation of the nose and throat or signs of nervous system depression (i.e. – headache, nausea, drowsiness, dizziness, vomiting, loss of coordination and fatigue).

Product #: 323821







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Product #: 323821

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation of the digestive tract, nausea, vomiting, and signs of nervous system depression.

Chronic Effects

Avoid repeated exposure. May cause blood damage. Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CAS | Component Name | Percent |
|----------|---------------------------|---------|
| 75-09-2 | Dichloromethane | 50-75 |
| 811-97-2 | 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE | 12-25 |
| 124-38-9 | CARBON DIOXIDE | 5-15 |
| 115-10-6 | DIMETHYL ETHER | 1-7 |

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and get immediate medical attention.

Skin

Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Eyes

Flush with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids apart for thorough irrigation. If irritation persists, get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed, get medical attention. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration.







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Note to Physicians

Treat symptomatically

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam. Water may be helpful in keeping adjacent containers cool; avoid spreading the liquid with water used for cooling. Water-based sprinkler systems may help contain larger fires.

Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat. May produce toxic fumes if burning.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against possible exposure.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Remove all sources of ignition.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from extremes of heat or cold. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Product #: 323821





Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Product #: 323821

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

| Dichloromethane | 75-09-2 |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| ACGIH TLV: | 50 |
| OSHA PEL: | 25 |
| 1,1,1,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE | 811-97-2 |
| ACGIH TLV: | 1000 |
| OSHA PEL: | Not Established |
| | |
| CARBON DIOXIDE | 124-38-9 |
| ACGIH TLV: | 30000 |
| OSHA PEL: | 5000 |
| | |
| DIMETHYL ETHER | 115-10-6 |
| OSHA PEL: | Not Established |
| ACGIH TLV: | 1000 |
| - | |

Engineering Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses or safety goggles, or full faceshield.







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Skin Protection

Protective gloves and impervious clothing.

Respiratory Protection

In operations where exposure limits are exceeded, use a NIOSH approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions.

Hygiene Practices

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance | Not available | рН | Not available |
|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Odor | Not available | Boiling Point | -320.00°F [-196°C] |
| Odor Threshold | Not available | Evaporation Rate | Faster than nBuAc |
| Autoignition | Not data | Flammability (solid, gas) | Not data |
| Bulk Density (lb/gal) | 9.48 | Flash Point | Not available |
| Vapor Density (air=1) | Heavier than air | Decomposition | Not data |
| Water Solubility | Insoluble | Vapor Pressure | Not available |
| Viscosity | Not available | Specific Gravity (water=1) | 1.138 |
| VOC | ~65 g/L (water excluded) ~23 g/L | Non-Volatile (wt%) | 20.20 |

Other Information

No additional information available.

Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal conditions of use.

Product #: 323821







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Product #: 323821

Conditions to Avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces, static electricity and sources of ignition. Avoid extremes of heat or cold.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, and other unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion.

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure Inhalation, skin absorption, eye contact

innaration, skin absorption, eye contac

Acute and Chronic Toxicity No data

Irritation/Corrosivity Data No data

Sensitization No data

Corrosivity No data

Component Carcinogenicity

| Dichloromethane | Trade Secret |
|-----------------|--------------|
| IARC: | Listed |
| NTP: | Not Listed |
| OSHA: | Listed |

Mutagenicity

No data

Reproductive Toxicity No data

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No data

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure No data







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Aspiration hazard

No data

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity

Acute and prolonged Toxicity to Fish: No data Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: No data Environmental Fate and Pathways: No data

Persistence and Degradability No data.

Bioaccumulative Potential No data

Mobility in soil No data

Other adverse effects No data

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit, and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Information:
Proper shipping name: CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, N.O.S. (1,1,1,2 TETRAFLUOROETHANE, NITROGEN)
Hazard Class: 2.2
UN#: UN3500
ICAO/IATA: Contact the preparer for further information.
IMDG/MO Information: Contact the preparer for further information.

Product #: 323821







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

Product #: 323821

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US TSCA: Yes – All components are listed or exempt

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA Section 313 : Section 313 OF Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). If listed below, this product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

| Chemical Designation | Cas No. | % Weight |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|
| Dichloromethane | 75-09-2 | 50-75 |

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPS) (see 40 CFR 61)

| Chemical Designation | Cas No. | % Weight |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|
| Dichloromethane | 75-09-2 | 50-75 |

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm:

| Chemical Designation | Cas No. |
|----------------------|----------|
| Dichloromethane | 75-09-2 |
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 |

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Ratings

Health: 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0 B Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Summary of Changes

New SDS: May 21, 2015

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU - Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability







Material Name: Travel-Tack Non-Flam

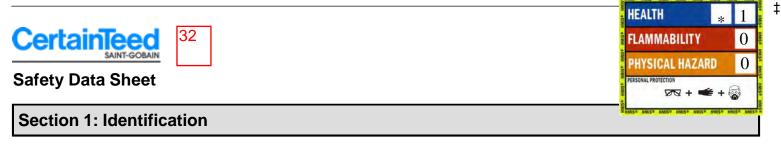
Product #: 323821

Act; CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD -Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA -Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH -Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH- Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US - United States.

Other Information

Disclaimer:

The information contained herein is based upon data and information available to us, and reflects our best professional judgment. This product may be formulated in part with components purchased from other companies. In many instances, especially when proprietary or trade secret materials are used, CCWI Company must rely upon the hazard evaluation of such components submitted by that product's manufacturer or importer. No warranty of merchantability, fitness for any use, or any other warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of such data or information. The results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use does not infringe any patent, since the information contained herein may be applied under conditions of use beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar, we do not assume responsibility for the results of such application. This information is furnished upon the condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular use.



| Product identifier | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Product Name | OEM/Mechanical - CT10101-5 | | | |
| Synonyms | Commercial Blanket Insulation; HT Blanket; CertaPro[™] Board; Crimp Wrap[™]; Insulation for Flex Duct; Metal Building Insulation 202-96; Canadian Metal Building Insulation; Soft Touch[™] Duct Wrap; Quickwrap Ductwrap; Marine Ductwrap; ToughGard® Duct Board; ToughGard® BMC Liner Board; ToughGard® R Duct Liner (1/2"); ToughGard® Rigid Liner Board; ToughGard® T Duct Liner; Ultra* Duct[™] Black Duct Board; ToughGard® Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner; Universal Blanket | | | |
| | • 30-36-045 | | | |
| Relevant identified uses of | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | | |
| Recommended use | Acoustical & Thermal Insulation | | | |
| Details of the supplier of the supplier of the supplier of the supplication of the sup | the safety data sheet | | | |
| Manufacturer | CertainTeed Corporation | | | |
| Telephone (General) | P.O. Box 860 Valley Forge, PA 19482-0101 United States www.certainteed.com CertainTeed - EHS@saint-gobain.com | | | |
| , | (610) 341-7000 - 9 AM – 5 PM (Eastern Time – USA) | | | |
| Telephone (Technical) | • (010) 341-7000 - 9 AW = 5 FW (Eastern Time = 03A) | | | |
| Telephone (General) | • (800) 274-8530 - Main Number | | | |
| Emergency telephone number | | | | |
| Manufacturer | • 800-527-3887 | | | |
| Manufacturer | • (800) 424-9300 - Chemtrec | | | |
| Manufacturer | (703) 527-3887 - Outside of the U.S. Chemtrec | | | |

Key to abbreviations

‡ = HMIS is a registered trademark of the American Coatings Association

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (US) According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012

• Carcinogenicity 2 - H351

Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012 WARNING WARNING WARNING Hazard statements - Suspected of causing cancer. - H351 Precautionary statements Prevention - Obtain special instructions before use. - P201 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. - P202 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. - P280 Response - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. - P308+P313 Storage/Disposal - Store locked up. - P405 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. - P501 Other hazards OSHA HCS 2012 Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1900.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard) this product is considered Hazardous.

Canada

According to WHMIS

Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

• Other Toxic Effects - D2A

Label elements

WHMIS



• Other Toxic Effects - D2A

Other hazards WHMIS

• In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered Hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

• Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

| Hazardous Components | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|--|---------------------|
| Chemical Name | Identifiers | %(weight) | LD50/LC50 | Classifications According to Regulation/Directive | Comments |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | CAS: 65997- 17-3 | 60% TO 93% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "a" |

| L | | | 1 | | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|---|---|---------------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | CAS: 25104- 55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 7 g/kg | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "b" |
| Cured polymer adhesive | NDA | 1% TO 5% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Not Hazardous | See footnote "c" |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | NDA | 0% TO 5% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >25 g/kg | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "d" |
| Acrylic-based polymer | NDA | 0% TO 5% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "e" |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | CAS: 1309- 64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >34 g/kg | OSHA HCS 2012: Carc 2; Eye Irrit 2B | See footnote "f" |
| Latex textile rubber polymer | NDA | 0% TO 5% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "g" |
| Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | NDA | 0% TO 5% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "h" |
| Phenolic resin binder (cured) | NDA | < 25% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "i" |
| Hydrocarbon polymer | NDA | < 2% | NDA | OSHA HCS 2012: Data Lacking | See footnote "j" |
| Carbon Black | CAS: 1333- 86-4 | < 0.04% | Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >15400 mg/kg | OSHA HCS 2012: Workplace exposure limit | See footnote "k" |

Key to abbreviations

Contained in: Commercial Blanket Insulation; HT Blanket; CertaPro™ Board (Plain,FSK, ASJ, PSK); Crimp Wrap™ (ASJ, Foil Scrim); Insulation for Flex Duct; Metal Building Insulation 202-96;

a = Canadian Metal Building Insulation; Soft Touch™ Duct Wrap (Plain, FSK, PSK); Quickwrap a = Ductwrap; Marine Ductwrap; ToughGard® Rigid Liner Board; ToughGard® R Duct Liner (1/2"); Universal Blanket (Plain, FSK); ToughGard® Duct Board; ToughGard® T Duct Liner; ToughGard® Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner; ToughGard® BMC Liner Board Contained in: Commercial Blanket Insulation; HT Blanket; CertaPro™ Board (Plain,FSK, ASJ, PSK);

Contained in: Commercial Blanket Insulation; HT Blanket; CertaPro™ Board (Plain,FSK, ASJ, PSK); Crimp Wrap™ (ASJ, Foil Scrim); Insulation for Flex Duct; Metal Building Insulation 202-96; Canadian Metal Building Insulation; Soft Touch™ Duct Wrap (Plain, FSK, PSK); Quickwrap

 b = Ductwrap; Marine Ductwrap; ToughGard® Rigid Liner Board; ToughGard® R Duct Liner (1/2"); Universal Blanket (Plain, FSK); ToughGard® Duct Board; ToughGard® T Duct Liner; ToughGard® Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner; ToughGard® BMC Liner Board

c = Contained in: ToughGard® BMC Liner Board

d ⁼ Contained in: CertaPro™ Board(FSK, ASJ, PSK); ToughGard® Duct Board; ToughGard® d ⁼ Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner

e = Contained in: ToughGard® R Duct Liner (1/2")

Contained in: CertaPro[™] Board (FSK, ASJ, PSK); Crimp Wrap[™] (ASJ); Soft Touch[™] Duct Wrap (FSK, PSK); Quickwrap Ductwrap (FSK); Marine Ductwrap (FSK); ToughGard Rigid Liner Board with

f = Enhanced Surface; ToughGard® Rigid Liner Board; ToughGard® R Duct Liner (1/2"); Universal Blanket (FSK); ToughGard® Duct Board; ToughGard® T Duct Liner; ToughGard® Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

| Inhalation | • | Remove to fresh air immediately and notify medical personnel and supervisor. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. |
|------------|---|--|
| Skin | • | After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention . |

• Do not rub or scratch your eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at

Eye

Contained in: ToughGard® T Duct g = Liner

Contained in: CertaPro™ Board (ASJ); Crimp Wrap (ASJ); h = ToughGard® Duct Board;

- ToughGard® T Duct Liner; ToughGard® Ultra*Round Spiral Duct Liner
- i = Contained in: ToughGard® T
- j = Contained in: ToughGard® BMC Liner Board
- k = Contained in: ToughGard® BMC Liner Board

least 15 minutes and notify medical personnel and supervisor. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Consult a physician if unusual reaction is noted. Product is not intended nor is it likely • to be ingested or eaten.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

• All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

| Extinguishing media Suitable Extinguishing Media | a • Use any media suitable for the surrounding fires. |
|--|--|
| Unsuitable Extinguishing Media | None known. |
| Special hazards arising | from the substance or mixture |
| Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards | • Does not support combustion. These products contain a cured binder and various facings which contain retardant systems to reduce the possibility of fire. Use of plasma or other type of cutting tool may cause the release of toxic fumes and smoke. Facings on these products may burn. Do not leave facing exposed when working close to an open flame. If burned, the materials could release toxic fumes. |
| Hazardous Combustion Products | • Does not support combustion. If burned, the materials could release toxic fumes and smoke. Combustion products may include oxides of carbon, sulfur and other potentially volatile organic compounds, oxides of arsenic, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen chloride, antimony, bromide gas, hydrogen bromide, formaldehyde, and trace hydrogen cyanide. |
| Advice for firefighters | |
| | Fire fighters should avoid inhaling any combustion products. Fire fighters should wear full-face, self contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing. |

| Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | | | | |
| Personal Precautions | Avoid contact with skin and eyes during clean-up. Take proper precautions to minimize exposure by using appropriate personal protective equipment. | | | |
| Emergency Procedures | Persons not wearing appropriate protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Ventilate the contaminated area. | | | |
| Environmental precautions | | | | |
| | Avoid run off to waterways and sewers. | | | |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | | | | |
| Containment/Clean-up • Containment of this material should not be necessary. Remove sources of ignition. | | | | |

nition. Collect dust or particulates using a vacuum cleaner with a HEPA filter. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Measures

Precautions for safe handling

Handling

• Do not breathe dust from this material. Keep this product from heat, sparks, or open flame. Use this product with adequate ventilation. Always wash work clothes separately from other clothing. Wipe out the washer or sink to prevent loose glass fibers from getting on other clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use personal protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Store in a dry place and under cover to protect product.
- Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources
- Hydrofluoric acid.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters

| | | | Exposure Limits | /Guidelines | | |
|---|--------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Result | ACGIH | Canada British Columbia | Canada Manitoba | Canada New Brunswick | Canada Northwest Territories |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony | TWAs | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds | production, exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (production, handling and use, as Sb) |
| compounds | STELs | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | 1.5 mg/m3 STEL (production, handling and use, as Sb) |
| Carbon Black (1333-86-4) | TWAs | 3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction) | 3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable) | 3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction) | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA |
| (1333-60-4) | STELs | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established | 7 mg/m3 STEL |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | TWAs | 1 fiber/cm3 TWA (respirable fibers: length >5 µm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification [4-mm objective], using phase-contrast illumination, listed under Synthetic vitreous fibers) as Glass wool fiber | 1 fibre/cm3 TWA (fibres >5 μm, with an aspect ratio of >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400- 450 times magnification (4 mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination, listed under Synthetic vitreous fibres) as Glass wool fiber | 1 fiber/cm3 TWA (respirable fibers: length >5 µm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification [4-mm objective], using phase-contrast illumination, listed under Synthetic vitreous fibers) as Glass wool fiber | 1 fibre/cm3 TWA (fibres >5 μm with a diameter <3 μm, aspect ratio >5:1) as Glass wool fiber | 3 fibre/cm3 TWA (with a diameter <=3.5 μm and a length >=10 μm); 5 mg/m3 TWA (total mass) as Glass wool fiber |
| | | | posure Limits/Gu | | | |
| | Result | Canada Nova Scotia | Canada Nunavut | Canada Ontario | Canada Quebec | Canada Yukon |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as | TWAs | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (production, handling and use, as Sb) | exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible | 0.5 mg/m3 TWAEV (as Sb) | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds |
| Antimony compounds | | | 1.5 mg/m3 STEL | | | 0.75 mg/m3 STEL (as Sb) |

| | STELs | Not establis | ned | (production, handling and use, as Sb) | Not established | Not establis | shed | as Antimony compounds |
|---|-------|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|
| Carbon Black | TWAs | 3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction) | | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 TWAEV | | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA |
| (1333-86-4) | STELs | Not establish | ned | 7 mg/m3 STEL | Not established | Not establis | shed | 7 mg/m3 STEL |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | TWAs | 1 fiber/cm3 TWA (respirable fibers: length >5 µm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X | | 3 fibre/cm3 TWA (with a diameter <=3.5 μm and a length >=10 μm); 5 mg/m3 TWA (total mass) as Glass wool fiber | 1 fibre/cm3 TWA (length >5 µm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450 times magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination, respirable, listed under Synthetic Vitreous Fibres (Man Made Mineral Fibres)) as Glass wool fiber | 1 fibre/cm3 (respirable under Fibre Artificial vit mineral fibr as Glass w | , listed es - reous res) | 30 mppcf TWA; 10 mg/m3 TWA (respirable mass) <i>as Glass wool fiber</i> |
| 2 | | | E | l (neguro Limito/Cu | | | | |
| | | Result | h | <mark>(posure Limits/Gu</mark> lexico | NIOSH | | | SHA |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | TWAs | 0.5 mg/m PPT (han as Sb); 1 | 3 TWA LMPE- dling and use, mg/m3 TWA T (production) | 0.5 mg/m3 TWA (as Sb) as Antimony compounds | | 0.5 mg/m3 Sb) as Antimo compound | 3 TWA (as |
| | | STELs | 7 mg/m3 \$ CT] | STEL [LMPE- | Not established | | Not establ | lished |
| Carbon Black (1333-86-4) | | TWAs | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA LMPE- PPT | | 3.5 mg/m3 TWA; 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, as PAH) | | 3.5 mg/m3 | 3 TWA |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | | TWAs | Not established | | 3 fiber/cm3 TWA (fibers <= 3.5 μm in diameter and >= 10 μ in length); 5 mg/m3 TWA (total) as Glass wool fiber | m | Not establ | ished |

| Measures/Controls | Use general ventilation and use local exhaust, where possible, in confined or enclosed spaces. Avoid spread of fiber glass dust. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Personal Protective Equipment | t |
| Respiratory | • A properly fitted NIOSH approved N 95 series disposable dust respirator such as a 3M Brand #8210, #8511, #8233 or equivalent, in high humidity environments should be used when: high dust levels are encountered; the level of glass fibers in the air exceeds the occupational exposure limits; or if irritation occurs. |
| Eye/Face | Safety glasses with side shields should be worn at a minimum. In dusty environments chemical goggles should be worn. |
| Skin/Body | • Work clothing sufficient to prevent all skin contact should be worn, such as coveralls, |
| | |

| | long sleeves and cap. | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| General Industrial Hygiene Considerations | | e practices in handling this material. Availability of eye ended. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after drinking, or using tobacco. | | |
| Environmental Exposure Controls | engineered to prevent release | Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. | | |
| Key to abbreviations | | | | |
| STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits an | e based on 15-minute exposures | ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene | | |
| TWAEV = Time-Weighted Average Expo | | NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health | | |
| TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are level exposures | based on 8h/day, 40h/week | OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration | | |
| | | | | |

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

| Material Description | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Physical Form | Solid | Appearance/Description | Yellow solid with a faint resin odor. |
| Color | Yellow or black. | Odor | Faint resin odor. |
| Odor Threshold | Data lacking | | |
| General Properties | | | |
| Boiling Point | > 2550 F(> 1398.8889 C) | Melting Point | 2550 F(1398.8889 C) |
| Decomposition Temperature | Data lacking | рН | Data lacking |
| Bulk Density | 8 lb(s)/ft ³ | Water Solubility | Slightly Soluble |
| Viscosity | Data lacking | | |
| Volatility | - | | |
| Vapor Pressure | Data lacking | Vapor Density | Data lacking |
| Evaporation Rate | Data lacking | | |
| Flammability | - | | |
| Flash Point | Not relevant | UEL | Not relevant |
| LEL | Not relevant | Autoignition | Not relevant |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not flammable. | | |
| Environmental | | | |
| Octanol/Water Partition coefficient | Data lacking | | |

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

• No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

• Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

Conditions to avoid

• Keep away from heat, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

• Hydrofluoric acid.

Hazardous decomposition products

• Hazardous decomposition products may include oxides of carbon, sulfur and other potentially volatile organic compounds, oxides of arsenic, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen chloride, antimony, bromide gas, hydrogen bromide, formaldehyde, and trace hydrogen cyanide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

| Component Name | | | Data | |
|---|-------------|--|---|--|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea (10% TO 30%) | | 25104-55-6 | Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 7 g/kg | |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer (0% TO 5%) | | 9003-20-7 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>25 gm/kg | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) (0% TO 5%) | | 1309-64-4 | Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>34 gm/kg; Irritation: eye-rbt 100 mg MLD | |
| GHS Properties | Classificat | tion | | |
| Acute toxicity | OSHA HCS | 5 2012 • Classi | fication criteria not met | |
| Aspiration Hazard | OSHA HCS | 5 2012 • Classi | fication criteria not met | |
| Carcinogenicity | OSHA HCS | A HCS 2012 • Carcinogenicity 2 | | |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | OSHA HCS | DSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | OSHA HCS | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| Serious eye damage/Irritation | OSHA HCS | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| Skin corrosion/Irritation | OSHA HCS | DSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| Skin sensitization | OSHA HCS | S 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| STOT-RE OSHA HCS | | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | |
| STOT-SE OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met | | | fication criteria not met | |
| Toxicity for Reproduction | OSHA HCS | 5 2012 • Classi | fication criteria not met | |

Route(s) of entry/exposure

Medical Conditions

Inhalation, Skin, Eye, and Ingestion

 Pre-existing conditions which may be aggravated by mechanical irritants upon inhalation or skin contact.

Use of these products has not been shown to cause cancer in humans. Fiber glass

wool is a possible cancer hazard. Fiber glass wool has caused cancer in animals but

Aggravated by Exposure Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

Eye

Acute (Immediate) Chronic (Delayed)

• Temporary irritation or redness may occur.

Temporary irritation of nose and throat may occur.

has not produced cancer by inhalation in humans.

Temporary irritation of the skin may occur in some individuals.

No data available.

No data available.

| Ingestion | |
|----------------------|--|
| Acute (Immediate) | Ingestion of this product unlikely. |
| Chronic (Delayed) | No data available |
| Carcinogenic Effects | • This product contains antimony trioxide which may cause cancer based on sufficient animal data. This product contains glass wool insulation fibers. Following a thorough review of all the medical-scientific data available at a meeting in October 2001, the IARC panel lowered the classification for glass wool insulation fibers from a Group 2B classification ("possibly carcinogenic to humans") to a Group 3 classification ("not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"). According to IARC, there is "no evidence of increased risks of lung cancer or of mesothelioma from occupational exposures during manufacturing of these materials, and inadequate evidence overall of any cancer risk." U.S., California and international authorities have all agreed that biosoluble and inhalable glass fibers should not be labeled as a possible cancer hazard. The U.S. National Toxicology Program ("NTP") and the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment ("OEHHA") actions mean that a cancer warning label for biosoluble fiber glass is no longer required under Federal or California |

| Carcinogenic Effects | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------------------------|---|--|
| | CAS | IARC | NTP | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen | Not established | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | NDA | Group 3-Not Classifiable | Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen | |

Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose MLD = Mild

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Law.

Toxicity

 Binder-coated fiber glass is hydrophobic, therefore, no adverse environmental effects would be expected if this product were accidentally released in the water or soil. No harm to fish or wildlife would be caused by this product.

Persistence and degradability

• No information available for the product.

Bioaccumulative potential

• No information available for the product.

Mobility in Soil

• No information available for the product.

Other adverse effects

Potential Environmental No Effects

No environmental effects expected.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

 Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

| | 14.1 UN number | 14.2 UN proper shipping name | 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 14.4 Packing group | 14.5 Environmental hazards |
|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| DOT | NDA | Not Regulated | NDA | NDA | NDA |
| TDG | NDA | Not Regulated | NDA | NDA | NDA |
| IATA/ICAO | NDA | Not Regulated | NDA | NDA | NDA |

Special precautions for user • None known.

Transport in bulk according • Not relevant. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture SARA Hazard Classifications • Chronic

| | State Right To Know | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Component | CAS | MA | NJ | PA | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | Yes | No | Yes | |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | No | No | No | |
| Cured polymer adhesive | NDA | No | No | No | |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | No | No | No | |
| Acrylic-based polymer | NDA | No | No | No | |
| Antimony oxide | 1309-64-4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | |
| (Sb2O3) | 1309-04-4 | Tes | Yes | Yes | |
| Latex textile rubber polymer | NDA | No | No | No | |
| Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyloxycarbonyl -1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | No | No | No | |
| Phenolic resin binder (cured) | NDA | No | No | No | |
| Hydrocarbon polymer | NDA | No | No | No | |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | Yes | Yes | Yes | |

| | Inventory | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-------------|------|--|--|
| Component | CAS | Canada DSL | Canada NDSL | TSCA | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Cured polymer adhesive | NDA | No | No | No | | |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Acrylic-based polymer | NDA | No | No | No | | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Latex textile rubber polymer | NDA | No | No | No | | |
| Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyloxycarbonyl -1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | Yes | No | Yes | | |
| Phenolic resin binder (cured) | NDA | No | No | No | | |
| Hydrocarbon polymer | NDA | No | No | No | | |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | Yes | No | Yes | | |

Canada

| abor Canada - WHMIS - Classification | s of Substan | ces | |
|---|--------------|------------|--|
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (listed under Glass wool); D2A (listed under Mineral wool fiber) |
| Phenol, polymer with ormaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4- ohenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | D2A (In certain cases, this classification does not apply. For more information, consult the section Substance Specific Issues - Carbon Black non-respirable on Health Canada's WHMIS Division website.) |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | D2A |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25104-55-6 25038-59-9 | 60% TO 93% 10% TO 30% 0% TO 5% | Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 1309-64-4 | < 0.04% 0% TO 5% | 1 % |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | 1 % |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxidesAcetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% | Not Listed Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Environment⁻

| Canada - 2004 NPRI | (National Pollutar | nt Release Invento | rv) |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|
| | | | |

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Part 1, Group 1 Substance |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - 2005 NPRI (National Pollutant Release Inventory)

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Part 1, Group 1 Substance |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - CEPA - Greenhouse Gases Subject to Mandatory Reporting

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada British Columbia

Environment

Canada - British Columbia - Ozone Depleting Substances

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) Carbon Black Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 25104-55-6 25038-59-9 1333-86-4 1309-64-4 9003-20-7 | 60% TO 93% 10% TO 30% 0% TO 5% < 0.04% 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% | |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymerGlass, oxide, chemicals | 9003-20-7 65997-17-3 | 0% TO 5% 60% TO 93% | Not Listed Not Listed |
| | | | |

Canada Manitoba

| | | | | | | | | _ |
|---|----|----|----|----|---|----|----|---|
| Ľ | :n | VI | ro | nı | m | eı | nt | |

| Canada - Manitoba - Ozone Depleting Substances and Of | ther Halocarl | bons - Class 1 | |
|--|---------------|----------------|------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Canada - Manitoba - Ozone Depleting Substances and Ot | her Halocarh | ons - Class 2 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |

| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada Nova Scotia

Environment⁻

| Canada - Nova Scotia - Ozone Layer Protection Regulation | ns | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| | | | |

Canada Ontario

Environment

Canada - Ontario - Airborne Contaminant Reporting - Table 2A

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - Ontario - Airborne Contaminant Reporting - Table 2B

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - Ontario - Ozone Depleting Substances and Other Halocarbons - Class 1 Substances

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - Ontario - Ozone Depleting Substances and Other Halocarbons - Class 2 Substances

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Canada - Ontario - Ozone Depleting Substances and Other Halocarbons - Halocarbons

| 60% TO 93% Not Listed |
|-------------------------|
| 6 10% TO 30% Not Listed |
| 9 0% TO 5% Not Listed |
| < 0.04% Not Listed |
| 0% TO 5% Not Listed |
| 0% TO 5% Not Listed |
| 0% TO 5% Not Listed |
| 0% TO 5% Not Listed |
| 3 60% TO 93% Not Listed |
| 1 |

Canada Yukon

| Environment Canada - Yukon - Ozone Depleting Substances and Othe | r Halocarbor | IS | |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|
| | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |

• Glass, oxide, chemicals

Mexico

| Other Mexico - Hazard Classifications | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| · Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Mexico - Regulated Substances | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

United States

I ahar-

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed | |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed | |
| J.S OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals | | | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed | |

| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

Environment U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

| • Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | | (including mineral fiber emissions from facilities manufacturing or processing glass, rock, or slag fibers [or other mineral derived fibers] of average diameter 1 μm or less) |
|---|------------|------------|---|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2- ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | (including any unique chemical substance that contains Antimony as part of its infrastructure) |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |

| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|---|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | 1.0 % de minimis concentration (Chemical Category N010) |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |

| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony | / oxides |
|------------------------------------|----------|
|------------------------------------|----------|

- · Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer
- Glass, oxide, chemicals

| | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

United States - California

| United States - Camornia | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|---|
| Environment U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinoger | ıs List | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber Dependence with formeldebude and uses | 25104 55 6 | | carcinogen, initial date 7/1/90 (inhalable and biopersistent) |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4- phenylenecarbonyl) | 25104-55-6 25038-59-9 | | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | carcinogen, initial date 2/21/03 (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | carcinogen, initial date 10/1/90 |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| • Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) Carbon Black Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | 1333-86-4 1309-64-4 | 60% TO 93% 10% TO 30% 0% TO 5% < 0.04% 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% | Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed Not Listed |
|---|------------------------|---|--|
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxidesAcetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% | Not Listed Not Listed |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |

United States - Pennsylvania

∟Labor

| U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List | | | | |
|--|---|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | |
| | Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| | Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| | Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| | Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| | Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | |
| | Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | |
| | Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| | Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| | Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| | | | | |

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

| | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
|------------|---|---|
| 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed |
| 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Not Listed |
| 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed |
| 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed |
| | 25038-59-9 1333-86-4 1309-64-4 9003-20-7 | 25104-55-6 10% TO 30% 25038-59-9 0% TO 5% 1333-86-4 < 0.04% 1309-64-4 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% 0% TO 5% 9003-20-7 0% TO 5% |

United States - Rhode Island

- 1

| Labor U.S Rhode Island - Hazardous Substance List | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| Glass, oxide, chemicals as Glass wool fiber | | 60% TO 93% | Toxic | | |
| Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde and urea | 25104-55-6 | 10% TO 30% | Not Listed | | |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyloxycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonyl) | 25038-59-9 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | | |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | < 0.04% | Toxic | | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) | 1309-64-4 | 0% TO 5% | Toxic | | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony compounds | | 0% TO 5% | Toxic | | |
| Antimony oxide (Sb2O3) as Antimony oxides | | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | | |
| Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer | 9003-20-7 | 0% TO 5% | Not Listed | | |
| Glass, oxide, chemicals | 65997-17-3 | 60% TO 93% | Not Listed | | |
| | | | | | |

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date

- 04/June/2013
- **Preparation Date**
- 26/July/2007
- **Disclaimer/Statement of** Liability
- Reasonable care has been taken in the preparation of this information, but the supplier gives no warranty of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose. Any product purchased is sold on the assumption the purchaser will make his own tests to determine the quality and suitability of the product. Supplier expressly disclaims any and all liability for incidental and/or consequential property damage arising out of the use of this product. No information provided shall be deemed to be a recommendation to use any product in conflict with any existing patent rights. Read the Safety Data Sheet before handling product.

Key to abbreviations NDA = No Data Available



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Print Date: 05-06-2015

CHILDERS CP-10 801796PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

REVISION DATE: 12-12-2014

SUPERSEDES: 10-20-2014

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT: PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: INTENDED USE: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: CHILDERS CP-10 Coating Coating 801796PM

COMPANY INFORMATION

H.B. Fuller Construction Products Inc. 1105 S. Frontenac Street Aurora, IL 60504 Phone: 1-800-552-6225

> Medical Emergency Phone Number (24 Hours): 1-888-853-1758 Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Hazard Symbols:



| GHS Signal Word: GHS Classification: GHS Hazard Phrases: | Warning Carcinogenicity Category 2 Suspected of causing cancer. | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| GHS Hazard Phrases: Suspected of causing cancer. GHS Precautions: | | | |
| Safety Precautions: | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have | | |
| - | been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. | | |
| First Aid Measures: | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. | | |
| Storage: | Store locked up. | | |
| Disposal: | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes. | | |

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS # | PERCENT | Classification | Note |
|--|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| Crystalline silica | 14808-60-7 | 10 - 30 | Carc. 1A; H350 STOT RE 1; H372 | * (see below) |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5 | Carc. 2; H351 | * (see below) |
| 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- pentanediolmonoisobutyrate | 25265-77-4 | 1 - 5 | Aquatic Acute 3; H402 | |
| Attapulgite | 12174-11-7 | 1 - 5 | Carc. 2; H351 | * (see below) |
| Vinyl acetate | 108-05-4 | 0.1 - 1 | Carc. 2; H351 Flam. Liq. 2; H225 | |



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

*This product contains one or more materials that may be hazardous when present as an airborne dust. During normal handling of the product, the material is encapsulated within the product and will not present an exposure risk. Once the product has reached its final state and is abraded or disturbed, dusting and exposure may occur.

Unlisted ingredients are not 'hazardous' per the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and/or are not found on the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System ingredient disclosure list. See Section 8 for exposure limit guidelines.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

IF IN EYES: Use an eye wash to remove a chemical from your eye regardless of the level of hazard. Flush the affected eye for at least twenty minutes. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Seek medical advice after flushing.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms persist.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if symptoms develop. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

| EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: | Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: | |
| | when heated. Water spray may be used to cool the containers. |
| SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: | Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self- contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. |
| HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: | Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide |
| | |

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| SPECIAL PROTECTION: | No adverse health effects expected from the clean-up of spilled material. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this MSDS. |
|-----------------------|--|
| METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP: | Dike if necessary, contain spill with inert absorbent and transfer to containers for disposal. Keep spilled product out of sewers, watersheds, or water systems. Avoid creating dusts. Cover material with absorbent and moisten and collect for disposal. |

Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: No special handling instructions due to toxicity. Avoid breathing material.

Storage:Store in a cool, dry place.Consult the Technical Data Sheet for specific storage instructions.



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CHILDERS CP-10 801796PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Chemical Name | Note | ACGIH EXPOSURE LIMITS | OSHA PEL |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Crystalline silica | * (see below) | 0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) | ((250)/(%SiO2 + 5) mppcf TWA (respirable)); ((10)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m3 TWA (respirable)); ((30)/(%SiO2 + 2) mg/m3 TWA (total dust)) |
| Titanium dioxide | * (see below) | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust) |
| Cellulose | * (see below) | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) |
| Vinyl acetate | | 10 ppm TWA 15 ppm STEL | Not established |

*This product contains one or more materials that may be hazardous when present as an airborne dust. During normal handling of the product, the material is encapsulated within the product and will not present an exposure risk. Once the product has reached its final state and is abraded or disturbed, dusting and exposure may occur.

ENGINEERING CONTROL METHODS:

| VENTILATION: | Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to minimize exposures. |
|-------------------------|--|
| EYE PROTECTION: | Wear safety glasses when handling this product. |
| SKIN PROTECTION: | Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves. |
| GLOVES: | Not normally required. Use nitrile gloves if conditions warrant. |
| RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: | Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms. NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with dust/mist filter. Respirators should be selected by and used following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134). |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| PHYSICAL STATE: | Liquid |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| COLOR: | White |
| ODOR: | Sweet |
| ODOR THRESHOLD: | Not established |
| pH: | Not established |
| FREEZING/MELTING POINT (deg. C): | Not established |
| BOILING POINT (deg. C): | Not established |
| FLASH POINT: | Non flammable |
| EVAPORATION RATE: | Not established |
| FLAMMABILITY: | Not a flammable solid or gas |
| UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% in air): | Not established |
| LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% in air): | Not established |
| VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): | Not established |
| VAPOR DENSITY: | Not established |
| WEIGHT PER GALLON (lbs.): | 11.30 |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY: | 1.370 |
| SOLUBILITY: | Not established |
| | |



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CHILDERS CP-10 801796PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

OCTANOL/WATER COEFFICIENT: AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: **DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:** VISCOSITY: SOLIDS (% by weight):

VOC, weight percent VOC, U.S. EPA Method 24, less water and exempt solvents (theoretically determined)

Not established Not established Not established No data available. 63.8

1.89 45g/liter of material

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Not established CHEMICAL INCOMPATIBILITY: HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicity / Toxicology Data:

| COMPONENT NAME | LD50/LC50 | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| Crystalline silica | ORAL LD50 RAT 500 MG/KG | |
| Aluminum hydroxide | ORAL LD50 RAT > 5,000 MG/KG | |
| Titanium dioxide | ORAL LD50 RAT > 10,000 MG/KG | |
| 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- | ORAL LD50 RAT 3,200 MG/KG | |
| pentanediolmonoisobutyrate | DERMAL LD50 RAT > 15,200.00 MG/KG | |
| Cellulose | INHALATION LC50-4H RAT > 5,800.00 MG/M3 | |

This product is a mixture. Unless noted, the information below is based on components.

Skin corrosion / irritation: Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.

Serious eye damage / irritation :Can cause minor irritation, tearing and reddening.

Respiratory / skin sensitization: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: Contains a material that may cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure: No data available.

Respiratory irritation / Narcotic effects: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure: No data available.

Target organs potentially affected by exposure: Lungs

Aspiration hazard: No data available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Lung disease

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

OVERVIEW:

No ecological information available for this product.



CHILDERS CP-10 801796PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

| MOBILITY: | No data available. |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| PERSISTENCE: | No data available. |
| BIOACCUMULATION: | No data available. |

This product has not been tested for ecological effects. Relevant information for components is listed below:

| Component: | Ecotoxicity values: | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 30 mg/L | |
| pentanediolmonoisobutyrate | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): Not established | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 18.4 mg/L | |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not meet the definition of hazardous waste under the U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261. Solidify and dispose of in an approved landfill. Consult state, local or provincial authorities for more restrictive requirements.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Consult Bill of Lading for transportation information.

| US DOT: | NOT REGULATED |
|---------|---------------|
| IATA: | NOT REGULATED |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

INVENTORY STATUS

| U.S. EPA TSCA: | This product is in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act's | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | Inventory requirements. | |
| CANADIAN CEPA DSL: | The components of this product are included on the DSL or are exempt | |
| | from DSL requirements. | |
| EUROPEAN REACH: | As a result of the introduction of REACH into Europe, this product | |
| | cannot be imported into Europe unless the REACH requirements are | |
| | met. | |
| AUSTRALIA AICS: | This product is in compliance with the Australian Inventory of | |
| | Chemical Substances requirements. | |
| TO 1 1 O 1 1 | | |

If you need more information about the inventory status of this product call 651-236-5858.

This product may contain chemical substances that are regulated for export by various government agencies (such as the Environmental Protection Agency, the Bureau of Industry and Security, or the Drug Enforcement Administration, among others). Before exporting this product from the USA or Canada, we recommend you contact us at reg.request@hbfuller.com to request an export review.

FEDERAL REPORTING

EPA SARA Title III Section 313

Unless listed below, this product does not contain toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR part 372. EPA has advised that when a percentage range is listed the midpoint may be used to fulfill reporting obligations.

| S# % |
|---------|
| 0.1 - 1 |
| |

WHMIS STATUS: Unless listed below, this product is not controlled under the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System. D2A

CHILDERS CP-10 801796PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

STATE REPORTING

Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986:

Unless listed below, this product does not contain known levels of any chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

| Chemical Name/List | | CAS | Percent |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Quartz | (Carcinogen) | 14808-60-7 | 10 - 30 |
| Titanium dioxide | (Carcinogen) | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Acetaldehyde | (Carcinogen) | 75-07-0 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Formaldehyde | (Carcinogen) | 50-00-0 | < 10 ppm |
| Lead | (Carcinogen) | 7439-92-1 | < 10 ppm |
| 1,4-Dioxane | (Carcinogen) | 123-91-1 | < 10 ppm |
| Cadmium | (Carcinogen) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |
| Lead | (Developmental toxin) | 7439-92-1 | < 10 ppm |
| Cadmium | (Developmental toxin) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |
| Methanol | (Developmental toxin) | 67-56-1 | < 10 ppm |
| Lead | (Female reproductive toxin) | 7439-92-1 | < 10 ppm |
| Lead | (Male reproductive toxin) | 7439-92-1 | < 10 ppm |
| Cadmium | (Male reproductive toxin) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |

Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) Content:

Unless listed below, this product does not contain SVHC's. 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated tert-Octylphenol, ethoxylated

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

SDS VERSION DATE: 12-12-2014

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared to comply with the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

HMIS RATING: HEALTH -- 0 FLAMMABILITY -- 0 REACTIVITY -- 0 See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for personal protective equipment recommendations.

Prepared by: The Global Regulatory Department Phone: 651-236-5842

The information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate. Because some of the information is derived from information provided to H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. from its suppliers, and because H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. has no control over the conditions of handling and use, H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. The information is supplied solely for your information and consideration, and H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for use or reliance thereon. It is the responsibility of the user of H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. products to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.



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CHILDERS CP-30 LO 801811PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

REVISION DATE: 03-20-2015

10-21-2014 SUPERSEDES:

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT: PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: **INTENDED USE: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:**

CHILDERS CP-30 LO Coating Coating 801811PM

COMPANY INFORMATION

H.B. Fuller Construction Products Inc. 1105 S. Frontenac Street Aurora, IL 60504 Phone: 1-800-552-6225

> Medical Emergency Phone Number (24 Hours): 1-888-853-1758 Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

| GHS Hazard Symbols: | |
|------------------------|---|
| GHS Signal Word: | Warning |
| GHS Classification: | Skin Sensitisation Category 1; Carcinogenicity Category 2; Flammable Liquid Category 3; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Category 3; Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Category 3 |
| GHS Hazard | Flammable liquid and vapour.; May cause an allergic skin reaction.; Suspected of causing |
| Phrases: | cancer.; Harmful to aquatic life.; Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| GHS Precautions: | |
| Safety Precautions: | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| First Aid Measures: | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish. |
| Storage: | Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. |
| Disposal: | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes. |





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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS # | PERCENT | Classification | Note |
|---------------------------|------------|---------|---|---------------|
| Stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | 30 - 50 | Asp. Tox. 1; H304 | Note P |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5 | Carc. 2; H351 | * (see below) |
| Trimethyl benzene | 25551-13-7 | 1 - 5 | Acute Tox. 4; H312 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 | |
| Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- | 95-63-6 | 1 - 5 | Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H335 | |
| Wood rosin | 8050-09-7 | 0.1 - 1 | Skin Sens. 1; H317 | |
| Antimony trioxide | 1309-64-4 | 0.1 - 1 | Aquatic Acute 1; H400 * (see below Carc. 2; H351 | |
| Tri(nonylphenol)phosphite | 26523-78-4 | 0.1 - 1 | Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Skin Sens. 1; H317 | |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | 0.1 - 1 | Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Carc. 2; H351 | |

*This product contains one or more materials that may be hazardous when present as an airborne dust. During normal handling of the product, the material is encapsulated within the product and will not present an exposure risk. Once the product has reached its final state and is abraded or disturbed, dusting and exposure may occur.

Unlisted ingredients are not 'hazardous' per the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and/or are not found on the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System ingredient disclosure list. See Section 8 for exposure limit guidelines.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. Restore breathing, if necessary. Call a physician if symptoms persist.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Induced vomiting may lead to aspiration of the material into the lungs potentially causing chemical pneumonitis that may be fatal.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

| EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: | Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. |
|---|---|
| SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: | Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self- contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. |
| HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: | Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide Sulfur containing gases |



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Print Date: 05-06-2015

CHILDERS CP-30 LO 801811PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Chlorine containing gases

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| SPECIAL PROTECTION: | Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this MSDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Evaporation of volatile substances can lead to the displacement of air creating an environment that can cause asphyxiation. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| METHODS FOR CLEAN-UP: | |
| Transport Emergency Phone Nur | nber (CHEMTREC) · 1-800-424-9300 |

Transport Emergency Phone Number (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Handling: | Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled precautions until container is cleaned. Drums of this material should be grounded when pouring. DO NOT CUT OR WELD ON OR NEAR THIS CONTAINER. |
|-----------|--|
| Storage: | Store in a cool, dry, ventilated location. Keep away from heat and flame. Keep container closed. |

Consult the Technical Data Sheet for specific storage instructions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| EXPOSURE LIMITS: | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|---|--|
| Chemical Name | Note | ACGIH EXPOSURE LIMITS | OSHA PEL |
| Stoddard solvent | Note P | 100 ppm TWA | 500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA |
| Calcium sulfate | * (see below) | 10 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction) | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) |
| Talc | * (see below) | 2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction) | Not established |
| Titanium dioxide | * (see below) | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust) |
| Trimethyl benzene | | 25 ppm TWA | Not established |
| Calcium carbonate | * (see below) | No data available. | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) |



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| Cumene | 50 ppm TWA | 50 ppm TWA; 245 mg/m3 TWA |
|--------------|--|---|
| | | Skin absorption may potentially contribute to |
| | | the overall exposure to this material. |
| Naphthalene | 10 ppm TWA | 10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA |
| | Skin absorption may potentially contribute | |
| | to the overall exposure to this material. | |
| Ethylbenzene | 20 ppm TWA | 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA |
| | | _ |

*This product contains one or more materials that may be hazardous when present as an airborne dust. During normal handling of the product, the material is encapsulated within the product and will not present an exposure risk. Once the product has reached its final state and is abraded or disturbed, dusting and exposure may occur.

ENGINEERING CONTROL METHODS:

| VENTILATION: | Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to minimize exposures. |
|-------------------------|---|
| EYE PROTECTION: | Wear safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne material. Have an eye wash station available. |
| SKIN PROTECTION: | Avoid skin contact by wearing chemically resistant gloves and long sleeved shirt. An apron may be appropriate if splashing can occur. Skin absorption may potentially contribute to the overall exposure to this material. Appropriate measures should be taken to prevent absorption so that the TLV is not invalidated. |
| GLOVES: | Nitrile |
| RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: | Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms. NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge. Respirators should be selected by and used following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134). |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| PHYSICAL STATE: | Liquid |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| COLOR: | White |
| ODOR: | Solvent Mild |
| ODOR THRESHOLD: | Not established |
| pH: | Not established |
| FREEZING/MELTING POINT (deg. C): | Not established |
| BOILING POINT (deg. C): | Not established |
| FLASH POINT: | 42C; 108F TCC |
| EVAPORATION RATE: | Not established |
| FLAMMABILITY: | Not a flammable solid or gas |
| UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% in air): | Not established |
| LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (% in air): | Not established |
| VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): | Not established |
| VAPOR DENSITY: | Not established |
| WEIGHT PER GALLON (lbs.): | 9.60 |
| SPECIFIC GRAVITY: | 1.150 |
| SOLUBILITY: | Not established |
| | |



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OCTANOL/WATER COEFFICIENT: AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: VISCOSITY: SOLIDS (% by weight): VOC, weight percent VOC, U.S. EPA Method 24, less water and exempt solvents (theoretically determined)

Not established Not established Not established No data available. 57.0 40.89 469g/liter of material

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| STABILITY: | Stable under normal conditions. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| CHEMICAL INCOMPATIBILITY: | Strong oxidizing agents |
| HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: | Will not occur. |
| HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: | Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide Sulfur containing |
| | gases Chlorine containing gases |

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| COMPONENT NAME | LD50/LC50 | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Aluminum hydroxide | ORAL LD50 RAT > 5,000 MG/KG | |
| Calcium sulfate | ORAL LD50 RAT > 3,000 MG/KG | |
| Titanium dioxide | ORAL LD50 RAT > 10,000 MG/KG | |
| Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- | ORAL LD50 RAT 3,400 MG/KG | |
| - | INHALATION LC50-4H RAT 18.00 G/M3 | |
| | DERMAL LD50 RABBIT > 3,160.00 MG/KG | |
| Calcium carbonate | ORAL LD50 RAT 6,450 MG/KG | |

Component Toxicity / Toxicology Data:

This product is a mixture. Unless noted, the information below is based on components.

Skin corrosion / irritation: Can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. Not likely to cause permanent damage.

Serious eye damage / irritation :Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening.

Respiratory / skin sensitization: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available.

Carcinogenicity: Contains a material that is suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure: No data available.

Respiratory irritation / Narcotic effects: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure: No data available.

Target organs potentially affected by exposure: Kidneys Central nervous system Lungs Blood Skin Liver

Aspiration hazard: No data available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Kidney disease, Lung disease, Blood disorders (like anemia), Skin disease including eczema and sensitization, Liver disease



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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| OVERVIEW: | No ecological information available for this product. |
|-------------------------|---|
| MOBILITY: | No data available. |
| PERSISTENCE: | No data available. |
| BIOACCUMULATION: | No data available. |

This product has not been tested for ecological effects. Relevant information for components is listed below:

| Component: | Ecotoxicity values: | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Calcium sulfate | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 2980 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr | | |
| | LC50 Pimephales promelas: >1970 mg/L [static] | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): Not established | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): Not established | | |
| Chlorinated paraffin | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: >300 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr | | |
| _ | LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: >0.0109 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus | | |
| | mykiss: 94.5 - 271 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: >0.1 mg/L [flow- | | |
| | through]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >100 mg/L [static] | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): Not established | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): Not established | | |
| Talc | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: >100 g/L [semi-static] | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): Not established | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): Not established | | |
| Trimethyl benzene | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.72 mg/L [flow-through] | | |
| - | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): Not established | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): Not established | | |
| Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4- | Acute Toxicity (Fish): 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.19 - 8.28 mg/L [flow- | | |
| - | through] | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Daphnia): 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L | | |
| | Acute Toxicity (Algae): Not established | | |

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This product meets the definition of hazardous waste under the U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261. It is ignitable waste class D001. Disposal via incineration is recommended. Consult your state, local, or provincial authorities for more restrictive requirements.

LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS: Naphthalene ethylbenzene

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Consult Bill of Lading for transportation information.

| US DOT: | UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, III |
|---------|----------------------------------|
| IATA: | UN1139, COATING SOLUTION, 3, III |
| IMDG: | COATING SOLUTION |

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

INVENTORY STATUS

| U.S. EPA TSCA: | This product is in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act's | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| | Inventory requirements. | |
| CANADIAN CEPA DSL: | The components of this product are included on the DSL or are exempt | |
| | from DSL requirements. | |
| EUROPEAN REACH: | As a result of the introduction of REACH into Europe, this product | |
| | cannot be imported into Europe unless the REACH requirements are | |
| | met. | |
| AUSTRALIA AICS: | This product is in compliance with the Australian Inventory of | |
| | | |



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

| | Chemical Substances requirements. | |
|--|---|--|
| KOREAN TCCL: | This product is in compliance with the Korean Existing Chemicals List | |
| | requirements. | |
| CHINA IECSC INVENTORY: | This product is in compliance with the Inventory of Existing Chemical | |
| | Substances in China (IECSC) requirements. | |
| If you need more information about the inventory status of this meduat call 651 226 5959 | | |

If you need more information about the inventory status of this product call 651-236-5858.

This product may contain chemical substances that are regulated for export by various government agencies (such as the Environmental Protection Agency, the Bureau of Industry and Security, or the Drug Enforcement Administration, among others). Before exporting this product from the USA or Canada, we recommend you contact us at reg.request@hbfuller.com to request an export review.

FEDERAL REPORTING

EPA SARA Title III Section 313

Unless listed below, this product does not contain toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and 40 CFR part 372. EPA has advised that when a percentage range is listed the midpoint may be used to fulfill reporting obligations.

| Chemical Name | CAS# | % |
|------------------------|-----------|---------|
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1 - 5 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Antimony compounds | 1309-64-4 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | 0.1 - 1 |
| ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 1 |

STATE REPORTING

Proposition 65, The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986:

Unless listed below, this product does not contain known levels of any chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

| Chemical Name/List | | CAS | Percent |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Titanium dioxide | (Carcinogen) | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Cumene | (Carcinogen) | 98-82-8 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Antimony(III) oxide | (Carcinogen) | 1309-64-4 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Naphthalene | (Carcinogen) | 91-20-3 | 0.1 - 1 |
| ethylbenzene | (Carcinogen) | 100-41-4 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Quartz | (Carcinogen) | 14808-60-7 | 0.01 - 0.1 |
| Benzene | (Carcinogen) | 71-43-2 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Lead | (Carcinogen) | 7439-92-1 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Arsenic compounds (inorganic) | (Carcinogen) | 7440-38-2 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Cadmium | (Carcinogen) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |
| Benzene | (Developmental toxin) | 71-43-2 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Lead | (Developmental toxin) | 7439-92-1 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Cadmium | (Developmental toxin) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |
| Toluene | (Developmental toxin) | 108-88-3 | < 10 ppm |
| Lead | (Female reproductive toxin) | 7439-92-1 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Benzene, methyl- | (Female reproductive toxin) | 108-88-3 | < 10 ppm |
| Benzene | (Male reproductive toxin) | 71-43-2 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Lead | (Male reproductive toxin) | 7439-92-1 | 0.001 - 0.01 |
| Cadmium | (Male reproductive toxin) | 7440-43-9 | < 10 ppm |

Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) Content:

Unless listed below, this product does not contain SVHC's.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

SDS VERSION DATE: 03-20-2015



CHILDERS CP-30 LO 801811PM

SAFETY DATA SHEET

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared to comply with the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

HMIS RATING: HEALTH -- 2 FLAMMABILITY -- 2 REACTIVITY -- 0 See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for personal protective equipment recommendations.

Prepared by: The Global Regulatory Department Phone: 651-236-5842

The information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate. Because some of the information is derived from information provided to H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. from its suppliers, and because H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. has no control over the conditions of handling and use, H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. The information is supplied solely for your information and consideration, and H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. assumes no responsibility for use or reliance thereon. It is the responsibility of the user of H.B.Fuller Construction Products, Inc. products to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

| 35 | Safety Data Sheet | 24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers Medical/Poison Control: In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222 Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center Transportation/National Response Center: 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500 NOTE: The National ResponseCenter emergency numbers to be used only in the event of chemical |
|----|-------------------|--|
| | | emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals. |

IMPORTANT: Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this SDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this MSDS are further described in Section 16.

1. Identification

This Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request. Los Datos de Serguridad pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere.

| Product Name: | Kwik Seal Tub & Tile Adhesive Caulk - All Colors | Revision Date: | 6/19/2015 |
|---------------------|---|------------------|-------------|
| Product UPC Number: | 18001 18013 18002 | Supercedes Date: | New SDS |
| Product Use/Class: | Caulking Compound | SDS No: | 00010009001 |
| Manufacturer: | DAP Products Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (non - emergency matters) | | |
| Preparer: | Regulatory Department | | |

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects.

GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Symbol(s) of Product

None

Signal Word

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Wt. % GHS Symbols | GHS Statements |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 50-75 GHS03 | H270 |
| Diethylene glycol dibenzoate | 120-55-8 | 2.5-10 GHS03-GHS07 | H270-312 |

| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 0.1-1.0 No Information | No |
|------------------|------------|------------------------|-----|
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | 0.1-1.0 GHS03-GHS07 | H27 |

No Information H270-302

The text for GHS Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in the "Other information" Section.

4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: No health hazards are known to exist. In case of contact, wash skin immediately with soap and water.

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

5. Fire-fighting Measures

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: 465 <undefined>

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

6. Accidental Release Measures

ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES: No Information

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container and unused contents in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Scrape up dried material and place into containers. Use personal protective equipment as necessary. In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| <u>Chemical Name</u> | ACGIH TLV-TWA | ACGIH-TLV STEL | <u>OSHA PEL-TWA</u> | OSHA PEL-CEILING | | |
| Limestone | N.E. | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 TWA total dust, 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction | N.E. 3 | | |
| Diethylene glycol dibenzoate | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | | |
| Titanium dioxide | 10 mg/m3 TWA | N.E. | 15 mg/m3 TWA total dust | N.E. | | |
| Quartz | 0.025 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction | N.E. | N.E. | N.E. | | |

Further Advice: MEL = Maximum Exposure Limit OES = Occupational Exposure Standard SUP = Supplier's Recommendation Sk = Skin Sensitizer N.E. = Not Established

Personal Protection



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift.



SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber gloves.



EYE PROTECTION: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.



OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Not required under normal use.



HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

| Physical State: Odor Threshold: pH: Viscosity (mPa.s): Partition Coeff _ p-octanol/water: | Paste Not Established Between 7.0 and 12.0 Not Established |
|---|--|
| pH: Viscosity (mPa.s): | Between 7.0 and 12.0 Not Established |
| Viscosity (mPa.s): | Not Established |
| , | |
| Partition Coeff n-octanol/water | |
| | Not Established |
| Explosive Limits, %: | N.I N.I. |
| Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C | Not Established |
| Vapor Pressure, mmHg: | No Information |
| e Flash Method: | Seta Closed Cup |
| Flammability: | No Information |
| n | |
| | Auto-Ignition Temperature, °C Vapor Pressure, mmHg: Flash Method: Flammability: |

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend) (If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Excessive heat and freezing.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

11. Toxicological Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause mild irritation of respiratory system (nose, mouth, mucous membranes).

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation.

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health

effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury.

CARCINOGENICITY: No Information

EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause irritation of eyes and skin. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin Contact

Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

| <u>CAS-No.</u> 1317-65-3 | <u>Chemical Name</u> Limestone | <u>Oral LD50</u> 6450 mg/kg Rat | <mark>Dermal LD50</mark> ≥2000 mg/kg | <u>Vapor LC50</u> >20 mg/L |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 120-55-8 | Diethylene glycol dibenzoate | 2830 mg/kg Rat | 2000 mg/kg Rabbit | > 200 mg/L Rat |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium dioxide | >10000 mg/kg Rat | >5000 mg/kg Rabbit | >20 mg/L |
| 14808-60-7 | Quartz | 500 mg/kg Rat | >2000 mg/kg | >20 mg/L |
| | | | | |

N.I. = No Information

12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

13. Disposal Information

DISPOSAL INFORMATION: This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

14. Transport Information

SPECIAL TRANSPORT PRECAUTIONS: No Information

| DOT UN/NA Number: | N.A. |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| DOT Proper Shipping Name: | Not Regulated. |
| DOT Technical Name: | N.A. |
| DOT Hazard Class: | N.A. |
| Hazard SubClass: | N.A. |
| Packing Group: | N.A. |

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations:

CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

No Sara 313 components exist in this product.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt. This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(b) components exist in this product.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 CARCINOGENS AND REPORODUCTIVE TOXINS

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: No Information

International Regulations: As follows -

CANADIAN WHMIS:

This SDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

WHMIS Class Consumer Commodity

| 16. Other Information | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|---------------|---------------------------|-------------|----|---------------------|---------|---|
| Revision Date: | | 6 | 6/19/2015 | | Su | persedes Date: | New MSD | S |
| Reason for revision: | | н | HazCom2012/GHS Conversion | | | | | |
| Datasheet produced by: | | | Regulatory Departi | ment | | | | |
| HMIS Rati | ngs: | | | | | | | |
| Health: | 1 | Flammability: | 0 | Reactivity: | 0 | Personal Protection | on: | Х |
| | L | | | | | | | |

VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L34.5

VOC Material, g/L:22

VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%:0.6

Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:

H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser.

- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since thisdocument is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.



440 Gasket Safety Data Sheet (SDS, GHS Format)

Date Prepared:

Product Name:

01/01/2015

440 Gasket

Emergency Telephone Number:

ChemTel Inc. (800)255-3924, +1 (813)248-0585

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standards 29 CRP 1910.1200. Standards must be consulted for specific requirements.

Section 1 - Identification

Manufacturer's Name & Address: Ductmate Industries Inc. 210 Fifth Street Charleroi, PA 15022

Chemical Family: Butyl Rubber Composite

Product Use: Extruded Rubber Sealer

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

| Hazardous Components: None | ACGIH TLV: No data |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| | |

HMIS Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

The primary components utilized in the manufacturing of this product are inert inorganic minerals, water, surfactants and polyisobutylene. These materials are believed to be non-hazardous and are listed under TOSCA regulations.

| Effects of Acute Exposure to Product: | None known. |
|---|-------------------|
| Effects of chronic Exposure to Product: | None known. |
| Exposure Limits: | None established. |
| Irritability of Product: | None known. |
| Sensitization to Product: | None known. |
| Carcinogenicity: | No evidence. |
| Teratogenicity: | None known |
| Reproductive Toxicity: | None known |
| Mutagenicity: | None known |
| Synergistic Products: | None known |

Section 3 – Composition/Physical Properties

None of the components of this product are hazardous as defined by OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910. 1200). If more information is required by a nurse or physician in the event of a medical emergency, contact us at the number listed in Section 1.

| CAS Number: | n/a |
|--------------------|-----|
| Chemical Name: | n/a |
| Percent by Weight: | n/a |

n/a = Not applicable

Section 4 – First Aid Measures Specific Measures:

| Eye Contact: | Do not remove, seek medical attention immediately. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Skin contact: | If too sensitive, seek medical attention. |
| Inhalation: | Not applicable |
| Ingestion: | Not likely, but if ingested, could constipate or create a blockage. Seek medical attention. |
| HMIS Health Rating: 1 | - |

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

 Extinguishing Media:
 Use water, foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical. Nitrogen oxides and carbon

 monoxides may be involved. Incomplete combustion can yield carbon monoxide and

 hydrocarbons.

HMIS Flammability Rating: 0

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Leak or Spill Procedure: As the product is a solid, a spill is not really possible. If the material is dumped or falls into an undesirable location and is no longer usable, dispose of the material as described in Section 13 of this document.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

Handling Procedures & Equipment:

Wash hands with soap and water before eating.

Storage Requirements:

Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid excessive heat and keep away from oxidizers.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls and Personal Protection



Personal Protective Equipment:

HMIS "B" RATING

| Gloves (specify): | Cotton or other protective gloves. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Respirator (specify): | None needed. |
| Eye (specify): | Glasses or goggles recommended. Good industrial |
| | practice should be observed. |
| Footwear (specify): | Industrial shoes to protect skin from adhesive contact. |
| Clothing (specify): | Long sleeves, long trousers to protect skin from contact. |
| Other (specify): | None known |
| | |

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

| Physical State: | Extruded mastic | Odor & Appearance: | Soft, sticky ma | astic |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Vapor Pressure: | n/a | Vapor Density: | n/a | |
| pH: | n/a | Evaporation Rate: | n/a | |
| Specific Gravity: | 1.45 g/cc | Coeff. Water/Oil Dist .: | n/a | n/a = Not applicable |
| VOC (Grams/Liter): | n/a | Boiling Point (C): | n/a | |
| Solubility in Water: | Insoluble | Odor Threshold (ppm): | n/a | |
| Freezing Point (C): | n/a | Volatiles by Wt. (%): | n/a | |
| Flash Point (C): | 218 degrees COC | | | |

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable, no chemical decomposition.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: None are known.
Hazardous decomposition products: None are known.
GHS Reactivity Rating: 5
HMIS Reactivity Rating: 0

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

| Route of Entry: Skin Contact (x) Skin Absor | ption () Eye Contact (x) Inhalation () Ingestion () |
|---|---|
| Effects of Acute Exposure to Product: | None known. |
| Effects of chronic Exposure to Product: | None known. |
| Exposure Limits: | None established. |
| Irritability of Product: | None known. |
| Sensitization to Product: | None known. |
| Carcinogenicity: | No evidence. |
| Teratogenicity: | None known |
| Reproductive Toxicity: | None known |
| Mutagenicity: | None known |
| Synergistic Products: | None known |

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: There is no evidence that this product is harmful to the environment.
Bio-accumulative potential: There is no evidence to suggest bioaccumulation will occur.
Mobility: Accidental dropping may lead to mixing with soil, but there is no evidence that this would cause adverse ecological effects.

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

To the best of our knowledge the product is not considered a hazardous waste based on U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14 – Transport Information

DOT Shipping Regulation:Not RegulatedIATA Shipping Regulation:Not Regulated –material not dangerous (non-hazardous)

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

| OSHA | This product or its components are non-hazardous | | |
|-----------------------|--|--------------|--|
| SARA (311 or 312) | CAS Number: Chemical Name: | n/a n/a | n/a = Not applicable |
| | Percent by Weight: | n/a | |
| | Proposition 65: | | does not contain any chemicals known to the state of cause cancer or birth defects |
| EU Directives | | Meets the R | oHS requirements |
| Canada: CEPA & DSL | | Not regulate | d |

Section 16 – Other Information

| Prepared By: | Ductmate Industries Inc. |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Phone Number: | (800) 245-3188 |
| Date: | 01/01/2015 |



Version: 2.0 Revision Date: 05/19/2016

| ³⁷ SA | FETY DA | TA SHEET |
|--|----------------------|---|
| 1. Identification | | |
| Material name: EUCO DUST-DO Material: 835 99 | WN - BULK | |
| Recommended use and restricti Recommended use: Coatings Restrictions on use: Not kno | S | |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/ EUCLID CHEMICAL COMPANY 19218 REDWOOD ROAD CLEVELAND OH 44110 US | Distributor Informat | ion |
| Contact person: Telephone: Emergency telephone number: | | EH&S Department 216-531-9222 1-800-424-9300 (US); 1-613-996-6666 (Canada) |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Hazard Classification | Not classified | |
| Label Elements | | |
| Hazard Symbol: | No symbol | |
| Signal Word: | No signal word. | |
| Hazard Statement: | not applicable | |
| Precautionary Statement: | not applicable | |
| Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification: | None. | |
| 3. Composition/information on | ingredients | |
| Mixtures | | |
| Composition Comments: | The components are | e not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits. |
| 4. First-aid measures | | |
| Ingestion: | Rinse mouth thoroug | ghly. |
| Inhalation: | Move to fresh air. | |



| Skin Contact: | Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water after work. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Eye contact: | Rinse immediately with plenty of water. |
| Most important sympton | ns/effects, acute and delayed |
| Symptoms: | May cause skin and eye irritation. |
| Indication of immediate m | nedical attention and special treatment needed |
| Treatment: | Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measur | es |
| | |

General Fire Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media: | Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. |
|--|---|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media: | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical: | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment an | d precautions for firefighters |
| Special fire fighting procedures: | No data available. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| | |
| 6. Accidental release measures | S |
| 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: | s No data available. |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and | - |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Methods and material for containment and cleaning | No data available. Dam and absorb spillages with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for |



| 7. Handling and storage | |
|---|--|
| Precautions for safe handling: | Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: | Store away from incompatible materials. Store in original tightly closed container. |
| 8. Exposure controls/persona | I protection |
| Control Parameters Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| | None of the components have assigned exposure limits. |
| Appropriate Engineering Controls | Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of vapors and mist. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. |
| Individual protection measures, | such as personal protective equipment |
| General information: | Use personal protective equipment as required. |
| Eye/face protection: | Wear goggles/face shield. |
| Skin Protection Hand Protection: | Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. |
| Other: | No data available. |
| Respiratory Protection: | In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor. |
| Hygiene measures: | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

AppearancePhysical state:liquidForm:liquidColor:BrownOdor:MildOdor threshold:No data available.pH:5Melting point/freezing point:No data available.



| Initial boiling point and boiling range: | 100 °C 212 °F |
|---|--|
| Flash Point: | No data available. |
| Evaporation rate: | Slower than Ether |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No |
| Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosi | ive limits |
| Flammability limit - upper (%): | No data available. |
| Flammability limit - lower (%): | No data available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%): | No data available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%): | No data available. |
| Vapor pressure: | No data available. |
| | |
| Vapor density: | Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. |
| Vapor density: Relative density: | |
| | in the bottom of containers. |
| Relative density: | in the bottom of containers. |
| Relative density: Solubility(ies) | in the bottom of containers. 1.2 |
| Relative density: Solubility(ies) Solubility in water: | in the bottom of containers. 1.2 Soluble |
| Relative density: Solubility(ies) Solubility in water: Solubility (other): | in the bottom of containers. 1.2 Soluble No data available. |
| Relative density: Solubility(ies) Solubility in water: Solubility (other): Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | in the bottom of containers. 1.2 Soluble No data available. No data available. |
| Relative density: Solubility(ies) Solubility in water: Solubility (other): Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Auto-ignition temperature: | in the bottom of containers. 1.2 Soluble No data available. No data available. No data available. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity: | No data available. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical Stability: | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions: | No data available. |
| Conditions to avoid: | Avoid heat or contamination. |
| Incompatible Materials: | Strong acids. Strong bases. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Ingestion: May be ingested by accident Ingestio

| Ingestion: | May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. |
|---------------|---|
| Inhalation: | In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes. |
| Skin Contact: | Moderately irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. |
| Eye contact: | Eye contact is possible and should be avoided. |



Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

| Oral Product: | No data available. |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| Dermal Product: | No data available. |
| Inhalation Product: | No data available. |
| | |

Repeated dose toxicity
Product:No data available.

- Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product: No data available.
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Product: No data available.
- Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Product: No data available.
- Carcinogenicity Product: No data available.
- IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: No carcinogenic components identified
- US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: No carcinogenic components identified
- US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): No carcinogenic components identified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

- In vitro Product: No data available.
- In vivo Product:

No data available.

| Reproductive | toxicity |
|--------------|----------|
|--------------|----------|



| Product: | No data available. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Specific Target Organ To Product: | xicity - Single Exposure No data available. |
| Specific Target Organ To: Product: | xicity - Repeated Exposure No data available. |
| Aspiration Hazard Product: | No data available. |
| Other effects: | No data available. |

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

| Acute hazards to the aquatic environment: | | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| Fish Product: | No data available. | |
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: | No data available. | |
| Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment: | | |
| Fish Product: | No data available. | |
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: | No data available. | |
| Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product: | No data available. | |
| Persistence and Degradability | | |
| Biodegradation Product: | No data available. | |
| BOD/COD Ratio Product: | No data available. | |
| | | |

Bioaccumulative Potential



| Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Product: | No data available. | |
| Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) Product: No data available. | | |
| Floduct. | NU Uata available. | |
| | | |
| Mobility in Soil: | No data available. | |
| Other Adverse Effects: | No data available. | |
| 13. Disposal considerations | | |
| Disposal instructions: | Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. | |
| Contaminated Packaging: | No data available. | |
| 14. Transport information | | |
| TDG: | | |
| Not Regulated | | |
| | | |
| CFR / DOT: | | |
| Not Regulated | | |
| | | |
| IMDG: | | |
| Not Regulated | | |
| | | |

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

| Chemical Identity | Reportable quantity |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Sodium hydroxide | 1000 lbs. |



Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Not listed.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

| Chemical Identity | Reportable quantity |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Sodium hydroxide | 1000 lbs. |
| [1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-ol, | |
| sodium salt (1:1) | |

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

No ingredient regulated by NJ Right-to-Know Law present.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-ol, sodium salt (1:1)

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

No ingredient regulated by PA Right-to-Know Law present.

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

Other Regulations:

| Regulatory VOC (less water | 0 g/l |
|----------------------------|--------|
| and exempt solvent): | |
| VOC Method 310: | 0.00 % |

Inventory Status: Australia AICS:

One or more components in this product are



| | not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
|--|--|
| Canada DSL Inventory List: | All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan (ENCS) List: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Canada NDSL Inventory: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Philippines PICCS: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| US TSCA Inventory: | All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan ISHL Listing: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Revision Date: | 05/19/2016 |
|----------------------|--|
| Version #: | 2.0 |
| Further Information: | No data available. |
| Disclaimer: | For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. |





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· Trade name:

1 Identification
• Product identifier

- FS-ONE MAX Hilti Firestop Filler Mastic CFS-FIL
- Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- Application of the substance / the mixture Construction chemicals
- Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
 Manufacturer/Supplier:
 Hilti, Inc.
 5400 South 122nd East Ave.
 US-Tulsa, OK 74146
 Phone: (800) 879-8000
 Fax: (800) 879-7000
 Español: (800) 879-5000
- **Information department:** chemicals.hse@hilti.com
- see section 16 • **Emergency telephone number:** Chem-Trec Tel.: 1 800 424 9300
- Schweizerisches Toxikologisches Informationszentrum 24 h Service Tel.: 0041 / 44 251 51 51 (international)

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture The product is not classified according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements Void
- · Hazard pictograms Void
- · Signal word Void
- · Hazard statements Void
- Classification system • NFPA ratings (scale 0-4)
- $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{0} \textbf{0} \textbf{0} \\ \textbf{0} \textbf{0} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{Health} = 0 \\ \text{Fire} = 0 \\ \text{Reactivity} = 0 \end{array}$

· Other hazards

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description:
- · Dangerous components: Void
- Additional information For the wording of the listed risk phrases refer to section 16.

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information No special measures required.
- After inhalation Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.
- · After skin contact Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- · After eye contact Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing Seek immediate medical advice.
- \cdot Information for doctor
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. • Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

(Contd. on page 2)

⁻ US



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Carbondioxide (CO2)

• Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment: Ensure adequate ventilation

6 Accidental release measures

- · Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Ensure adequate ventilation
- Wear protective clothing.
- Particular danger of slipping on leaked/spilled product.
- Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- Pick up mechanically.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

- Reference to other sections
- See Section 7 for information on safe handling
- See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
- See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· Handling

- · Precautions for safe handling No special measures required.
- · Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: keep containers securely closed and dry, store at 5 25 °C / 41 77 °F
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: None.

Storage class 10

· Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· Control parameters

- Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
- The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.
- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures
- The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.
- Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
- · Breathing equipment: Not necessary if room is well-ventilated.
- · Protection of hands:



Protective gloves.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

- EN 374
- Material of gloves
- Synthetic gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

- Penetration time of glove material
- The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.
- · For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Nitrile rubber, NBR
- · Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles.

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(Contd. of page 1)



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· Body protection:



Protective work clothing.

| Information on basic physical and c | hemical properties |
|--|---|
| General Information | |
| Appearance: | |
| Form: | Pasty Red |
| Color: Odor: | Characteristic |
| Odour threshold: | Not determined. |
| pH-value: | Not determined. |
| Change in condition | |
| Melting point/Melting range: | Not determined. |
| Boiling point/Boiling range: | 100 °C (212 °F) |
| Flash point: | Not applicable |
| Flammability (solid, gaseous) | Not applicable. |
| Ignition temperature: | |
| Decomposition temperature: | Not determined. |
| Auto igniting: | Product is not selfigniting. |
| Danger of explosion: | Product does not present an explosion hazard. |
| Explosion limits: | |
| Lower: | Not determined. |
| Upper: | Not determined. |
| Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F): | 23 hPa (17 mm Hg) |
| Density: | Not determined |
| Relative density | Not determined. |
| Vapour density | Not determined. |
| | Not applicable. |
| Evaporation rate | Not determined. |
| Solubility in / Miscibility with Water: | Not miscible or difficult to mix |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wate | er): Not determined. |
| Viscosity: | |
| dynamic: | Not determined. |
| kinematic: | Not determined. |
| Solvent content: | |
| Organic solvents: | 1.0 % |
| Water: | 18.5 % |
| Other information | VOC Content: 9 g/l (EPA Method 24) |

10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity

 \cdot Chemical stability

· Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known

· Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.

- Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · Primary irritant effect:
- on the skin: No irritant effect.
- \cdot on the eye: No irritating effect.
- Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

(Contd. on page 4)

(Contd. of page 2)

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(Contd. of page 3)

· Additional toxicological information:

When used and handled according to specifications, the product does not have any harmful effects according to our experience and the information provided to us.

 \cdot IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

None of the ingredients is listed

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

- \cdot Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

· Waste treatment methods

- · Recommendation Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- · European waste catalogue:
- 08 00 00
- 08 04 00

08 04 10

· Uncleaned packagings:

· Recommendation: Dispose of packaging according to regulations on the disposal of packagings.

| UN-Number | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA | Void | |
| UN proper shipping name DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA | Void | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | | |
| DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Class | Void | |
| Packing group DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA | Void | |
| Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: | No | |
| Special precautions for user | Not applicable. | |
| Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MA | RPOL73/78 and | |
| the IBC Code | Not applicable. | |

15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
 Sara
 Section 355 (Extremely hazardous substances):
 None of the ingredients is listed.
 Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):
 None of the ingredients are listed.
 TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):
 All ingredients are listed.
 (Contd. on page 5)



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(Contd. of page 4)

| Proposition | 65. | |
|-------------|-----|--|

| · Proposition 65: |
|--|
| Chemicals known to cause cancer: |
| None of the ingredients are listed. |
| · Cancerogenity categories |
| · EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) |
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
| · TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH) |
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
| · MAK (German Maximum Workplace Concentration) |
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
| · NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) |
| None of the ingredients is listed. |
| · Chemical safety assessment: not required. |
| |

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

• **Department issuing SDS:** Hilti Corporation Business Unit Chemicals Quality/Safety/Environment FL-9494 Schaan / Liechtenstein

chemicals.hse@hilti.com Tel.: +423 234 3004 FAX.: +423 234 3462

Date of preparation / last revision 03/06/2015 / Abbreviations and acronyms:

 ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
 MDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 DOT: US Department of Transportation
 IATA: International Air Transport Association
 ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
 NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)
 * Data compared to the previous version altered.



Section 1: Product and Company Identification

| Product Name: | Regular Soldering Flux Paste |
|--------------------|---|
| Product Use: | Soldering flux for copper, brass, galvanized iron, lead, zinc, tin, silver, nickel, mild steel, terne plate and malleable iron. |
| Manufacturer: | LA-CO Industries, Inc. 1201 Pratt Boulevard Elk Grove Village, IL. 60007-5746 |
| Phone Number: | (847) 956-7600 Fax: (847) 956-9885 |
| 24-hour Emergency: | CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 |

Section 2: Hazards Identification

| Protective Clothing | NFPA Rating (USA) | | EU Classification | WHMIS (Canada) | Transportation |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| | | 0 | Not classified as dangerous | Not controlled | Not Regulated |
| Emergency Overview: | use. | | ce, Color and Odor: White | • | |
| | | | material is not considered l 29 CFR 1910.1200). | hazardous by the OSHA haza | rd Communication |
| | | Canada: TI | his is not a controlled produ | ct under WHMIS. | |
| | | | Union (EU): This product is C and its amendments. | not classified as dangerous a | according to Directive |
| Potential Health Effects | | ACUTE (sł | hort term): see Section 8 f | or exposure controls | |
| Relevant Route(s) of Exposure: Skin contact, Inhalation. | | | | | |
| | Inhalation: | concentrati breathing. | ons may cause nasal and r | th normal use. Over exposur espiratory irritation, sore throa lso cause dizziness, headach sphyxiation. | at, coughing and difficulty |
| | Ingestion: | quantities r | may cause abdominal and c | exposure. Low oral toxicity. chest pain, nausea, vomiting, ring swallowing or from vomit | diarrhea or dizziness. |
| | Skin: | This produe | ct has been tested and four | nd to be non-irritating to skin. | |
| | Eye: | | ct has been tested and four irritation as a foreign object | nd to be non-irritating to eyes. in the eye. | Solids may cause |
| | | CHRONIC | (long term): see Section | 11 for additional toxicologic | al data |
| | | | | normal use. Prolonged or rep damage to the respiratory trac | |
| Medical Conditions Agg Exposure: | ravated by | Not availab | ble | | |
| Interactions With Other | Chemicals: | Not availab | ble | | |
| Potential Environmental | Effects: | Not availab | ble | | |



Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients:

| Chemical Name | CAS No. | <u>Wt.%</u> | EINECS / ELINCS | <u>Symbol</u> | <u>Risk Phrases</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Ammonium Chloride | 12125-02-9 | 7 – 13 | 235-186-4 | Xn, Xi | R22, R36 |
| 2-hydroxyethylammonium chloride | 2002-24-6 | 7 - 10 | 217-900-6 | Not classified | Not classified |
| Stearic Acid | 57-11-4 | 1 – 5 | 200-313-4 | None | None |

<u>Note</u>: See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases above.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

| Inhalation: | If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice. |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

- **Eye Contact:** If material becomes lodged in the eye, do not allow victim to rub eye(s). Let the eye(s) water naturally for a few minutes. Have victim look right and left, and then up and down. If particle/dust does not dislodge, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until particle/dust is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention. DO NOT attempt to manually remove anything stuck to eye(s).
- **Skin Contact:** Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess paste. Wash gently and thoroughly with lukewarm, gently flowing water and non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes. If irritation develops, obtain medical advice.
- **Ingestion:** If swallowed in large amounts or if irritation or discomfort occurs, obtain medical advice immediately.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

| Flammable Properties: | Product will burn if involved in a fire but does not ignite readily. |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing Media: | Use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or an appropriate foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing Media: | Not applicable |
| Explosion Data: Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: | Not applicable |
| Sensitivity to Static Discharge: | Not applicable |
| Specific Hazards arising from the Chemical: | During a fire, products of combustion may include Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, ammonia, hydrogen chloride, smoke and irritating and toxic fumes may be formed. |
| Protective Equipment and precautions for firefighters: | Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn. Remove all unprotected personnel. |
| NFPA | |
| Health: Flammability: Instability: | 0 0 0 |

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

| Personal Precautions: | Wear protective gloves. Spilled product may pose a slipping hazard. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Environmental Precautions: | Prevent the product from entering sewers or waterways. |
| Methods for Containment: | Stop the spill if it is safe to do so. Contain spilled flux with earth, sand, or absorbent material which does not react with spilled material. |
| Methods for Clean-up: | Scrape or scoop up the spilled product and collect for re-use or proper disposal. Dispose of any contaminated, unusable product as described in Section 13 of this SDS. |



Section 7: Handling and Storage

```
Handling:Avoid contact with eyes and skin; do not breathe fumes. Do not ingest. Keep out of reach of<br/>children. Use this material with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed when not in use.<br/>Wash thoroughly with detergent and water after handling, before eating, drinking, smoking or using<br/>the toilet.Storage:Store in a cool, dry area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).
```

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

| Ingredient | <u>ACGIH TLV</u> | <u>U.S. OSHA PEL</u> | <u>Ontario (Canada)</u> | <u>UK OEL</u> |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | (8-hr. TWA) | (8-hr. TWA) | <u>TWAEV</u> | (8-hr. TWA) |
| Ammonium Chloride | 10 mg/m ³ (fume); | 10 mg/m ³ (fume); | 10 mg/m ³ ; | 10 mg/m ³ (fume); |
| | 20 mg/m ³ STEL | 20 mg/m ³ STEL | 20 mg/m ³ STEV | 20 mg/m ³ STEL |
| Stearic Acid | Not established | Not established | Not established | Not established |

STEV = Short Term Exposure Value STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit

Exposure Controls

| Engineering Controls: | Provide adequate ventilation/local exhaust to keep vapor concentrations below the exposure limits listed above. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Personal Protection: | Workers must comply with the Personal Protective Equipment requirements of the workplace in which this product is handled. For welding operations, refer to the appropriate occupational safety standard. For operations requiring specific protection for mechanical hazards and heat protection refer to the appropriate occupational safety standard. |
| Eye/Face Protection: | Wear eye/face protection (e.g. goggles/face shield) appropriate for the workplace where this material is handled and the conditions of use. |
| Skin Protection: | Wear appropriate protective gloves and clean, body-covering clothing, when workplace conditions warrant their use. |
| Respiratory Protection: | Not required for normal use. If ventilation and other engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to this material, then wear suitable personal protective equipment including approved respiratory protective equipment (RPE). Where occupational exposure limits are exceeded, workers must wear an approved respirator. In workplaces where respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use and limitations. |
| | A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements, European Standard EN529 or Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Standard Z94.4-2002 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. |
| General Hygiene Measures: | Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep out of reach of children. Wash hands after handling. |



Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

| Physical State: | Paste | Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 25°C): | Not available |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Appearance: | White | Vapor Density (Air = 1): | Not available |
| pH: | 6.5 – 7 | Solubility in Water: | Water soluble Fat insoluble |
| Relative Density (water = 1): | 1.1 | Water / Oil distribution coefficient: | Not available |
| Boiling Point: | Not available | Odor Type: | Low odor |
| Freezing Point: | Not available | Odor Threshold: | Not available |
| Viscosity: | Not available | Evaporation Rate (n-Butyl Acetate = 1): | Not available |
| Oxidizing Properties: | Not available | Auto Ignition Temperature (°C): | Not available |
| Flash Point and Method: | >204°C (400°F) TOC | Flammability Limits (%): | Not available |

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

| Chemical Stability: | Stable at normal room temperature. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Conditions to Avoid: | Not available |
| Incompatible Materials: | Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, bases, amines, carbonates, aldehydes, acid chlorides and anhydrides, aluminum, cellulose nitrate, cyanides, sulfides, and potassium chlorate. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | Not available |
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: | Hazardous polymerization will not occur. |

Section 11: Toxicological Information

| Acute Toxicity Data for the mixture: | Regular Soldering Flux Paste: LD_{50} Oral: > 5 gm/kg (rat) (Tested by Rosner-Hixson Laboratories; August 30, 1962) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Chronic Toxicity Data | |
| Carcinogenicity: | Normal use of this product will not result in exposure to any component that is considered a human carcinogen by IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer), ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, OSHA or NTP (National Toxicology Program). |
| Irritation: | The product is essentially non-irritating to the eyes and skin. Application of the product to areas of intact and abraded rabbit skin produced no signs of skin irritation (Rosner-Hixson Laboratories; Aug 30, 1962). |
| Corrosivity: | Not applicable |
| Sensitization: | Not applicable |
| Neurological Effects: | Not available |
| Genetic Effects: | Not available |
| Reproductive Effects: | Not available |
| Developmental Effects: | Not available |
| Target Organ Effects: | Not available |



Section 12: Ecological Information

| Ecotoxicity: | Not available |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Persistence/Degradability: | Not available |
| Bioaccumulation/Accumulation: | Product is not readily biodegradeable. |
| Mobility: | Not available |

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

| Waste Disposal Method: | Do NOT discard into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7 Handling and Storage. The conditions of use, storage and disposal of this product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, the supplier does not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way |
|------------------------|---|
| USA: | connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of this product. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal laws and regulations. |
| Canada: | Dispose of in accordance with local, provincial and federal laws and regulations. |
| EU: | Waste must be disposed of in accordance with relevant EU Directives and national, regional and local environmental control regulations. |

Section 14: Transport Information:

| U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulation (DOT 49CFR): | Not regulated |
|---|----------------|
| Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG): | Not regulated |
| ADR/RID: | Not regulated |
| IMDG: | Not regulated |
| Marine Pollutants: | Not applicable |
| ICAO/IATA: | Not regulated |

Section 15: Regulatory Information

USA

Canada

TSCA Status: All ingredients in the product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

| | SARA Title III Sec. 302/304: Sec: 311/312: Sec. 313: CERCLA RQ: | None Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable |
|---|---|--|
| | California Prop 65: | This product is not known to contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm. |
| | State Right-to-Know Lists : | Ammonium chloride can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts. |
| 1 | | This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the <i>Controlled Products Regulations</i> and the MSDS contains all the information required by the <i>Controlled Products Regulations</i> . |
| | WHMIS Classification: | Not controlled |
| | DSL: | All component substances are listed on Canada's Domestic Substances List (DSL). |
| | | |



Section 15: Regulatory Information, continued

EU Classification for the Substance/Preparation

Symbol: This product is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.Safety Phrases: S1/2: Keep locked up and out of the reach of children.

Section 16: Other Information

| Full Text of R-phrases appearing in Section 3: | R22: Harmful if swallowed R36: Irritating to eyes |
|--|---|
| Preparation Information: | |
| Revision Date: | May 26, 2011 |
| Manufacturer Disclaimer: | The information contained herein is based on data available to us and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, LA-CO Industries, Inc. makes no representations as to its completeness or accuracy. Information is supplied on condition that persons receiving such information will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will LA-CO Industries, Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon the information contained herein. |
| Prepared by: | LEHDER Environmental Services Limited (519) 336-4101 www.lehder.com |
| Disclaimer: | While LEHDER Environmental Services Limited believes that the data set forth herein is accurate, as of the date hereof, LEHDER makes no warranty with respect thereto and expressly disclaims all liability for reliance thereon. Such data is offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification. |





1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Fleetweld® 5P Product Size: 1/8 in

Other means of identification

SDS number: 20000000614

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: SMAW (Shielded Metal Arc Welding) **Restrictions on use:** Not known. Read this SDS before using this product.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Manufacturer/Supplier:

The Lincoln Electric Company 22801 Saint Clair Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44117 USA Phone: +1 (216) 481-8100

The Lincoln Electric Company of Canada LP 179 Wicksteed Avenue Toronto, Ontario M4G 2B9 CANADA Phone: +1 (416) 421-2600

Safety Data Sheet Questions: SDS@lincolnelectric.com

Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety

24-Hour Emergency Response Telephone Numbers:

| <u>Area</u> | <u>Telephone</u> |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| USA/Canada/Mexico | +1 (888) 609-1762 |
| Americas/Europe | +1 (216) 383-8962 |
| Asia Pacific | +1 (216) 383-8966 |
| Middle East/Africa | +1 (216) 383-8969 |

3E Company Access Code: 333988

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

Hazard Classification

Not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification criteria.



Label Elements

| Hazard Symbol: Signal Word: | No symbol No signal word. |
|--|---|
| Hazard Statement | Not applicable |
| Precautionary Statement | Not applicable |
| Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification: | Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with work piece, use the following equipment: Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control. |
| | Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. Refer to Section 8. |

Substance(s) formed under the conditions of use:

The welding fume produced from this welding electrode may contain the following constituent(s) and/or their complex metallic oxides as well as solid particles or other constituents from the consumables, base metal, or base metal coating not listed below:

| Chemical Identity | CAS-No. |
|-------------------|------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 124-38-9 |
| Carbon monoxide | 630-08-0 |
| Nitrogen dioxide | 10102-44-0 |
| Ozone | 10028-15-6 |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 |

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Reportable Hazardous Ingredients

| Chemical Identity | CAS number | Content in percent (%)* |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Iron | 7439-89-6 | 60 - 100% |
| Cellulose, pulp | 65996-61-4 | 1 - 5% |
| Sodium silicate | 1344-09-8 | 1 - 5% |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5% |
| Manganese | 7439-96-5 | 1 - 5% |
| Magnesium oxide | 1309-48-4 | 0.1 - 1% |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 0.1 - 1% |

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



| Composition Comments: | The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a welding hazard. The product may contain additional non- hazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information. |
|--------------------------|--|
| 4. FIRST AID MEASURES | 8 |
| Ingestion: | Unlikely due to form of product, except for granular materials. Avoid hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with metal fume or powder which can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, eating, smoking, etc. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Contact a poison control center. Unless the poison control center advises otherwise, wash out mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical attention at once. |
| Inhalation: | Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once. |
| Skin Contact: | Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once. |
| Eye contact: | Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed. Obtain medical assistance at once. |
| | Arc rays can injure eyes. If exposed to arc rays, move victim to dark room, remove contact lenses as necessary for treatment, cover eyes with a padded dressing and rest. Obtain medical assistance if symptoms persist. |
| Most important symptoms/ | /effects, acute and delayed |
| Symptoms: | Short-term (acute) overexposure to welding fumes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to welding fumes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects. Refer to Section 11 for more information. |
| Hazards: | Welding hazards are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to welding fume or dust. Refer to Section 11 for more information. |
| | dical attention and special treatment needed |
| Treatment: | Treat symptomatically. |



5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| General Fire Hazards: As shipped, this product is nonflammable. However, welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products. Read and understand American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cuttin and Allied Processes" and National Fire Protection Association NFPA 51E "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Wor before using this product. | З, |
|---|----|
|---|----|

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media: | As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent. |
|---|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media: | None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical: | Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable products. |
| Special protective equipment and | d precautions for firefighters |
| Special fire fighting procedures: | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: | Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8. |
|---|---|
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up | Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8. Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources. Refer to Section 13 for proper disposal. |
| Environmental Precautions: | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. |



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| Precautions for safe handling: | Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | Read and understand the manufacturer's instruction and the precautionary label on the product. Refer to Lincoln Safety Publications at www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. See American National Standard Z49.1, "Safety In Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes" published by the American Welding Society, http://pubs.aws.org and OSHA Publication 2206 (29CFR1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, www.gpo.gov. | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: | Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. | | |



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits: US

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|--|---------|-----------------------|---|
| Iron | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |
| Cellulose, pulp | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |
| Sodium silicate | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values |
| Titanium dioxide | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010) |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust. | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | Ceiling | 5 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | REL | 1 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| | STEL | 3 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.02 mg/m3 | US. ÁCGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| Magnesium oxide - Inhalable fraction. | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010) |
| Magnesium oxide - Total particulate. | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Limestone - Total dust. | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Limestone - Respirable fraction. | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| Limestone - Respirable. | REL | 5 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Limestone - Total | REL | 10 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |

Occupational Exposure Limits: CANADA

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|---|----------|-----------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust. | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide - Respirable fraction. | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Titanium dioxide | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011) |
| | TWAEV | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety |



| | | | Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
|---|---------------|------------|---|
| | 15 MIN ACL | 20 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| Titanium dioxide - Total dust. | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - as Mn | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWAEV | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Dust as Mn | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | STEL | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |

Occupational Exposure Limits: MEXICO

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide - as Ti | CTT | 20 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CPT | 10 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Manganese - as Mn | CPT | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | CPT | 1 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CTT | 3 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Magnesium oxide - Fume as Mg | CPT | 10 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Limestone | CTT | 20 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CPT | 10 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: US

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | TWA | 5,000 ppm | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 |
| | | | 2010) |
| | STEL | 30,000 ppm | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 |

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| | | | | 2010) |
|--|-----------|------------|--------------|---|
| | PEL | 5,000 ppm | 9,000 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | STEL | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | US. NOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| | REL | 5,000 ppm | 9,000 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Carbon monoxide | TWA | 25 ppm | | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (12 2010) |
| | PEL | 50 ppm | 55 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | REL | 35 ppm | 40 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| | Ceil_Time | 200 ppm | 229 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Nitrogen dioxide | TWA | 0.2 ppm | | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (02 2012) |
| | Ceiling | 5 ppm | 9 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | STEL | 1 ppm | 1.8 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Ozone | PEL | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | Ceil_Time | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| | TWA | 0.05 ppm | | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| | TWA | 0.20 ppm | | US. ÁCGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| | TWA | 0.10 ppm | | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| | TWA | 0.08 ppm | | US. ÁCGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | Ceiling | | 5 mg/m3 | US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006) |
| | REL | | 1 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| | STEL | | 3 mg/m3 | US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2005) |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn | TWA | | 0.1 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA | | 0.02 mg/m3 | US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014) |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: CANADA

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Limit Values | | Source |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| Carbon dioxide | STEL | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 5,000 ppm | 9,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 5,000 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | STEL | 15,000 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as |



| | | | | amended) (07 2007) |
|------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|---|
| | TWA | 5,000 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011) |
| | STEL | 30,000 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011) |
| | STEV | 30,000 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | TWAEV | 5,000 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 5,000 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 30,000 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | TWA | 5,000 ppm | 9,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| | STEL | 30,000 ppm | 54,000 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Carbon monoxide | TWA | 25 ppm | 29 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 25 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | STEL | 100 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWA | 25 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba ÓELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2011) |
| | STEV | 100 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010) |
| | TWAEV | 25 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 25 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 190 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | TWA | 35 ppm | 40 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labou - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| | STEL | 200 ppm | 230 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Nitrogen dioxide | STEL | 5 ppm | 9.4 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 3 ppm | 5.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | CEILING | 1 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as |

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| | | | | amended) (07 2007) |
|-------|---------------|----------|-----------|---|
| | TWA | 0.2 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2012) |
| | STEV | 5 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | TWAEV | 3 ppm | | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 3 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 5 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | TWA | 3 ppm | 5.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Ozone | STEL | 0.3 ppm | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 0.05 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWA | 0.1 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWA | 0.08 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWA | 0.2 ppm | | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWAEV | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010) |
| | STEV | 0.3 ppm | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (07 2010) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 0.15 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 0.05 ppm | | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | CEILING | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| | TWA | 0.20 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |
| | TWA | 0.05 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |
| | TWA | 0.08 ppm | | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |

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| | TWA | 0.10 ppm | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |
|---|---------------|------------|---|
| Manganese - as Mn | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009) |
| | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWAEV | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| | 8 HR ACL | 0.2 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| | 15 MIN ACL | 0.6 mg/m3 | Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21) (05 2009) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Dust as Mn | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | STEL | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Manganese - Respirable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.02 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |
| Manganese - Inhalable fraction as Mn | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act) (03 2014) |

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use: MEXICO

| Chemical Identity | Туре | Exposure Li | mit Values | Source |
|------------------------|------|-------------|--------------|---|
| Carbon dioxide | CPT | 5,000 ppm | 9,000 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | СТТ | 15,000 ppm | 27,000 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Carbon monoxide | CTT | 400 ppm | 400 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CPT | 50 ppm | 55 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Nitrogen dioxide | CTT | 5 ppm | 10 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CPT | 3 ppm | 6 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Ozone | P | 0.1 ppm | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Manganese - as Mn | CPT | | 0.2 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| Manganese - Fume as Mn | CPT | | 1 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |
| | CTT | | 3 mg/m3 | Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values (03 2000) |

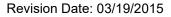
Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use enough ventilation, local exhaust at the arc, or both to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the welder to keep his head out of the fumes. **Keep exposure as low as possible.**



Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| General information: | Exposure Guidelines: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are values published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH Statement of Positions Regarding the TLVs® and BEIs® states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Section 10 for information on potential fume constituents of health interest. Threshold Limit Values are figures published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists. Maximum Fume Exposure Guideline ™ (MFEG) ™ for this product (based on content of Manganese) is 0.4 mg/m3. This exposure guideline is calculated using the most conservative value of the ACGIH TLV or OSHA PEL for the stated substance. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Eye/face protection: | Wear helmet or use face shield with filter lens shade number 12 or darker for open arc processes. No specific lens shade recommendation for submerged arc processes. Shield others by providing screens and flash goggles. |
| Skin Protection Hand Protection: | Wear protective gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier. |
| Other: | Protective Clothing: Wear hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks and electrical shock. See Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Wear dry gloves free of holes or split seams. Train the welder not to permit electrically live parts or electrodes to contact skin or clothing or gloves if they are wet. Insulate yourself from the work piece and ground using dry plywood, rubber mats or other dry insulation. |
| Respiratory Protection: | Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits. |
| Hygiene measures: | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |
| | Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org. |





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| Appearance: | Steel rod with extruded flux coating | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Physical state: | Solid | | |
| Form: | Solid | | |
| Color: | No data available. | | |
| Odor: | No data available. | | |
| Odor threshold: | No data available. | | |
| pH: | Not applicable | | |
| Melting point/freezing point: | No data available. | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range: | No data available. | | |
| Flash Point: | Not applicable | | |
| Evaporation rate: | Not applicable | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No data available. | | |
| Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosive limits | | | |
| Flammability limit - upper (%): | No data available. | | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%): | No data available. | | |
| Explosive limit - upper (%): | No data available. | | |
| Explosive limit - lower (%): | No data available. | | |
| Vapor pressure: | Not applicable | | |
| Vapor density: | Not applicable | | |
| Relative density: | No data available. | | |
| Solubility(ies) | | | |
| Solubility in water: | No data available. | | |
| Solubility (other): | No data available. | | |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | No data available. | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | No data available. | | |
| Decomposition temperature: | No data available. | | |
| Viscosity: | Not applicable | | |
| | | | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity: | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|--|--|
| Chemical Stability: | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: | No data available. |
| Conditions to Avoid: | Avoid heat or contamination. |
| Incompatible Materials: | No data available. |



| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and electrodes used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.) |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| | When the electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal and coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonably expected fume constituents produced during arc welding include the oxides of iron, manganese and other metals present in the welding consumable or base metal. Hexavalent chromium compounds may be in the welding fume of consumables or base metals which contain chromium. Gaseous and particulate fluoride may be in the welding fume of consumables which contain fluoride. Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. |

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion: Health injuries from ingestion are not known or expected under normal use.

| Inhalation: | Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables |
|-------------|--|
| | are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure. Refer to Inhalation statements in Section 11. |

- Skin Contact: Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.
- **Eye contact:** Arc rays can injure eyes.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: Short-term (acute) overexposure to welding fumes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to welding fumes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects.



Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

| Oral Product: Specified substance(s): | Not classified |
|---|--|
| Iron | LD 50 (Rat): 98.6 g/kg |
| Sodium silicate | LD 50 (Rat): 1.1 g/kg |
| Limestone | LD 50 (Rat): 6,450 mg/kg |
| Linestone | LD 50 (Nat). 0,450 mg/kg |
| Damai | |
| Dermal | |
| Product: | Not classified |
| | |
| Inhalation | |
| Product: | Not classified |
| 1100000 | |
| Repeated Dose Toxicity Product: | Not classified |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation | |
| | N - 4 - 1 : 6 1 |
| Product: | Not classified |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritati | on |
| Product: | Not classified |
| Product: | NOL CIASSILIEU |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitizatio | n |
| Product: | Not classified |
| i ioduct. | Not classified |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Product: | Arc rays: Skin cancer has been reported. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| IARC Monographs on the | Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: |
| | Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: |
| IARC Monographs on the Titanium dioxide | Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Titanium dioxide | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified ity - Repeated Exposure |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified ity - Repeated Exposure |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified ity - Repeated Exposure |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Aspiration Hazard | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified ity - Repeated Exposure Not classified |
| Titanium dioxide US. National Toxicology P No carcinogenic component US. OSHA Specifically Reg No carcinogenic component Germ Cell Mutagenicity In vitro Product: In vivo Product: Reproductive Toxicity Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: Specific Target Organ Toxic Product: | Overall evaluation: 2B. Possibly carcinogenic to humans. rogram (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: is identified gulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): is identified Not classified Not classified Not classified ity - Single Exposure Not classified ity - Repeated Exposure |



Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics under the condition of use Inhalation:

Specified substance(s): Manganese

Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible.

Additional toxicological Information under the conditions of use:

Acute toxicity

| Inhalation Specified substance(s): | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | LC Lo (Human, 5 min): 90000 ppm |
| Carbon monoxide | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 1,300 mg/l |
| Nitrogen dioxide | LC 50 (Rat, 4 h): 88 ppm |
| Ozone | LC Lo (Human, 30 min): 50 ppm |

Other effects: Organic polymers may be used in the manufacture of various welding consumables. Overexposure to their decomposition byproducts may result in a condition known as polymer fume fever. Polymer fume fever usually occurs within 4 to 8 hours of exposure with the presentation of flu like symptoms, including mild pulmonary irritation with or without an increase in body temperature. Signs of exposure can include an increase in white blood cell count. Resolution of symptoms typically occurs quickly, usually not lasting longer than 48 hours.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

| Fish Product: Specified substance(s): Sodium silicate | Not classified. LC 50 (Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis), 96 h): 1,800 mg/l |
|--|---|
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: Specified substance(s): Sodium silicate Manganese | Not classified. EC50 (Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), 48 h): 22.94 - 49.01 mg/l EC50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 40 mg/l |

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

| Fish Product: | Not classified. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: | Not classified. |



| Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product: | Not classified. |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | |
| Biodegradation Product: | No data available. |
| Bioaccumulative Potential Bioconcentration Factor (Be Product: | CF) No data available. |
| Mobility in Soil: | No data available. |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| General information: | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. When practical, recycle in an environmentally acceptable, regulatory compliant manner. Dispose of non-recyclable products in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and Local requirements. |
|------------------------|---|
| Disposal Instructions: | Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| DOT UN Number: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es) Class: Label(s): Packing Group: Marine Pollutant: Special precautions for user: | NOT DG REGULATED NR – – Not regulated. – |
|--|---|
| IMDG UN Number: UN Proper Shipping Name: Transport Hazard Class(es) Class: Label(s): EmS No.: Packing Group: | NOT DG REGULATED NR - |
| Marine Pollutant: Special precautions for user: | Not regulated. – |



| ΙΑΤΑ | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| UN Number: | |
| Proper Shipping Name: | NOT DG REGULATED |
| Transport Hazard Class(es): | |
| Class: | NR |
| Label(s): | - |
| Packing Group: | _ |
| Environmental Hazards | Not regulated. |
| Special precautions for user: | - |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft: | Allowed. |
| Cargo aircraft only: | Allowed. |
| | |
| TDG | |
| UN Number: | |
| UN Proper Shipping Name: | NOT DG REGULATED |
| Transport Hazard Class(es) | |
| Class: | NR |
| Label(s): | - |
| Packing Group: | _ |
| Marine Pollutant: | Not regulated. |
| Special precautions for user: | - |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

| Canadian Controlled Products | This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the |
|------------------------------|--|
| Regulations: | Canadian Controlled Products Regulations, Section 33, and the MSDS |
| | contains all required information. |

US Federal Regulations

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Manganese

Reportable quantity: Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for further details.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

| X Acute (Immediate) X C | Chronic (Delayed) |
|--|---|
| SARA 302 Extremely Haz None present or no | ardous Substance one present in regulated quantities. |
| SARA 304 Emergency Re | lease Notification |
| Chemical Identity | RQ |
| Manganese | Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation for further details. |



| SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical Identity | Chemical Threshold Planning Quantity |
|---|---|
| Iron | 10000 lbs |
| Cellulose, pulp | 10000 lbs |
| Sodium silicate | 10000 lbs |
| Titanium dioxide | 10000 lbs |
| Manganese | 10000 lbs |
| Magnesium oxide | 10000 lbs |
| Limestone | 10000 lbs |

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

| Chemical Identity | Reporting threshold for other users | Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Manganese | 10000 lbs | 25000 lbs. |

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

Titanium dioxide Carcinogenic.

WARNING: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 et seq.)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

| Titanium dioxide | Listed |
|------------------|--------|
| Manganese | Listed |

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

| Titanium dioxide | Listed |
|------------------|--------|
| Manganese | Listed |

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

| Titanium dioxide | Listed |
|------------------|--------|
| Manganese | Listed |

US. Rhode Island RTK

| Manganese | Listed |
|-----------|--------|
|-----------|--------|



| Inventory Status: Australia AICS: | On or in compliance with the inventory |
|--|---|
| Canada DSL Inventory List: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: | On or in compliance with the inventory |
| Japan (ENCS) List: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): | On or in compliance with the inventory |
| Canada NDSL Inventory: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| US TSCA Inventory: | On or in compliance with the inventory |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: | On or in compliance with the inventory |
| Japan ISHL Listing: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |
| Philippines PICCS: | One or more components are not listed or are exempt from listing. |

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Definitions:

The Maximum Fume Exposure Guideline[™] (MFEG)[™] is a guideline limit for total welding fume exposure for a specific consumable product which may be used by employers to manage worker exposure to welding fume where that product is used. The MFEG[™] is an estimate of the level of total welding fume exposure for a given product above which the exposure limit for one of the fume constituents may be exceeded. The exposure limits referenced are the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV®) and the U.S. OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) whichever limit is lower. The MFEG[™] never exceeds 5 mg/m³ which is the maximum recommended exposure limit for total welding fume. The MFEG[™] is intended to serve as a general guideline to assist in the management of workplace exposure to welding fume and does not replace the regular measurement and analysis of worker exposure to individual welding fume constituents.

The Maximum Dust Exposure Guideline[™] (MDEG)[™] is provided to assist with the management of workplace exposures where granular solid welding products or other materials are being utilized. It is derived from relevant compositional data and estimates the lowest level of total airborne dust exposure, for a given product, at which some specific constituent might potentially exceed its individual exposure limit. The specific exposure limits referenced are the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV®) and the U. S. OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL), which ever value is the lowest. The MDEG[™] is never greater than 10 mg/m³ as this is the airborne exposure guideline for total particulate (total dust). The MDEG[™] is intended to serve as a general guideline to assist in the management of workplace exposure and does not replace the regular measurement and analysis of worker exposure to individual airborne dust constituents.

SDS_North America - 20000000614



| Revision Date: | 03/19/2015 | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| | Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in the left-hand margin throughout this document. | |
| Further Information: | Additional information is available by request. | |
| Disclaimer: | The Lincoln Electric Company urges each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. See also www.lincolnelectric.com/safety. If necessary, consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product. This information is believed to be accurate as of the revision date shown above. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Because the conditions or methods of use are beyond Lincoln Electric's control, we assume no liability resulting from the use of this product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, Provincial, and local laws and regulations remain the responsibility of the user. | |

Safety Data Sheet



Revision Number: 006.1



1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

IDH number:

Product name:

Product type: Anaer Restriction of Use: None Company address: Henkel Corporation One Henkel Way Rocky Hill, Connecticut 06067

LOCTITE 567 THREAD SEALANT known as LOCTITE® 567™ PST® PIPE SEALAN Anaerobic Sealant None identified

Item number:56747Region:United StatesContact information:Telephone: (860) 571-5100MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887Internet: www.henkelna.com

135491

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WARNING:

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW CAUSES SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

| HAZARD CLASS | HAZARD CATEGORY |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| SKIN IRRITATION | 2 |
| EYE IRRITATION | 2B |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION | 1 |



Precautionary Statements

| Prevention: | Avoid breathing dust or fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves. |
|-------------|--|
| Response: | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing. |
| Storage: | Not prescribed |
| Disposal: | Dispose of contents and/or container according to Federal, State/Provincial and local governmental regulations. |

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Hazardous Component(s) CAS Number Percentage*

IDH number: 135491

| Polyglycol dimethacrylate | Proprietary | 10 - 30 |
|--|-------------|---------|
| Polyglycol laurate | Proprietary | 10 - 30 |
| Ethene, tetrafluoro-, homopolymer | 9002-84-0 | 5 - 10 |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 1 - 5 |
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystal-free | 112945-52-5 | 1 - 5 |
| Saccharin | 81-07-2 | 1 - 5 |
| Epoxy resin | Proprietary | 1 - 5 |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | 80-15-9 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 | 0.1 - 1 |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | 0.1 - 1 |

* Exact percentage is a trade secret. Concentration range is provided to assist users in providing appropriate protections.

| 4. FIRST AID MEASURES | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Inhalation: | Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. | |
| Skin contact: | Immediately flush skin with plenty of water (using soap, if available). Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash clothing before reuse. Get medic attention. | |
| Eye contact: | Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. | |
| Ingestion: | DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention. | |
| Symptoms: | See Section 11. | |
| 5. | FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES | |
| Extinguishing media: | Water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. | |
| Special firefighting procedures: | Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear. In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray. | |
| Unusual fire or explosion hazards: | Uncontrolled polymerization may occur at high temperatures resulting in explosions or rupture of storage containers. | |
| Hazardous combustion products: | Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Toxic fluorine compounds. Irritating organic vapours. | |
| 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES | | |

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8, isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

| Environmental precautions: | Do not allow product to enter sewer or waterways. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Clean-up methods: | Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment during clean- up. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Scrape up as much material as possible. Store in a partly filled, closed container until disposal. Refer to Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" prior to clean up. |

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Refer to Section 8.

Storage:

For safe storage, store at or below 38 °C (100.4 °F) Keep in a cool, well ventilated area away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed until ready for use.

For information on product shelf life contact Henkel Customer Service at (800) 243-4874.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Employers should complete an assessment of all workplaces to determine the need for, and selection of, proper exposure controls and protective equipment for each task performed.

| Hazardous Component(s) | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | AIHA WEEL | OTHER |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Polyglycol dimethacrylate | None | None | None | None |
| Polyglycol laurate | None | None | None | None |
| Ethene, tetrafluoro-, homopolymer | None | None | None | 10 mg/m3 TWA Total dust. 5 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction. |
| Titanium dioxide | 10 mg/m3 TWA | 15 mg/m3 PEL Total dust. | None | None |
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystal-free | 10 mg/m3 TWA Inhalable dust. 3 mg/m3 TWA Respirable fraction. | 20 MPPCF TWA 0.8 mg/m3 TWA | None | None |
| Saccharin | None | None | None | None |
| Epoxy resin | None | None | None | None |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | None | None | 1 ppm (6 mg/m3) TWA (SKIN) | None |
| Ethylene glycol | 100 mg/m3 Ceiling Aerosol. | None | None | None |
| Cumene | 50 ppm TWA | 50 ppm (245 mg/m3) PEL (SKIN) | None | None |

| Engineering controls: | Provide adequate local exhaust ventilation to maintain worker exposure below exposure limits. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection: | Use a NIOSH approved supplied air respirator with an organic cartridge if the potential to exceed established exposure limits exists. If this material is handled at elevated temperatures or under mist forming conditions, without engineering controls, a NIOSH approved respirator must be used. |
| Eye/face protection: | Safety goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Full face protection should be used if the potential for splashing or spraying of product exists. Safety showers and eye wash stations should be available. |
| Skin protection: | Neoprene, Butyl-rubber, or nitrile-rubber gloves. Use chemical resistant, impermeable clothing including gloves and either an apron or body suit to prevent skin contact. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Color: Odor: Odor threshold: pH: Paste White Mild Not available. Not applicable

Product name: LOCTITE 567 THREAD SEALANT known as LOCTITE® 567[™] PST® PIPE SEALAN Page 3 of 7

| Vapor pressure: Boiling point/range: Melting point/ range: Specific gravity: Vapor density: Flash point: Flammable/Explosive limits - lower: | < 5 mm hg (27 °C (80.6 °F)) > 300 °F (> 148.9 °C) None Not available. 1.14 Not available. > 93.3 °C (> 199.94 °F) Not available. |
|--|--|
| Flammable/Explosive limits - upper: | Not available. |
| Autoignition temperature: | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate: | Not available. |
| Solubility in water: | Slight |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | Not available. |
| VOC content: | 0.13 %; 1.38 g/l Method 40 CFR Part 63 Appendix A to Subpart PPPP |
| Viscosity: | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature: | Not available. |
| | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Stability: | Stable under normal conditions of storage and use. | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Hazardous reactions: | None under normal processing. Polymerization may occur at elevated temperature or in the presence of incompatible materials. | |
| Hazardous decomposition products: | Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of sulfur. Toxic fluorine compounds. Phenolics. Irritating organic vapours. | |
| Incompatible materials: | Free radical initiators. Amines. Aldehydes. Alkalis. copper Aluminum. Rust. Bases. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides. Iron. Reducing agents. Zinc. | |
| Reactivity: | Not available. | |
| Conditions to avoid: | Elevated temperatures. Heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials. Exposure to sunlight. | |
| 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | | |
| Relevant routes of exposure: | Skin, Inhalation, Eyes, Ingestion | |

IDH number: 135491

Potential Health Effects/Symptoms

| Inhalation: | Inhalation of vapors or mists of the product may be irritating to the respiratory system. |
|---------------|---|
| Skin contact: | Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. |
| Eye contact: | Causes eye irritation. |
| Ingestion: | May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation if swallowed. |

| Hazardous Component(s) | LD50s and LC50s | Immediate and Delayed Health Effects |
|--|---|---|
| Polyglycol dimethacrylate | None | Allergen, Irritant |
| Polyglycol laurate | None | Allergen, Irritant |
| Ethene, tetrafluoro-, homopolymer | None | No Target Organs |
| Titanium dioxide | None | Irritant, Respiratory, Some evidence of carcinogenicity |
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystal-free | None | Nuisance dust |
| Saccharin | None | No Target Organs |
| Epoxy resin | None | Allergen, Irritant |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | None | Allergen, Central nervous system, Corrosive, Irritant, Mutagen |
| Ethylene glycol | Oral LD50 (RAT) = 5.89 g/kg Dermal LD50 (RABBIT) = 9,530 mg/kg | Blood, Bone Marrow, Central nervous system, Developmental, Eyes, Irritant, Kidney, Liver, Metabolic |
| Cumene | Oral LD50 (RAT) = 2.91 g/kg Oral LD50 (RAT) = 1,400 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (RAT, 4 h) = 8000 ppm | Central nervous system, Irritant, Lung |

| Hazardous Component(s) | NTP Carcinogen | IARC Carcinogen | OSHA Carcinogen (Specifically Regulated) |
|--|--|-----------------|---|
| Polyglycol dimethacrylate | No | No | No |
| Polyglycol laurate | No | No | No |
| Ethene, tetrafluoro-, homopolymer | No | No | No |
| Titanium dioxide | No | Group 2B | No |
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystal-free | No | No | No |
| Saccharin | No | No | No |
| Epoxy resin | No | No | No |
| Cumene hydroperoxide | No | No | No |
| Ethylene glycol | No | No | No |
| Cumene | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. | Group 2B | No |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological information:

Not available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Information provided is for unused product only. Recommended method of disposal: Follow all local, state, federal and provincial regulations for disposal. Hazardous waste number: Not a RCRA hazardous waste. **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** The transport information provided in this section only applies to the material/formulation itself, and is not specific to any package/configuration. U.S. Department of Transportation Ground (49 CFR) Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None International Air Transportation (ICAO/IATA) Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None Water Transportation (IMO/IMDG) Proper shipping name: Not regulated Hazard class or division: None Identification number: None Packing group: None **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION United States Regulatory Information** TSCA 8 (b) Inventory Status: All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

| CERCLA/SARA Section 302 EHS: CERCLA/SARA Section 311/312: CERCLA/SARA Section 313: CERCLA Reportable quantity: | None above reporting de minimis Immediate Health, Delayed Health This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372). Saccharin (CAS# 81-07-2). Cumene hydroperoxide (CAS# 80-15-9) 10 lbs. (4.54 kg) |
|---|--|
| California Proposition 65: | This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer. This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. |
| Canada Regulatory Information | |
| CEPA DSL/NDSL Status: | All components are listed on or are exempt from listing on the Canadian Domestic Substances List. |
| | |

Ethene, tetrafluoro-, homopolymer (CAS# 9002-84-0).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet contains changes from the previous version in sections: New Safety Data Sheet format. 11

Prepared by: Sheila Gines, Regulatory Affairs Specialist

Issue date: 07/08/2015

TSCA 12 (b) Export Notification:

DISCLAIMER: The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. However, Henkel Corporation and its affiliates ("Henkel") does not assume responsibility for any results obtained by persons over whose methods Henkel has no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of Henkel's products or any production methods mentioned herein for a particular purpose, and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use of any Henkel's products. In light of the foregoing, Henkel specifically disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel's products. Henkel further disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| Product identifier | Oatey Silver Lead Free and Safe-Flo® Solder |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Other means of identification | |
| SDS number | 1601E |
| Synonyms | Part Numbers: 22027, 23000, 23001, 23002, 29030, 29024, 29025, 53061, 53180, 53062, 53188, 53064, 53195, 50683, 50684, 50691, 50962, 53013, 53186 |
| Recommended use | Joining Copper Pipes. |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. |

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

| Company Name Address | Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th St. Cleveland, OH 44135 |
|-------------------------|---|
| Telephone | 216-267-7100 |
| E-mail | info@oatey.com |
| Transport Emergency | Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) |
| Emergency First Aid | 1-877-740-5015 |
| Contact person | MSDS Coordinator |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
|-----------------------|--|------------|
| Health hazards | Not classified. | |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 1 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



| Signal word | Warning |
|--|--|
| Hazard statement | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response | Collect spillage. |
| Storage | Store away from incompatible materials. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---------------|------------|--------|
| Tin | 7440-31-5 | 60-100 |
| Bismuth | 7440-69-9 | 1-5 |
| Copper | 7440-50-8 | 1-5 |
| Silver | 7440-22-4 | 1-5 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing modia | Water for Form Dry chemical powder, Dry sand Carbon dioxide (CO2) |

| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
|--|---|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| General fire hazards | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
|---|---|
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Collect spillage. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene |

Conditions for safe storage,
including any incompatibilitiesStore in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10
of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|------------------------|------|------------|----------------|
| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | PEL | 1 mg/m3 | Dust and mist. |
| | | 0.1 mg/m3 | Fume. |
| Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) | PEL | 0.01 mg/m3 | |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | PEL | 2 mg/m3 | |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Dust and fume. |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide | o Chemical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Dust and mist. |
| Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) | TWA | 0.01 mg/m3 | Dust. |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | |
| iological limit values | No biological exposure limits noted f | or the ingredient(s). | |
| ontrols dividual protection measures | should be matched to conditions. If a or other engineering controls to mair exposure limits have not been estables, such as personal protective equipment | tain airborne levels below recor ished, maintain airborne levels | nmended exposure limits. If |
| Eye/face protection | Wear safety glasses with side shield | | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | Wear protective gloves. | | |
| Other | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. | | |
| Respiratory protection | In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. | | |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. | | |
| eneral hygiene onsiderations | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. | | |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Solid wire. |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Solid. |
| Color | Silver. |
| Odor | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | 415 - 455 °F (212.78 - 235 °C) |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
| Flash point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | 9 - 11 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |

| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Chlorine. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
|--|---|
| Skin contact | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Information on toxicological effe | cts |
| Acute toxicity | Not available. |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not available. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. |
| Carcinogenicity | This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. |
| OSHA Specifically Regulated | d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) |
| Not listed. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not classified. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not available. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| 12. Ecological information | |
| Ecotoxicity | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the degradability of this product. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No data available. |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. |

13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | LISTED |
|------------------------|--------|
| Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) | LISTED |

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - No | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| | Delayed Hazard - No | |
| | Fire Hazard - No | |
| | Pressure Hazard - No | |
| | Reactivity Hazard - No | |
| SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance | | |

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|---------------|------------|----------|--|
| Copper | 7440-50-8 | 1-5 | |
| Silver | 7440-22-4 | 1-5 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Silver (CAS 7440-22-4)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 30-July-2014 |
|---------------------------|--|
| Revision date | 10-December-2014 |
| Version # | 02 |
| HMIS [®] ratings | Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 |
| Disclaimer | Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. |



SAFETY DATA SHEET

| 1. Identification | |
|--|---|
| Product identifier | Oatey Plumber's Putty |
| Other means of identification | |
| Product code | 1705E |
| Synonyms | Part Numbers: 31166, 31167, 31170, 31174, 48003, 48004 |
| Recommended use | Plumbing Mastic |
| Recommended restrictions | Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier | /Distributor information |
| Company Name | Oatey Co. |
| Address | 4700 West 160th St. |
| | Cleveland, OH 44135 |
| Telephone | 216-267-7100 |
| E-mail | info@oatey.com |
| Transport Emergency | Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Outside the US 1-703-527-3887) |
| Emergency First Aid | 1-877-740-5015 |
| Contact person | MSDS Coordinator |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | |
| Physical hazards | Not classified. |
| Health hazards | Not classified. |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. |
| Label elements | |
| Hazard symbol | None. |
| Signal word | None. |
| Hazard statement | The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
| Response | Wash hands after handling. |
| Storage | Store away from incompatible materials. |
| Disposal | Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---|------------|-------|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 60-90 |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic | 64742-52-5 | 5-30 |
| Crystalline silica (Quartz) | 14808-60-7 | <1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | 9.85 |
| | | |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation | If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Coughing. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Treat symptomatically. |
| General information | Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
|---|--|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. |
| Specific methods General fire hazards | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
|---|--|
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| | | 2000 mg/m3 500 ppm | |
| Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) | PEL | 5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. Total dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|---|---|--|
| Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.3 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | 0.1 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit | Values | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to | o Chemical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) | Ceiling | 1800 mg/m3 | |
| | STEL | 10 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Mist. |
| Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Respirable. |
| | | 10 mg/m3 | Total |
| ological limit values | No biological exposure limits noted for | the ingredient(s). | |
| posure guidelines | Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. | | |
| propriate engineering htrols | Good general ventilation (typically 10 a should be matched to conditions. If ap or other engineering controls to mainta exposure limits have not been establis | plicable, use process enclosur ain airborne levels below recon | es, local exhaust ventilatior nmended exposure limits. If |
| lividual protection measures, Eye/face protection | such as personal protective equipme Wear safety glasses with side shields | | |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant g | loves. | |
| Other | Wear suitable protective clothing. | | |
| Respiratory protection | Use a particulate filter respirator for pa Exposure Limit. | rticulate concentrations excee | ding the Occupational |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective cl | othing, when necessary. | |
| neral hygiene nsiderations | Always observe good personal hygien and before eating, drinking, and/or sm equipment to remove contaminants. | | |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | |
|------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Physical state | Solid. | |
| Form | Putty. | |
| Color | Off-white. | |
| Odor | Slight. | |
| Odor threshold | Not available. | |
| рН | Not applicable | |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. | |
| | | |

| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not determined |
|--|-------------------------|
| Flash point | > 212.0 °F (> 100.0 °C) |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | 1.87 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | > 500000 cP |
| Other information | |
| VOC (Weight %) | 20 g/l |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Acids. Fluorine. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

11. Toxicological information

| Information on likely routes of exposure | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. | | |
| Skin contact | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. | | |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. | | |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. | | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Coughing. | | |
| Information on toxicological effe | cts | | |
| Acute toxicity | Not available. | | |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. | | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. | | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | | | |
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. | | |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. | | |

| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available to indicate p mutagenic or genotoxic. | roduct or any components present at greater than 0.1% are |
|---|---|--|
| Carcinogenicity | inhaled from occupational sour overall evaluation, IARC noted circumstances studied. Carcino crystalline silica or on external polymorphs." (IARC Monogra | al Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica rces can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial ogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its phs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) Risk of h prolonged exposure. |
| IARC Monographs. Overall E | Evaluation of Carcinogenicity | |
| (CAS 64742-52-5) | drotreated heavy naphthenic | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| NTP Report on Carcinogens | | |
| Crystalline silica (Quartz) OSHA Specifically Regulate | (CAS 14808-60-7) d <mark>Substances (29 CFR 1910.1</mark> 0 | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. 101-1050) |
| Not listed. | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | This product is not expected to | cause reproductive or developmental effects. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not classified. | |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. | |
| Aspiration hazard | Not an aspiration hazard. | |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be h | armful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. |
| Further information | This product has no known adv | verse effect on human health. |
| 12. Ecological information | | |
| Ecotoxicity | | s environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the tt spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. |
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the deg | gradability of this product. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | | |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. | |
| Other adverse effects | | al effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation , global warming potential) are expected from this component. |
| 13. Disposal consideration | IS | |
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose | in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all | applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be ass disposal company. | igned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste |
| | | |

Waste from residues / unused
productsDispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some
product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:
Disposal instructions).Contaminated packagingEmpty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and
the IBC CodeNot applicable.

emptied.

15. Regulatory information

This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard **US** federal regulations Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed. CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4) Not listed. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - No **Delayed Hazard - No** Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated. Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated. Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA) US state regulations **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List** Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) **US. Rhode Island RTK** Not regulated. **US.** California Proposition 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) International Inventories Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)* United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes *A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision 22-April-2015

Issue date

Revision date Version # HMIS® ratings

NFPA ratings

01 Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0



Disclaimer

Oatey Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

44 SDS 0656

| Section 1 PRODUCT AND COM | |
|--|--|
| PRODUCT NAME Nokorode Regular Paste Flux PRODUCT CODES 14000, 14003, 14010, 14020, 14030 CHEMICAL FAMILY | HMIS CODES Health 1 Flammability 1 Reactivity 0 PPI B |
| Organic/Inorganic USE | |
| Soldering Flux MANUFACTURER'S NAME The RectorSeal Corporation 2601 Spenwick Drive Houston, Texas 77055 USA | EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. Chemtrec 24 Hours (800)424-9300 USA (703)527-3887 International |
| DATE OF VALIDATION January 23, 2015 DATE OF PREPARATION May 2, 2012 | TECHNICAL SERVICE TELEPHONE NO. (800)231-3345 or (713)263-8001 |
| Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFI | ICATION |
| EMERGENCY OVERVIEW OSHA Hazards Irritant GHS CLASSIFICATION PHYSICAL HAZARDS: None HEALTH HAZARDS Acute Toxicity: Oral: Not Classified Dermal: Not Classified Inhalation: Not Classified Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not Classifi Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not C Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not C Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not Classified Carcinogenicity: Not Classified Reproductive Toxicology: Not Classified Farget Organ Systemic Toxicity - Single Farget Organ Systemic Toxicity - Repeate Aspiration Toxicity: Not Classified | Classified Classified Exposure: Not Classified |
| ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment: No Acute aquatic toxicity: Not Classified Chronic aquatic toxicity: Not Classified Bioaccumulation potential: Not Classifie Rapid degradability: Not Classified | ot Classified I ed |
| GHS Label elements, including precaution Pictogram: Irritant Signal Word: Warning Hazard Statements: H302 - Harmful if swallowed. | |

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Precautionary Statements: P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. ______ SUMMARY OF ACUTE HAZARDS Irritation to respiratory system from fumes evolved during soldering. Eye contact may cause intense irritation and injury. ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS INHALATION Irritation to respiratory system from fumes evolved during soldering. EYE CONTACT Contact may cause intense irritation and injury. SKIN CONTACT May cause skin irritation. INGESTION Nausea, vomiting, irritation to digestive system. SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS Short term effects to liver and kidneys can occur. Chemical irritation from continued skin contact can occur. Continuous industrial use in small unventilated areas may result in sufficient inhalation of solder and flux fumes to cause lung damage and irritation of respiratory tract. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system, liver, or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposure. Section 3 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS **** INGREDIENT: Zinc Chloride PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 10-25 CAS#: 7646-85-7 EC#: 231-592-0 ______ INGREDIENT: Ammonium Chloride PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 10-25 CAS#: 12125-02-9 EC#: 235-186-4 INGREDIENT: Petrolatum PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 70-90 CAS#: 8009-03-8 EC#: 232-373-2 Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES If INHALED: If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential. If on SKIN: Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove and wash any contaminated clothing. If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If SWALLOWED: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

http://www.rectorseal.com/web-media/Nokorode-Regular-Paste-Flux.html

| Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES |
|--|
| EXTINGUSING MEDIA Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained full face piece breathing apparatus and other protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10). May release ZnO and HCl fumes. UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Heat may build up pressure and rupture closed containers. |
| Section 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES |
| STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wipe up spills to prevent footing hazard. Avoid flushing into sewers, drains, waterways and soil. Wear protective clothing during clean up. |
| Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE |
| PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep container closed and upright when not in use. Store flux at ambient conditions. Wash thoroughly after handling to remove all residue. OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing. Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions. Do not reuse empty containers. |
| Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION |
| INGREDIENT UNITS Zinc Chloride ACGIH TLV 1 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1 mg/m3 Ammonium Chloride ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Petrolatum ACGIH TLV N/D OSHA PEL N/D |
| RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): In confined, poorly ventilated areas, use NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying or supplied air respirators during soldering operations until fumes have dissipated. VENTILATION - LOCAL EXHAUST: Acceptable SPECIAL: N/A MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Acceptable OTHER: N/A PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear rubber gloves. EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent) OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: Coveralls recommended. WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES |
| BOILING POINT: N/A SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20 = 1): 1.06 VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): < 0.01 @ 68 F (20 C) |

EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ACETATE = 1): N/A APPEARANCE/ODOR: Tan / Petroleum Odor Insoluble SOLUBILITY IN WATER: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC) Content (Theoretical Percentage By Weight): 0% or (0 g/L) Flash POINT >400 F (204 C) SETA CC LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT N/D UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT N/D _____**`** Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY ~~~~ STABILITY: Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): None known HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Toxic fumes of zinc, chlorine, and HCL may be evolved during soldering. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur. Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION ~~~ _____ CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen. _____ TOXICOLOGY DATA Ingredient Name _____ Zinc Chloride Oral-Rat LD50:350 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LCLo:1960 mg/m3/10M Ammonium Chloride Oral-Rat LD50:1650 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D Petrolatum Oral-Rat LD50:N/D Inhalation-Rat LC50:N/D Section 12 -- Ecological Information ______ ECOLOGICAL DATA Ingredient Name Zinc Chloride Food Chain Concentration Potential None WATERFOWL TOXICITY N/A BOD None AQUATIC TOXICITY: 7.2 ppm/96 hr/medium bluegill/TLm Ammonium Chloride Food Chain Concentration Potential None WATERFOWL TOXICITY N/A BOD N/A AQUATIC TOXICITY: 6 ppm/96 hr/sunfish TLm Petrolatum Food Chain Concentration Potential N/D WATERFOWL TOXICITY N/D BOD N/D AQUATIC TOXICITY: N/D Section 13 --- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS _____ Waste Classification: Non-regulated solid waste

http://www.rectorseal.com/web-media/Nokorode-Regular-Paste-Flux.html

9/1/2016

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Disposal Method: Approved landfill Waste from this product is not considered hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulation regarding pollution. Section 14 -- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION DOT: Non-Regulated OCEAN (IMDG): AIR (IATA): Non-Regulated Non-Regulated WHMIS (CANADA): Non-Regulated Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION REGULATORY DATA Ingredient Name **----**----** Zinc Chloride SARA 313 Yes TSCA Inventory Yes CERCLA RQ 1000 lb. RCRA Code N/A Ammonium Chloride SARA 313 No TSCA Inventory Yes CERCLA RQ N/A RCRA Code N/A Petrolatum SARA 313 No TSCA Inventory Yes CERCLA RQ N/A RCRA Code N/A ॼॾऄॾड़ड़ॾॾऄॾॾड़ॾॾॾऄॾॾड़ॾॾऄऄॾॾज़ॾॾॾऄॾॾड़ड़ख़ॾॾॾऄऀॾॾड़ड़ख़ॾॾॾऄॳॾॾड़ड़ॿॿॾॾख़ऄॾॾड़ढ़ॿॾॾॿ॒ख़ॳॾॾ Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001

SDS 0094

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION _____ HMIS CODES PRODUCT NAME Health 1 Flammability RectorSeal Tru-Blu 2 Reactivity 0 PRODUCT CODES B PPI 31300, 31431, 31551, 31552, 31631, 31780, 31782, 31785 CHEMICAL FAMILY: Organic USE Pipe Thread Sealant MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. The RectorSeal Corporation Chemtrec 24 Hours 2601 Spenwick Drive (800)424-9300 USA Houston, Texas 77055 USA (703)527-3887 International DATE OF VALIDATION TECHNICAL SERVICE TELEPHONE NO. June 14, 2016 (800)231-3345 or (713)263-8001 DATE OF PREPARATION June 14, 2016 _____ Section 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION EMERGENCY OVERVIEW OSHA Hazards Combustable TARGET ORGANS Not Classified GHS CLASSIFICATION PHYSICAL HAZARDS Combustable liquid (Category 4) HEALTH HAZARDS Acute Toxicity: Oral: Not Classified Dermal: Not Classified Inhalation: Not Classified Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not Classified Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Not Classified Skin Sensitization: Not Classified Respiratory Sensitization: Not Classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not Classified Carcinogenicity: See Section 11 Reproductive Toxicology: Not Classified Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Single Exposure: Not Classified Target Organ Systemic Toxicity - Repeated Exposure: Not Classified Aspiration Toxicity: Not Classified GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements Pictogram: GHS07: Exclamation mark Signal Word: Warning Hazard Statements H303 - May be harmful if swallowed. H313 - May be harmful in contact with skin. H335 + H336 - May cause respiratory irritation, and drowsiness or dizziness. Precautionary Statements

P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking Precautionary Statements - EU No. 1272/2008 _____ SUMMARY OF ACUTE HAZARDS Irritation to eyes, nose and throat; drowsiness, narcosis, tremors and other CNS effects at high concentration. ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS INHALATION Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, narcosis, headache, nausea, CNS depression and unconsciousness. EYE CONTACT Watering, blurred vision, inflammation and irritation which can result in corneal injury. SKIN CONTACT Irritation, dermatitis. INGESTION Nausea, vomiting; CNS depression; irritation of gastrointestinal tract, liver and peritoneal wall; lung congestion. SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS Skin irritation and dermatitis. Possible liver and kidney damage. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system, liver or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures. ______ Section 3 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS INGREDIENT: Diacetone Alcohol PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 20-30 CAS NUMBER: 123-42-2 EC# : 204-626-7 Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES _____ If INHALED: If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential. If on SKIN: Wash with soap and water. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention. If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If SWALLOWED: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES FLASH POINT LELUEL

150 F (65 C) SETA CC N/D N/D EXTINGUSING MEDIA Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and other protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10). UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Combustible - moderate flash point. Vapors heavier than air and may travel along the ground or to low spots at considerable distances to a source of ignition resulting in potential flashback. Burning liquid may float on water. Heat may build up pressure and rupture containers. Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ______ STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Remove all sources of ignition. Use absorbent materials to prevent footing hazard and to contain. Ventilate area with natural or explosion-proof, forced air ventilation. Avoid flushing into sewers, drains, waterways, and soil. Wear protective clothing and respiratory protection during cleanup. Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep container closed and upright when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, or open flames. OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing. Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions. Do not reuse empty containers. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION _____ INGREDIENT UNITS Diacetone Alcohol ACGIH TLV 50 ppm OSHA PEL 50 ppm RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): In confined poorly ventilated areas, use NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying or supplied air purifying or supplied air respirators. VENTILATION - LOCAL EXHAUST: Acceptable SPECIAL: Explosion-proof equipment. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Preferable OTHER: N/A PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear rubber gloves. EYE PROTECTION: Chemical splash goggles (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent) OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: Coveralls recommended. WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES ______ _____ BOILING POINT: 322 F (161 C) @ 760mm Hg SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20 = 1): 1.38 VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): 0.3 @ 68 F (20 C) MELTING POINT: N/A VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): 1.1 EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ACETATE = 1): 0.14 APPEARANCE/ODOR: Blue Paste/Mild Odor SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 23%

http://www.rectorseal.com/web-media/RectorSeal-Tru-Blu.html

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VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC) Content (Theoretical Percentage By Weight): 23% or (317 g/L) Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY STABILITY: Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Heat, sparks, open flames, and strong oxidizing. Temperatures above 500 F (260 C). INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Gaseous oxygen, strong oxidizing materials, molten alkali metals. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: CO, CO2 and fragmented hydrocarbons. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur. Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION _____ CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS No ingredients in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA Lister carcinogen. _____ TOXICOLOGY DATA Ingredient Name _____ Diacetone Alcohol Oral-Rat LD50:4000 mg/kg Inhalation-Human TCLo: 100 ppm Section 12 -- Ecological Information _____ _____ ECOLOGICAL DATA Ingredient Name _____ Diacetone Alcohol Food Chain Concentration Potential N/A WATERFOWL TOXICITY N/A ROD N/A AQUATIC TOXICITY N/A Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS _____ Waste Classification: Non-regulated solid waste Disposal Method: Approved landfill Waste from this product is not considered hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulation regarding pollution. Section 14 -- TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ______ DOT: Non-Regulated OCEAN (IMDG): Non-Regulated AIR (IATA): Non-Regulated WHMIS (CANADA): Non-Regulated Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION _______ REGULATORY DATA Ingredient Name ~~~~ Diacetone Alcohol SARA 313 N/A TSCA Inventory Yes CERCLA RO N/A

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| RCRA | Code | N/A |
|------|------|-----|
| | | |

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001 SDS 0011

| | IDENTIFICATION |
|---|--|
| | HMIS CODES |
| RODUCT NAME | Health 1 |
| RectorSeal No. 5 | Flammability 2 |
| | Reactivity 0 |
| RODUCT CODES | PPI B |
| 25112, 25191, 25271, 25300, 25431, 25551, | 25552, 25631, 25633, 25780, |
| 25790, 25793 | |
| HEMICAL FAMILY | |
| Organic SE | |
| Pipe Thread Sealant | |
| ANUFACTURER'S NAME | EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. |
| The RectorSeal Corporation | Chemtrec 24 Hours |
| 2601 Spenwick Drive | (800)424-9300 USA |
| Houston, Texas 77055 USA | (703)527-3887 International |
| ATE OF VALIDATION | TECHNICAL SERVICE TELEPHONE NO. |
| January 23, 2015 | (800)231-3345 or (713)263-8001 |
| ATE OF PREPARATION | |
| January 9, 2013 | |
| Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIO | ON |
| MERGENCY OVERVIEW | |
| SHA Hazards | |
| ombustable | |
| ARGET ORGANS | |
| ot Classified | |
| HS CLASSIFICATION | |
| | |
| HYSICAL HAZARDS | |
| ombustable liquid (Category 4) | |
| ombustable liquid (Category 4) EALTH HAZARDS | |
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| ombustable liquid (Category 4) EALTH HAZARDS cute Toxicity: ral: Not Classified | |
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Precautionary Statements P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking Precautionary Statements - EU No. 1272/2008 ______ SUMMARY OF ACUTE HAZARDS Irritation to eyes, nose and throat; drowsiness, narcosis, tremors and other CNS effects at high concentration. ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS INHALATION Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, narcosis, headache, nausea, CNS depression and unconsciousness. EYE CONTACT Watering, blurred vision, inflammation and irritation which can result in corneal injury. SKIN CONTACT Irritation, dermatitis. INGESTION Nausea, vomiting; CNS depression; irritation of gastrointestinal tract, liver and peritoneal wall; lung congestion. SUMMARY OF CHRONIC HAZARDS Skin irritation and dermatitis. Possible liver and kidney damage. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE Individuals with pre-existing or chronic diseases of the eyes, skin, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system, liver or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures. _____ Section 3 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS INGREDIENT: Diacetone Alcohol PERCENTAGE BY WEIGHT: 20-30 CAS NUMBER: 123-42-2 EC# : 204-626-7 Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air If INHALED: immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential. If on SKIN: Wash with soap and water. If irritation occurs, seek medical attention. If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention. If SWALLOWED: If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

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EXTINGUSING MEDIA Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog. SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and other protective clothing. Hazardous decomposition products possible (see Section 10). UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Combustible - moderate flash point. Vapors heavier than air and may travel along the ground or to low spots at considerable distances to a source of ignition resulting in potential flashback. Burning liquid may float on water. Heat may build up pressure and rupture containers. Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Remove all sources of ignition. Use absorbent materials to prevent footing hazard and to contain. Ventilate area with natural or explosion-proof, forced air ventilation. Avoid flushing into sewers, drains, waterways, and soil. Wear protective clothing and respiratory protection during cleanup. Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE _____ _____ PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep container closed and upright when not in use. Do not store near heat, sparks, or open flames. OTHER PRECAUTIONS: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or clothing. Empty containers may contain residues; treat as if full and observe all products precautions. Do not reuse empty containers. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. ~~~~ Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION _______ INGREDIENT UNITS Diacetone Alcohol ACGIH TLV 50 ppm OSHA PEL 50 ppm RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): In confined poorly ventilated areas, use NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying or supplied air purifying or supplied air respirators. VENTILATION - LOCAL EXHAUST: Acceptable SPECIAL: Explosion-proof equipment. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Preferable OTHER: N/A PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear rubber gloves. EYE PROTECTION: Chemical splash goggles (ANSI Z-87.1 or equivalent) OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT: Coveralls recommended. WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Where use can result in skin contact, wash exposed areas thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. **---**Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES BOILING POINT: 322 F (161 C) @ 760mm Hg SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20 = 1): 1.38 VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg): 0.3 @ 68 F (20 C) MELTING POINT: N/A VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): 1.1 EVAPORATION RATE (ETHYL ACETATE = 1): 0.14APPEARANCE/ODOR: Yellow Paste/Mild Odor SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 238 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS(VOC)Content

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| Flash POINT LOWER EXPLOSION LI UPPER EXPLOSION LI | MIT | 150 F (65 C) SETA C N/D N/D | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | 10 STABILITY AND | | |
| Temperatures ab INCOMPATIBILITY (M materials, molt HAZARDOUS DECOMPOS | D: Heat, sparks, op ove 500 F (260 C). MATERIALS TO AVOID): en alkali metals. DITION PRODUCTS: CO, ZATION: Will not oc | Gaseous oxygen, str CO2 and fragmented | ong oxidizing |
| Section | 11 TOXICOLOGY IN | | |
| CHRONIC HEALTH HAZ No ingredients | ARDS in this product is a | | Lister carcinogen. |
| TOXICOLOGY DATA Ingredient Name | | | |
| | ol | 50:4000 mg/kg Lo: 100 ppm | |
| Section | 12 Ecological In: | formation | |
| ECOLOGICAL DATA Ingredient Name | | | |
| Diacetone Alcoh | | tion Potential | N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A |
| Section | 13 DISPOSAL CONS | [DERATIONS | |
| Disposal Method: Waste from this pr Resource Conserv | on: Non-regulated so Approved landfil oduct is not consider ation and Recovery Ao Federal, State, and I | ll ced hazardous as def ct (RCRA) 40 CFR 261 | . Dispose of in |
| Section | 14 TRANSPORTATION | INFORMATION | |
| OCEAN (IMDG): AIR (IATA): WHMIS (CANADA): | Non-Regulated Non-Regulated Non-Regulated Non-Regulated Non-Regulated | | |
| Section | 15 REGULATORY INF | ORMATION | |
| REGULATORY DATA Ingredient Name | | | |
| Diacetone Alcoho | 1 SARA 313 N/F | | |

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| TSCA Inventory | Yes |
|-----------------------|----------|
| CERCLA RQ | N/A |
| RCRA Code | N/A |
| Section 16 OTHER INFO | DRMATION |

This document is prepared pursuant to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, expressed or implied is made. Consult RectorSeal for further information: (713) 263-8001 Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification

| Product name | : | Sikasil®-GP (Clear) |
|---|---|--|
| Supplier | : | Sika Corporation |
| Address | : | 201 Polito Avenue Lyndhurst, NJ 07071 USA www.sikausa.com |
| Telephone | : | (201) 933-8800 |
| Telefax | : | (201) 804-1076 |
| Emergency telephone | : | CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300 INTERNATIONAL: 703-527-3887 ehs@sika-corp.com |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | : | For further information, refer to the product technical data sheet. |

2. Hazards identification

| GHS Classification | |
|---|--|
| Skin irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage, Category | H315: Causes skin irritation.H318: Causes serious eye damage. |
| GHS Label element | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal Word | : Danger |
| Hazard Statements | : H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. |
| Precautionary Statements | Prevention: P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection. P280 Wear protective gloves. Response: P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. |

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P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous ingredients

| Chemical Name | CAS-No. | Concentration (%) |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Polysiloxanediol | 70131-67-8 | >= 50 - <= 100 % |
| Methyl triacetoxysilane | 4253-34-3 | >= 2 - < 5 % |
| triacetoxyethylsilane | 17689-77-9 | >= 2 - < 5 % |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

| If inhaled | : | Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure. |
|---|---|---|
| In case of skin contact | : | Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. |
| In case of eye contact | : | Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tissue damage and blindness. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. |
| If swallowed | : | Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : | irritant effects |
| | | Excessive lachrymation Erythema Dermatitis See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in |

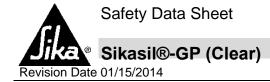


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| | attendance. |
|--|--|
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
| Specific extinguishing methods | Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. |
| 6. Accidental release measures | |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions | Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Advice on safe handling | Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products. |
| Conditions for safe storage | Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with local regulations. |
| Materials to avoid | : no data available |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection



Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

| Engineering measures | : | Use of adequate ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If the use of this product generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits. |
|-----------------------------|-----|---|
| Personal protective equipme | ent | |
| Respiratory protection | : | Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
| | | The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapor/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. |
| Hand protection Remarks | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
| Eye protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
| Skin and body protection | : | Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. |
| Hygiene measures | : | Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | : | paste |
|---------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Color | : | colorless |
| Odor | : | vinegar-like |
| Odor Threshold | : | no data available |
| Flash point | : | 219 °F (104 °C) |
| Ignition temperature | : | not applicable |
| Decomposition temperature | : | no data available |
| | | |



| Lower explosion limit (Vol%) | : | no data available |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Upper explosion limit (Vol%) | : | no data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | no data available |
| Oxidizing properties | : | no data available |
| Autoignition temperature | : | no data available |
| рН | : | Note: not applicable |
| Melting point/range / Freezing point | : | no data available |
| Boiling point/boiling range | : | no data available |
| Vapor pressure | : | no data available |
| Density | : | ca.0.96 g/cm3 at 77 °F (25 °C) |
| Water solubility | : | Note: insoluble |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | no data available |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : | no data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | > 20.5 mm2/s at 104 °F (40 °C) |
| Relative vapor density | : | no data available |
| Evaporation rate | : | no data available |
| Burning rate | : | no data available |
| Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content | : | 29 g/l |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is chemically stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Stable under recommended storage conditions. |
| Conditions to avoid | : no data available |
| Incompatible materials | : no data available |
| | |

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity



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| Product | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | no data available |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | no data available |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | no data available |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | | |
| <u>Product</u> | | |
| Causes skin irritation. | | |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | | |
| Product | | |
| Causes serious eye damage. | | |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | | |
| Product | | |
| no data available | | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | | |
| Product | | |
| Mutagenicity | : | no data available |
| Carcinogenicity | | |
| Product | | |
| Carcinogenicity | : | no data available |

| IARC | not applicable |
|------|----------------|
| NTP | not applicable |

Reproductive Toxicity/Fertility

Product

| Reproductive toxicity : no | data available |
|----------------------------|----------------|
|----------------------------|----------------|

Reproductive Toxicity/Development/Teratogenicity

Product

Teratogenicity

: no data available

STOT-single exposure

Product

Assessment: no data available

STOT-repeated exposure



Product

Assessment: no data available

Aspiration toxicity

Product

no data available

Other information

Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal methods | |
|------------------------|---|
| Waste from residues | : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. |
| Contaminated packaging | : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

14. Transport information

DOT Not dangerous goods IATA Not dangerous goods IMDG Not dangerous goods

Special precautions for user no data available

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code not applicable

15. Regulatory information



TSCA list : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

defects.

SARA304 Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

| SARA 311/312 Hazards | Acute Health Hazard |
|---|---|
| SARA 302 : | SARA 302: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302. |
| SARA 313 : | SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313. |
| Clean Air Act | |
| Ozone-Depletion Potential | This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B). |
| Air Act Section 12 (40 CFR 61) This product does not contain a | any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for |

California Prop 65 This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive

16. Other information

| sification | Health 3 |
|------------|-----------------------|
| | Flammability 1 |
| | Physical Hazard 0 |
| | Personal Protection X |

Caution: HMIS[®] rating is based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS[®] rating is not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS[®] rating is to be used with a fully implemented HMIS[®] program. HMIS[®] is a registered mark of the



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National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). Please note HMIS[®] attempts to convey full health warning information to all employees.

Notes to Reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet applies only to the actual Sika Corporation ("Sika") product identified and described herein. This information is not intended to address, nor does it address the use or application of the identified Sika product in combination with any other material, product or process. All of the information set forth herein is based on technical data regarding the identified product that Sika believes to be reliable as of the date hereof. Prior to each use of any Sika product, the user must always read and follow the warnings and instructions on the product's current Product Data Sheet, product label and Safety Data Sheet for each Sika product, which are available at web site and/or telephone number listed in Section 1 of this SDS.

SIKA MAKES NO WARRANTIES EXPRESS OR IMPLIED AND ASSUMES NO LIABILITY ARISING FROM THIS INFORMATION OR ITS USE. SIKA SHALL NOT BE LIABLE UNDER ANY LEGAL THEORY FOR SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AND SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER TO INFRINGE ON ANY PATENT OR ANY OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS HELD BY OTHERS.

All sales of Sika products are subject to its current terms and conditions of sale available at www.sikausa.com or 201-933-8800.

Revision Date 01/15/2014

Material number: 432063



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

,

| Product identifier | Sterling Lead-Free Solid Wire Solder |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Other means of identification | |
| SDS number | WC003 |
| Recommended use | Solder. |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/I | Distributor information |
| Manufacturer/Supplier | Worthington Cylinder Corporation |
| Address | 200 Old Wilson Bridge Road |
| | Columbus, OH 43085 |
| | United States |
| Emall: | cylinders@worthingtonindustries.com |
| Telephone Number: | 866-928-2657 |
| CHEMTREC - 24 HOURS: | |
| Within US and Canada | 800-424-9300 |
| Outside US and Canada | +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted) |
| 2 Hozard(a) identification | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
|--|--|--|
| Health hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |
| Hazard symbol | None. | |
| Signal word | None. | |
| Hazard statement | None. | |
| Precautionary statement | | |
| Prevention | Observe good industrial hygiene practices. | |
| Response | Wash thoroughly after handling. | |
| Storage | Store away from incompatible materials. | |
| Disposal | Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. | |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | Molten material will produce thermal burns. | |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS number | % |
|---------------|------------|-------|
| Tin | 7440-31-5 | > 90 |
| Copper | 7440-50-8 | 4 - 5 |
| Selenium | 7782-49-2 | < 1 |

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

| 4. First-aid measures | |
|--|---|
| Inhalation | Immediately remove from further exposure. Get immediate medical assistance. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. Give supplemental oxygen, if available. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If skin rash or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention. |
| Eye contact | Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. |
| Ingestion | Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Dust and fumes may irritate eyes, skin and upper respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Treat symptomatically. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General Information | Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. |
| Fire fighting equipment/instructions | Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. |
| General fire hazards | Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air. |
| 6. Accidental release meas | sures |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this SDS. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| | For a dry material spill, use a HEPA (high efficiency particle air) vacuum to collect material and place in a sealable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. Recover and recycle, if practical. Keep out of water supplies and sewers. |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA). |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling | Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not get this material on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. |
| | Any surface that comes in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Inadvertent contaminants to product such as molsture, ice, snow, grease, or oil can cause an explosion when charged to a molten metal bath or metal furnace (preheating metal will remove moisture from product). |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any Incompatibilities | Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. |
| Sterling Lead-Free Solid Wire Solder | SDS LIS |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
|--|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | PEL | 1 mg/m3 | Dust and mist. |
| | | 0.1 mg/m3 | Fume. |
| Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) | PEL | 0.2 mg/m3 | |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | PEL | 2 mg/m3 | |
| ACGIH | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Dust and mist. |
| | | 0.2 mg/m3 | Fume. |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit | Values | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to | o Chemical Hazards | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | Form |
| Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) | TWA | 1 mg/m3 | Dust and mist. |
| Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | |
| Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | |
| logical limit values | No biological exposure limits noted fo | r the ingredient(s). | |
| Exposure guidelines No exposure standards allocated. | | | |
| propriate engineering trols | Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Keep melting/soldering temperatures as low as possible to minimize the generation of fume. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are recommended. | | |
| vidual protection measures, | such as personal protective equipme | ent | |
| Eye/face protection | Wear safety glasses with side shields material. | | eld when working with molte |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | Wear protective gloves (i.e. latex, nitri | le, neoprene). | |
| Other | Chemical resistant clothing is recommended. Heat resistant/insulated gloves and clothing are recommended when working with molten material. | | |
| Respiratory protection | Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the OEL. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. | | |
| Thermal hazards | Heat resistant/insulated gloves and cl | othing are recommended wher | working with molten mater |
| eral hygiene siderations | Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. | | |
| Physical and chemical (| properties | | |
| earance | Silver to silver-gray metallic metal. | | |
| | and a gray motomy motor. | | |

| Appearance | Silver to silver-gray metallic metal |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Wire. |
| Color | Silver to gray. |
| Odor | Odoriess. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | 410 - 418 °F (210 - 214.44 °C) |
| | |

| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
|--|---|
| Flash point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | 7.38 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not soluble |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| 10. Stability and reactivity | |
| Ponotivity | The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and trans |

ReactivityThe product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.Chemical stabilityMaterial is stable under normal conditions.Possibility of hazardous
reactionsHazardous polymerization does not occur.Conditions to avoidContact with incompatible materials. Avoid molten metal contact with water.Incompatible materialsChlorine. Turpentine. Magnesium. Acetylene Gas.Hazardous decomposition
productsToxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation | Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Lung damage and possible pulmonary edema can result from dust exposure. Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever. | |
|--|--|--|
| Skin contact | Dust may irritate skin. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns. | |
| Eye contact | Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye. | |
| Ingestion | Ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting. Copper poisoning can result in hemolytic anemia and kidney, liver and spleen damage. | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Contact with molten material may cause thermal burns. | |
| | | |

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity | High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever. When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. Overexposure of Tin can cause irritation of the eyes, skin, mucous membranes, and respiratory system. Acute overexposure to Copper dust/fume can cause irritation of the eyes, nose, throat, and skin and under severe fume overexposure can cause metal fume fever with flu-like symptoms such as sweet metal taste, dry throat, coughing, fever and chills, tight chest, dyspnea, headache, blurred vision, back pain, nausea, vomiting, fatigue. Symptoms usually disappear within 24 hours. Copper may cause skin and hair discoloration. Inhalation of copper dusts may change the gums and mucous lining of the mouth which is generally attributable to localized tissue effect rather than general toxicity. |
|---|--|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Dust may irritate skin. |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye. |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization | |
| Respiratory sensitization | No sensitizing effects known. |
| Skin sensitization | No sensitizing effects known. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available. |
| Carcinogenicity | Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |
| IARC Monographs. Overall E | valuation of Carcinogenicity |
| Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2 OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed. | 2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) |
| Reproductive toxicity | No data available. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | Not classified. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Not classified. |
| Aspiration hazard | Not relevant, due to the form of the product. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis |
| Chronic enects | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. |
| Further information | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but |
| | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. |
| Further information | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal instructions | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal Instructions Local disposal regulations | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. S Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal Instructions Local disposal regulations Hazardous waste code Waste from residues / unused | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. IS Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Not regulated. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal instructions Local disposal regulations Hazardous waste code Waste from residues / unused products Contaminated packaging | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. S Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Not regulated. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal instructions Local disposal regulations Hazardous waste code Waste from residues / unused products Contaminated packaging 14. Transport information | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. S Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Not regulated. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is |
| Further information 12. Ecological information Ecotoxicity Persistence and degradability Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Other adverse effects 13. Disposal consideration Disposal instructions Local disposal regulations Hazardous waste code Waste from residues / unused products Contaminated packaging | (stannosis). Overexposure to Tin can result in benign pneumoconiosis (stannous). This form of pneumoconiosis produces progressive x-ray changes of the lungs as long as exposure exists, but there is no distinctive fibrosis, no evidence of disability and no special complicating factors. No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product is not biodegradable. No data available. Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment. None expected. S Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Not regulated. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Scrapped material should be sent for refining to recover precious metal content. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Not regulated as dangerous goods. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code 15. Regulatory information Under some use conditions, this material may be considered to be hazardous in accordance with **US federal regulations** OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed. **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) LISTED Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) LISTED Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes Delaved Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed. SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Chemical name CAS number % by wt. Copper 7440-50-8 4 - 5 Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA) **US state regulations** This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) US. Rhode Island RTK Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Selenium (CAS 7782-49-2) **US. California Proposition 65**

Not Listed.

IMDG

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |
| | | |

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date | 28-May-2015 |
|---------------------|--|
| Revision date | - |
| Version # | 01 |
| Further information | HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings | |
| References | ACGIH EPA: AQUIRE database NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices |
| Disclaimer | All information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind is made with regard to the accuracy of information or the suitability of the recommendations contained herein. It is the user's responsibility to assess the safety and toxicity of this product under their own conditions of use and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. |



Version: 1.0 Revision Date: 08/14/2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Material name: 440 TAPE BLACK Material: 71010B1760

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Extrudate Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

Tremco U.S Sealants 3735 Green Road Cleveland OH 44122 US

Contact person: Telephone: Emergency telephone number:

EH&S Department 216-292-5000 1-800-424-9300 (US); 1-613-996-6666 (Canada)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Health Hazards

| Carcinogenicity | Category 1A |
|---|-------------|
| Unknown toxicity - Health | |
| Acute toxicity, oral | 65.19 % |
| Acute toxicity, dermal | 71.31 % |
| Acute toxicity, inhalation, vapor | 100 % |
| Acute toxicity, inhalation, dust or mist | 99.95 % |
| Unknown toxicity - Environment | |
| Acute hazards to the aquatic environment | 95.44 % |
| Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment | 100 % |

Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



Signal Word:

Danger

Hazard Statement:

May cause cancer.

Precautionary Statement:



| Prevention: | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. |
|---|--|
| Response: | If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage: | Store locked up. |
| Disposal: | Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. |
| Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification: | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical Identity | CAS number | Content in percent (%)* |
|---|------------|-------------------------|
| Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) | 1317-65-3 | 40 - 70% |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | 10 - 30% |
| Carbon Black | 1333-86-4 | 5 - 10% |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand | 14808-60-7 | 0.5 - 1.5% |
| Magnesite | 546-93-0 | 0.5 - 1.5% |
| Hydroxyaluminum distearate | 300-92-5 | 0.1 - 1% |

* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

| Ingestion: | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor//if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. | |
|--|---|--|
| Inhalation: | Move to fresh air. | |
| Skin Contact: | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. | |
| Eye contact: | Any material that contacts the eye should be washed out immediately with water. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. | |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | | |
| Symptoms: | May cause skin and eye irritation. | |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | | |
| Treatment: | Symptoms may be delayed. | |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | | |
| General Fire Hazards: | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. | |



Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media: | Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media: | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical: | During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. | | |
| Special protective equipment and | d precautions for firefighters | | |
| Special fire fighting procedures: | No data available. | | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. | | |
| 6. Accidental release measures | 5 | | |
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: | No data available. | | |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: | Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for disposal according to local regulations. | | |
| Notification Procedures: | In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. | | |
| Environmental Precautions: | Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. | | |
| 7. Handling and storage | | | |
| Precautions for safe handling: | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level. Use mechanical ventilation in case of handling which causes formation of dust. | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: | Store locked up. | | |
| 8. Exposure controls/personal | 8. Exposure controls/personal protection | | |

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

| | Chemical Identity | type | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|--|-------------------|------|-----------------------|--------|
|--|-------------------|------|-----------------------|--------|



| Table Z-1 Limits for Air ts (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
|---|
| ts (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
| |
| |
| Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
| ts (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
| , , |
| Threshold Limit Values |
| |
| Table Z-3 (29 CFR |
| (2000) |
| (2000) |
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| Table Z-3 (29 CFR |
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| Table Z-3 (29 CFR |
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| Table Z-3 (29 CFR |
| (2000) |
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| Threshold Limit Values |
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| Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
| ts (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
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| Threshold Limit Values |
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| Table Z-3 (29 CFR |
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| Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
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| Table Z-1 Limits for Air |
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| ts (29 CFR 1910.1000) |
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| Threshold Limit Values |
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| |
| Threshold Limit Values |
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| Chemical name | type | Exposure Limit Values | Source |
|---|------|-----------------------|---|
| Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) - Total dust. | STEL | 20 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |



| Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) - Respirable fraction. | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
|---|-------|----------------|---|
| Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) - Total dust. | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Talc - Respirable. | TWA | 2 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Talc - Respirable particles. | TWAEV | 2 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| Talc | TWAEV | 2 fibers/mL | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| Talc - Respirable dust. | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Carbon Black - Inhalable | TWA | 3 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (09 2011) |
| Carbon Black | TWAEV | 3.5 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| Carbon Black | TWA | 3.5 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand - Respirable fraction. | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007) |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand - Respirable. | TWAEV | 0.10 mg/m3 | Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010) |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand - Respirable dust. | TWA | 0.1 mg/m3 | Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008) |

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust.



Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

| General information: | Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Supplementary local exhaust ventilation, closed systems, or respiratory and eye protection may be needed in special circumstances, such as poorly ventilated spaces, heating, evaporation of liquids from large surfaces, spraying of mists, mechanical generation of dusts, drying of solids, etc. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Eye/face protection: | Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). |
| Skin Protection Hand Protection: | Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. |
| Other: | Wear suitable protective clothing. |
| Respiratory Protection: | In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Seek advice from local supervisor. |
| Hygiene measures: | Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Physical state: | solid |
|---|--------------------|
| Form: | solid |
| Color: | Black |
| Odor: | Slight odor |
| Odor threshold: | No data available. |
| pH: | No data available. |
| Melting point/freezing point: | No data available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range: | No data available. |
| Flash Point: | No data available. |
| Evaporation rate: | No data available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No |
| Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosi- | ve limits |
| Flammability limit - upper (%): | No data available. |
| Flammability limit - lower (%): | No data available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%): | No data available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%): | No data available. |
| Vapor pressure: | No data available. |
| Vapor density: | No data available. |
| Relative density: | 1.61 |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility in water: | Insoluble in water |
| Solubility (other): | No data available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): | No data available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | No data available. |
| Decomposition temperature: | No data available. |



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| Viscosity: | No data available. |
|--|---|
| 10. Stability and reactivity | |
| Reactivity: | No data available. |
| Chemical Stability: | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: | No data available. |
| Conditions to Avoid: | Avoid heat or contamination. |
| Incompatible Materials: | Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (e.g. nitric acid, peroxides and chromates). |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors. |
| 11. Toxicological information | n |

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Ingestion: | May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. |
|---------------|---|
| Inhalation: | In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes. |
| Skin Contact: | May be harmful in contact with skin. |
| Eye contact: | Eye contact is possible and should be avoided. |

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

| Oral Product: | No data available. |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Dermal Product: | ATEmix: 2,720.69 mg/kg |
| Inhalation Product: | No data available. |
| Repeated dose toxicity Product: | No data available. |
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product: | No data available. |

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation



| Product: | No data available. |
|--|--|
| Specified substance(a) | |
| Specified substance(s): Carbon Black | in vivo (Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs): Not irritating |
| Magnesite | In vitro (Reconstituted Corneal Epithelium model, 10 min): Not irritating |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitizatio Product: | n No data available. |
| Carcinogenicity Product: | No data available. |
| IARC Monographs on the Evaluation | ation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans: |
| Talc | Overall evaluation: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Overall evaluation: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Carbon Black | Overall evaluation: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand | Overall evaluation: Carcinogenic to humans. |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand | m (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: Known To Be Human Carcinogen. d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): |
| No carcinogenic com | |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | |
| In vitro Product: | No data available. |
| In vivo Product: | No data available. |
| Reproductive toxicity Product: | No data available. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Product: | Single Exposure No data available. |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Product: | Repeated Exposure No data available. |
| Aspiration Hazard Product: | No data available. |
| | 9/14 |



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Other effects:

No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

| Acute hazards to the aquatic environment: | | |
|--|--|--|
| Fish Product: | No data available. | |
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: | No data available. | |
| Chronic hazards to the aquation | c environment: | |
| Fish Product: | No data available. | |
| Specified substance(s): Carbon Black | NOAEL (Salmo sp., 30 d): 17 mg/l QSAR | |
| Aquatic Invertebrates Product: | No data available. | |
| Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product: | No data available. | |
| Persistence and Degradability | | |
| Biodegradation Product: | No data available. | |
| BOD/COD Ratio Product: | No data available. | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential Bioconcentration Factor (BC Product: | CF) No data available. | |
| Partition Coefficient n-octan Product: | ol / water (log Kow) No data available. | |
| | | |

No data available.

Mobility in Soil:



| Other Adverse Effects: | No data available. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 13. Disposal considerations | | | | | |
| Disposal instructions: | Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. | | | | |
| Contaminated Packaging: | No data available. | | | | |
| 14. Transport information | | | | | |

TDG:

Not Regulated

CFR / DOT:

Not Regulated

IMDG:

Not Regulated

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

None present or none present in regulated quantities.



SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

| Chemical Identity | Threshold Planning Quantity |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Calcium Carbonate | 500 lbs |
| (Limestone) | |
| Talc | 500 lbs |
| Carbon Black | 500 lbs |
| Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ | 500 lbs |
| Silica Sand | |
| Magnesite | 500 lbs |
| Hydroxyaluminum | 500 lbs |
| distearate | |

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

<u>Chemical Identity</u> Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Talc

Carbon Black

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

<u>Chemical Identity</u> Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Talc Carbon Black Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

<u>Chemical Identity</u> Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Talc Carbon Black

US. Rhode Island RTK

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

Other Regulations:

| Regulatory VOC (less water | 0 g/l |
|----------------------------|--------|
| and exempt solvent): | |
| VOC Method 310: | 0.00 % |

Inventory Status:



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| Australia AICS: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
|--|--|
| Canada DSL Inventory List: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| EINECS, ELINCS or NLP: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan (ENCS) List: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI): | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Canada NDSL Inventory: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Philippines PICCS: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| US TSCA Inventory: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan ISHL Listing: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |
| Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing: | One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory. |

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Revision Date: | 08/14/2015 |
|----------------------|---|
| Version #: | 1.0 |
| Further Information: | No data available. |
| Disclaimer: | For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. |



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